

HITACHI the best name in the world...
VIDEO & CAMERA
SOLE AGENT: H.A. ALESSA & SONS CO.
HEAD OFFICE:
RIYADH: HTLINE 4027684
JEDDAH BRANCH: 8534575
DAMMAM: 8425649

Arab news
SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

ROLACO CEMENT
JEDDAH 6518028
RIYADH 4917239
DAMMAM 8323868
Tel: 222
Telex: 401029 SJ
P.O. Box: 740

Poor face slashing of World Bank aid

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 (AP) — Leaders of the World Bank decided on Tuesday to decrease loans to poor countries and to tighten up credit terms as a result of cuts in the U.S. contribution, bank officials said.

One source, who asked not to be identified, said members of the 21-man board of directors attending the closed meeting generally blamed the United States for the bank's current problems. He added that the chief U.S. representative, Tom Dawson, confined himself to one speech and then left. The meeting continued into the early evening.

Dawson is deputy assistant secretary of the Treasury for international affairs.

Bank officials quoted A.W. Clausen, the bank's new president, as saying he would fight to limit the cuts to this year and to get the lending back on the former track, Clausen, an American, is the former head of the Bank of America, this country's biggest private lender.

For the year ending June 30, the World Bank's new loans for 50 years at virtually no interest will be cut to \$2.6 billion from a projected \$4.1 billion. About 60 of the poorest countries get such loans from the bank affiliate called the International Development Association (IDA).

At the bottom of the problem, bank officials said, was the refusal of the U.S. Congress to appropriate more than \$700 million for IDA this year, although former President Jimmy Carter had promised \$1.08 billion. As a consequence, some 30 other donor countries reduced their contributions at the same rate.

New loans from the bank proper, as distinguished from IDA, will be increased by \$800 million from a planned \$10 billion. But interest on such loans amounts to some 13 percent a year — less than what commercial banks charge, but still a heavy burden on poor countries. About 50 of them got such loans last year.

Money for the interest-bearing loans does not come from national contributions but from funds the bank borrows on regular commercial markets.

About 12 countries get loans of both kinds, interest-bearing and interest-free. Now, such countries will have to take more interest-bearing loans and fewer interest-free loans. One country affected will be India, the bank's biggest client.

When countries reach a level of prosperity under which the average citizen earns \$2,650 a year, a "graduation" process starts. Eventually, such countries get no new loans from the bank at all and must seek credit from commercial markets.

Plane hijacked

BOGOTA, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — A plane carrying 128 passengers on a domestic airline flight was hijacked Wednesday, the Colombian civil aviation authorities reported. The plane, belonging to the Colombian Aeronautical Company, was flying from the western town of Pereira to Bogota when the hijack took place, the authorities said.

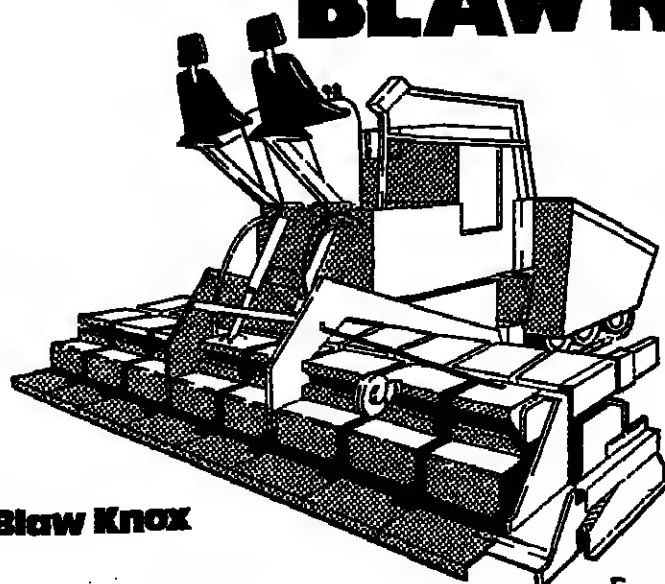
Iranian book flays U.S.

BEIRUT, Lebanon Jan. 27 (AP) — The regime of Ayatollah Khomeini has published a book entitled *Death To America* in an attempt to "show the continuing resistance against world tyranny," the state-run Tehran Radio reported Tuesday.

The broadcast said the book is focused on speeches made by the 82-year-old revolutionary patriarch against "world devouring America and the regime which occupies Jerusalem," or Israel.

It is published by Iran's state radio and television organization in 13 languages, including Farsi (the language of Iran), English, French, Spanish, German, Russian, Arabic, Turkish, Kurdish, Urdu, and Armenian, the radio said.

TRACK PAVERS BY BLAW KNOX



Blaw Knox

Express Trading

JEDDAH Tel. (02) 682-9454, 682-9464 RIYADH Tel. (01) 231-5112, 231-4807 AL KHOBAR Tel. (03) 864-5113, 864-5109

Reagan to vest states with more power

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 (R) — President Reagan unveiled a bold plan to return power and federal programs to the states in the future but produced no new ideas Tuesday night for easing the economic woes plaguing America now.

The main thrust of his State of the Union Address before a televised joint session of Congress was "new federalism" — a plan to return the control and cost of 40 major government programs to the 50 U.S. states.

While this would fulfill Reagan's conservative plan to reduce federal influence on the lives of Americans, it requires congressional approval and could not even begin to take effect until late 1983.

News Analysis

Even if he were re-elected in 1984, the process of transferring federal programs would not be completed until late 1990, almost two years after he left office.

In contrast to his plans for the future, the president offered no new solutions for the country's latest recession, the second in as many years. Instead, Reagan said he would not back away from his unprecedented program of government spending and tax cuts.

Reagan pledged to retreat from his policies despite an unemployment rate that has soared to 8.9 percent and high interest rates that have crippled the U.S. housing and car industries.

Many of the president's advisers and congressional leaders of his own Republican Party have also warned him that the federal budget deficit is out of control. They have urged increases to narrow the gap between spending and income.

The financial markets of the New York area are also worried about the prospect of big deficits which they have traditionally viewed as inflationary. U.S. interest rates, which fell from historic highs with the start of the latest recession, have started to rise again in recent months.

Reagan conceded in his speech the budget deficit will soar to an unprecedented level of almost \$100 billion this year, more than twice the size of the shortfall he predicted only 11 months ago.

"The economy will face difficult moments in the months ahead," he said. "But the program for economic recovery that is in place will pull the economy out of its slump and put us on the road to prosperity and stable growth by the latter half of this year."

"I will seek no tax increases this year and I have no intention of retreating from our basic program of tax relief," Reagan added.

The president's economic strategists have told him that if he does not increase taxes to pay the budget deficit he will be forced to go for big spending cuts in either social or defense programs.

The president has steadfastly resisted any

Spells out 'new federalism'

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Here are highlights from President Reagan's State of the Union Message Tuesday:

Poland:

"Our sanctions against the military dictatorship that has attempted to crush human rights in Poland — and against the Soviet regime behind that military dictatorship — clearly demonstrated to the world that America will not conduct business as usual with the forces of oppression. If the events in Poland continue to deteriorate, further measures will follow."

Foreign policy:

"Our foreign policy is a policy of strength, fairness and balance. By restoring America's military credibility, by pursuing peace at the negotiating table wherever both sides are willing to sit down in good faith, by regaining the respect of America's allies and adversaries alike, we have strengthened our country's position as a force for peace and progress in the world."

The economy:

"If we had not acted as we did, things would be far worse for all Americans than they are today. Inflation taxes and interest rates would all be higher."

"In the near future, the state of the union and the economy will be better — much better — if we summon the strength to continue on the course we have charted."

Taxes:

"I will seek no tax increases this year and I have no intention of retreating from our basic program of tax relief. I promised the American people to bring their tax rates down and keep them down...I will stand by my word."

Budget deficit:

"As it now stands, our forecasts...will show many deficits, starting at less than \$100 billion and declining, but still too high."

Recession:

"Yes, we are in a time of recession. And it's true, there is no quick fix to instantly end the tragic pain of unemployment. But we will end it — the process has already begun and we'll see its effect as this year goes on."

Federalism:

"Reagan called for...the return of some \$47 billion in federal programs to state and local government, together with the means to finance them and a transition period of nearly 10 years to avoid unnecessary disruption."

Civil Rights:

"We must and shall see that those basic laws that guarantee equal rights are preserved and, when necessary, strengthened. Our concern for equal rights for women is firm and unshakable."



While intrigued by the plan to shift control of federal programs to the states, many state officials fear their budgets will be too strained to meet the new welfare responsibilities the president wants to thrust on them.

Under the president's proposal, a part of the excise taxes now collected by the federal government would be put into a special multibillion-dollar trust fund to help the states pay for programs they would manage.

But this trust fund would be phased out beginning in the 1987 financial year. And by 1991 it would be eliminated, leaving the states to decide whether to scrap the programs they inherited or raise taxes to finance them.

The president said the program swap would not add to state cost, but state leaders were skeptical.

They said they would withhold judgment until the administration provides more details on how it will work.

Afghan official sees foreign jobs for army

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Jan. 27 (AP) — A top Afghan military leader was quoted here Wednesday as saying he expected his army to be able to conduct operations abroad in the future.

Gen. Abdel Qader, the acting defense minister of Afghanistan, made the statement in an interview with a correspondent of the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug in Kabul.

"The Afghan army will have a significant role in the future, like that played by the Cuban and Vietnamese armies," the general told Tanjug.

Cuban troops have helped prop up Marxist regimes in Ethiopia and Angola, while Vietnamese forces installed the regime of Heng

Samrin in Kampuchea, formerly Cambodia.

Tanjug said Gen. Qader's statement appeared to bear out a similar statement by Barak Karmal, the Soviet-supported leader of Afghanistan, made last year.

In that statement, Tanjug claimed, Karmal was reported to have said that the Afghan army will become capable of defending peace and security "not only in Afghanistan but in the region as well."

Gen. Qader did not say how long it would take his army to reach such a stage. "Until that time, Soviet troops will be present in Afghanistan" offering all the aid we need," he said according to the Yugoslav agency.

The general acknowledged that the Afghan army was affected by desertions, but said the problem "has been overcome," and will have "no influence on the further growth and strength of Afghanistan's armed forces."

The Afghan army had about 100,000 troops at the time of the Soviet intervention in December 1979, while it is now believed to number no more than 40,000 men, Tanjug said.

NATION WIDE BULK & BAGS
OPC & SRC
BSS & ASTM



FALCON CEMENT
DELIVERED FRESH DAILY FROM 5 STATIONS
DAMMAM, JEDDAH, JIZAN, RIYADH, YANBU
TEL. (02) 6438210, TLX. 400709 SAFA SJ

110 killed in Algiers train accident

ALGIERS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — At least 110 persons were killed and 150 others injured when an Algiers train derailed on the Buhaulan pass, 100 kms west of here, early Wednesday, the Algerian news agency APS reported.

APS quoted the governor of Al Asnam province as saying that the "provisional toll" of the worst railway disaster in Algeria since

it gained independence over 22 years ago was based on a count made by a special investigating committee sent to the site of the accident from Algiers Wednesday morning.

The injured were evacuated to hospitals in nearby Mitiana, Al Aroun, Blida and Duera, the agency said adding that about 450 passengers were aboard the train when the accident occurred. Algerian President Chadli Benjedid sent his condolences to the families of the crash victims and dispatched a high-ranking delegation including the prime minister and the ministers of the interior, health and transportation to Buhaulan.

HAJ TENTS

WE ARE MANUFACTURER OF
FLAME RETARDANT HAJ TENTS
COMPLETE WITH STEEL POLES
AND FLAME RETARDANT
TREATED ROPES
INTERESTED PARTIES MAY CONTACT
SIDDIQSONS INDUSTRIES LTD
709 Qamar House, M. A. Jinnah Road,
Karachi-PAKISTAN.
Phone: 200511, 200512, 200513
Telax: 23679 PK TENTS
Cable: KAPREWALA Karachi.

Oil ministers meeting Monday GCC to establish SR3b capital fund

By Wahib Ghorab
Riyadh Bureau

RIYADH, Jan. 27 — The finance and economy ministers of the six member states of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) decided Wednesday to establish a common market in the next two years and set up a joint world-wide investment fund to be capitalized at SR3 billion.

Speaking to *Arab News* at the conclusion of the ministerial conference Sheikh Abu Al Khail said the removal of tariff's customs duties and the establishment of facilities for inter-GCC trade, will turn the region into a prosperous common market.

Customs directors in the GCC states will meet within two weeks to carry out the instructions of the ministers. The ministers themselves will meet again in June to boost the economic unity of the region and ratify the unified economic agreement to replace all bilateral ones.

The ministers agreed to form a joint investment fund for their own countries and those nearby, Abu Al Khail said. A committee of experts will meet to draw up a draft for the fund, and make recommendations for a unified financial currency and investment policy.

The unified agreement was concluded by the heads of state at a conference here last November. It provides for free trade, travel and residence facilities, coordination of oil, industry, technology, transport, monetary and banking policies. It also calls for a joint investment policy and coordination in giving international and regional development aid.

GCC states produce 11.5 million barrels of

oil a day, nearly a quarter of all the oil used in the non-Communist world. Their estimated daily income of \$400 million makes the area a prime objective for banking, joint venture projects and other development plans.

On Monday the GCC oil ministers will meet to draw up plans for a unified policy with regard to production and prices.

Qatar Oil Minister Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Khalifa told *Arab News* that the conference was expected to recommend a unified stand on oil matters by all member states.

"We will be carrying out the instructions of our heads of state at their first conference in Abu Dhabi," he said. "A common oil strategy will be one of the most important conclusions of the conference."

"Such a unified policy should not be viewed as hostile to anybody if our resolutions are correctly interpreted," he said. "All our meetings, in fact the whole concept of the GCC, aim at laying the foundation stone of financial, economic and political, cooperation."

Sheikh Abdul Aziz said GCC ministers do

(Continued on back page)

Hernu arriving Saturday

Riyadh Bureau

RIYADH, Jan. 27 — The French Defense Minister Michel Hernu is due to arrive here Saturday for talks with Defense Minister Prince Sultan about mutual cooperation in defense and armaments, *Arab News* learned Wednesday.

Last year, the two countries signed a \$3.5 billion contract for the sale of warships, sup-

ply ships, coastal defense equipment and helicopters for naval warfare.

The contract was signed during the visit of former Minister Robert Galley who said then that military cooperation between the two countries was built on a strong basis of friendly relations.

Prince Sultan said that "as friends we are used to continuous visits between the officials of the ministries of defense twice a year."

'Slavery' still prevails in America

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27 (R) — Police raided homes in the exclusive Beverly Hills area Tuesday to crack what they alleged was a slave ring in which Indonesians were smuggled in to the United States and sold as servants.

FBI Special Agent Edgar Best told a news conference an 11-month investigation had showed that at least 25 men and five women had been sold for between \$1,500 and \$3,000

each.

The Indonesians were, forced to stay with their "owners" in Beverly Hills — sometimes known as millionaires' town because of its rows of mansions — and other parts of Los Angeles for two years, Best said.

He would not give details of the investigation, which he said was still going on. But an FBI spokesman said 12 people were served Tuesday with subpoenas to appear before a federal grand jury.

Earn up to 14% p.a. Lombard Fixed Time Deposits

Period	Rate
1 Year Fixed Period	14% p.a.
2 —————	13% p.a.
3 —————	13% p.a.
4 & 5 —————	12% p.a.

Minimum deposit £1,000 Interest paid annually. The rates quoted are correct at time of going to press.

These are some of the benefits of a Fixed Time Deposit with Lombard:-

- * Your funds will earn a good rate of interest which is fixed for the period of deposit.
- * All interest is paid without deduction of tax at source.
- * Your account is confidential.
- * As Exchange Control does not exist in the United Kingdom your funds can be repaid anywhere in the world in Sterling or in any other currency.
- * We are part of one of the largest banking groups in the world.

Other rates are available for 1-5 years with interest paid monthly, quarterly or half-yearly and for deposits at 3 months and 6 months notice of withdrawal. For further details of our deposit facilities and current rates, simply post the coupon today.

Lombard North Central
Deposit Accounts

NAME _____ (BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE)
ADDRESS _____

To: LOMBARD NORTH CENTRAL LTD
DEPT. 228,
17 BRISTOL STREET,
LONDON W1A 3DH, ENGLAND.
Telephone: 405 3434.

A member of the National Westminster Bank Group
whose capital and reserves exceed £1,000,000,000.

15 contracts let for road maintenance

RIYADH, Jan. 27 (SPA) — Communications Minister Sheikh Hussein Mansouri signed Wednesday 15 contracts with national companies for the maintenance of roads in various parts of the Kingdom. The total cost of the contracts amounted to SR223.19 million.

The contracts are for the maintenance of the Riyadh Halhan Dham road and its side roads with a total of 775 kms.; the Zulfi to Buraidah to Shira road and its branches which amount to 562 kms. in total; 950 kms. of roads in the Taif area; 329 kms. in Bisha area; 725 kms in Tihama area; 1049 kms. of the Riyadh to Zulfi road; 1312 kms. of roads in Makkah area; 897 kms. in Tahuk area; and others.

In another development, the roads and traffic safety seminar organized by the Communications Ministry in cooperation with the Swedish Transport and Communications Ministry concluded discussions Wednesday. The two-day seminar debated various technical studies and research on roads and safety of traffic.

Saudi Arabian and Swedish road experts and representatives of the Municipal and Rural Affairs Ministry, Traffic Department and professors from the University of Petroleum and Minerals — where the seminar was held took part in the deliberations.

The seminar was the third in a series aiming at exchanging information and gaining expertise from the experience of advanced countries in the field of transport and roads. The first two seminars were held in Jeddah and Riyadh.

To European businessmen

Algoasibi lectures on plans

RIYADH, Jan. 27 (SPA) — Industry and Electricity Minister Dr. Ghazi Algoasibi left here Wednesday for Geneva for talks with European businessmen, during which he will explain the Kingdom's industrialization plans. During the three-day visit, Algoasibi will concentrate on the petrochemical, iron and steel projects being carried out by the Saudi Arabian Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC).

Algoasibi also will lecture at the Swiss city of Davos on Third World industrialization impact on the economies of Europe. He will stress the need to remove tariff obstacles between various countries, to facilitate the exchange of trade and achieve a large limit of goods and products movement without too many strings. Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Zamel, SABIC's vice-chairman and director, who will be accompanying Algoasibi, will give a lecture on the industrialization of Jubail and Yanbu.

Mosque council thanks Khaled

MAKKAH, Jan. 27 (SPA) — Members of the World Supreme Council of Mosques thanked King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd Wednesday for the support they give to the council. In a cable sent by Sheikh Abdul Aziz Ibn Baz on behalf of the members, the council expressed gratitude for the King's donation of SR3 million to its annual budget in addition to the Saudi Arabian government's SR 15 million yearly contribution. The council members also expressed admiration for the Kingdom's support to Islamic causes world wide.

tal and energy intensive, estimated to cost SR35 billion, the petrochemical, iron, steel and fertilizer basic industries are expected to be run by a work force of 7,500.

SABIC's Phase I industrialization program of basic industries includes the implementation of five ethylene-based petrochemical complexes with a total capacity of 1.6 million metric tons per annum; two chemical-grade methanol plants with a capacity of 1.25 million metric tons a year; nitrogen fertilizer plant with a capacity of 500,000 metric tons of urea; and an iron and steel plant in Jubail with an annual capacity of 800,000 tons and a steel rolling mill plant in Jeddah, modernized and expanded to produce 140,000 tons.

Malaysian king visits Madinah Islamic varsity

MADINAH, Jan. 27 (SPA) — King Ahmad Shah of Malaysia visited Wednesday the Islamic University of Madinah, accompanied by Health Minister Dr. Hussein Al-Jazairi.

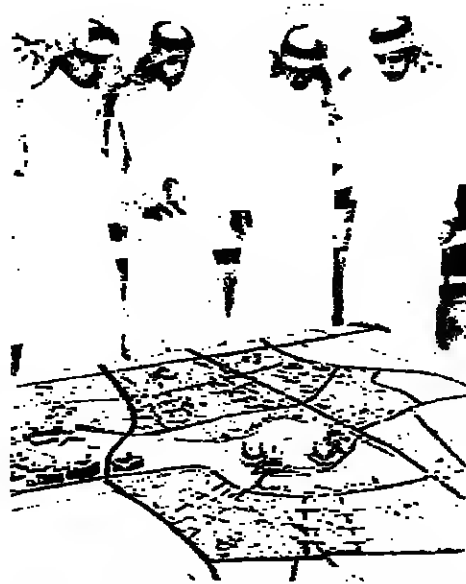
The king and his entourage were received by Dr. Abdullah Al-Zayed, rector of Madinah Islamic University, staff members and students. In a speech on the occasion, Zayed said that the number of Malaysian students at the university stood at 102 studying in various faculties and departments. The university caters for about 7,000 students of more than a hundred nationalities, including 600 Saudi Arabians.

King Shah spoke at the ceremony thanking the officials for their reception and called on the Malaysian studies to take advantage of their presence in the university to improve their knowledge and serve their country and the Islamic community. The Malaysian king toured the university's departments, including the central library.

U.S. official to help expats file taxes

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 — The United States Embassy announced Wednesday that an Internal Revenue Service tax assistant will be here at the embassy's consular section to assist U.S. citizens in filing their tax returns. Lee Moisant will be in Jeddah at the embassy's consular section from Feb. 3-14.



PRESENTATION: Four members of the KAU architectural design graduating students discuss a model concept for the plan to develop the old airport site at Jeddah. The project was designed as a response to existing urban trends and present-day problems.

KAU students make designs for old airport site planning

By Alan Kenney
Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 — Fifteen students from the school of architectural design at King Abdul Aziz University presented a study to Engineering College officials Wednesday. The presentation involved a projection of development options for the old airport area that recently was turned over to the municipality by royal decree.

The project was a last-semester undertaking by the group, who will be the first students to graduate from the department in June. According to the students and Engineering College officials, the project took on special importance since Saudi Arabians were planning development options instead of expatriate professionals.

The 25-square kilometer airport site was turned over last year to the municipality, and at present studies are being undertaken to determine possible uses. The design class presentation showed how commercial, residential and recreational areas could be incorporated into the city's existing development

pattern to provide relief from the congestion that has surfaced in the central business district.

During the previous two years the design students worked individually on architectural projects to gain valuable practical experience. The latest project is the first large-scale project that required the 15 students to work as a group.

Significantly to both students and faculty members alike, the project gave full authority to the students to direct the effort — including the choice of which project to undertake. The students worked under the supervision of the course instructors who recommended the students take the approach to give the student the ability to decide upon problems they might face in the future.

The dean of the Engineering College congratulated the students on their endeavors after the presentation and reaffirmed that if efforts aren't undertaken to develop the land in conjunction with an overall concept, then it will face some problems that are apparent now — congestion and haphazard construction of projects.

Indians promote electrical goods

By Habib Rahaman
Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 — A five man trade delegation from India arrived here to promote electrical goods and accessories. The mission, led by Kailash Gupta of the Trade Development Authority of India, comprises manufacturers of transformers, circuit-breakers, switchgears, power meters, cables and conductors.

Gupta visited the country last month to assess the market potential and study electric equipment requirements. He told Arab News Wednesday that since Saudi Arabia has embarked upon a number of electrification projects there is a heavy demand for all types of electrical goods.

He said the quality of Indian products is as good as those of Western ones but cheaper. The only problem was that we could not project them properly before," he added.

The delegation has already met senior officials as well as contractors, importers and businessmen.

Relations reviewed

JEDDAH, (SPA) — Deputy Foreign Minister for Political Affairs Sheikh Abdul Rahman Mansouri met Wednesday with Niger Foreign Minister Dawouda Diallo to discuss bilateral relations. The meeting was attended by Niger Ambassador to the Kingdom Omarou Amadou.

From Kingdom Date gift reaches refugees

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 27 (SPA) — The United Nations Higher Refugee Commissioner's office here has received recently the first shipment of the Kingdom's donation to the Afghan refugees in the form of dates. The Kingdom has allocated 3,000 metric tons of dates to the refugees through the World Food Program of the United Nations. Additional date shipments also will be sent to Pakistan soon. The Kingdom's aid to poor countries reached 8,925 tons processed at factories in Ahsa and Madinah. The Agriculture and Water Ministry will purchase large quantities of date from local farmers, process and

donate them to the World Food Program as part of the Kingdom's contribution.

The ministry is already engaged in building another three date processing factories with a total capacity of 25,000 tons per annum. The factories will be located in Qasim, Kharij and Bisha. While Madinah's factory has been operating for a long time, Ahsa's was dedicated last year.

The ministry also urged farmers to sell their date harvest to the state. They were requested not to pack the date too tightly to facilitate their processing.

Canadian tours oil installations

DHAHRAN, Jan. 27 (SPA) — Canadian Energy, Mines and Resources Minister Maro Lalonde toured Wednesday oil installations in the Eastern Province including the refining laboratory, oil pavements and reservoirs in Ras Tanura.

The Canadian minister arrived here earlier in the day from Riyadh where he had talks with Petroleum and Minerals Minister Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani and other ministers. Lalonde said Tuesday that his country offered cooperation in nuclear technology with Saudi Arabia. He denied offering Canadian nuclear technology to Kuwait with no strings attached.

Date gift reaches refugees

Feb. 26-March 7 and April 6-28. Office hours will be from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. He also will be in Dhahran from March 9-21 and Riyadh from March 31-April 2.

The embassy spokesman also said that tax preparation seminars will be scheduled for any company guaranteeing attendance of 50 or more people.

Prayer Times

Thursday	Makkah	Madinah	Riyadh	Dammam	Buraidah	Tabuk
Fajr (Dawn)	5:35	5:40	5:12	5:01	5:26	5:59
Dhuhr (Noon)	12:34	12:35	12:06	11:53	12:17	12:47
Asr (Afternoon)	3:45	3:42	3:13	3:58	3:22	3:49
Maghreb (Sunset)	6:09	6:05	5:36	5:20	5:45	6:11
Isha (Night)	7:39	7:35	7:06	6:50	7:15	7:41

ABT
Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd.

BULK & BAGGED CEMENT AND AGGREGATES

A reliable source for all your cement requirements.

*All kinds of cement.
*Prompt supply.

ABT Your friend in all your cement needs.

Eastern Province:
P.O. Box 2194, Al Khobar
Tel: (03) 8640461/8640665
8645351/8648302/8649774
Telex: 670354 SABUT SJ,
670427 SAYARI SJ.

Western Province:
P.O. Box 8776, Jeddah
Tel: (02) 6519524/6519764
Telex: 402393 BINEX SJ.

BINEX

The International Co.
for Building Materials Ltd.

OFFERS YOU THE BEST BUY

IN
Building Materials,
Access and Support
Scaffolding, Formwork
and Concrete Additives.

Why bother elsewhere...

BUY **BINEX**

Central Province:
P.O. Box 16896, Riyadh
Tel: (01) 4786168/4789323
Telex: 203106 BNEKRD SJ.

The management of Saudi American Bank wishes to thank our valued customer SHEIK MATOOK AHMED HASANAIN for his twenty five years of patronage.



البنك السعودي الأمريكي
Saudi American Bank



This marble has a history and it should interest you

Greece is the cradle of Western civilization. Monuments of marble, such as the Parthenon and the statue of Hermes by Praxiteles, are unsurpassed works of art: they have stood the test of time and still excite wonder.

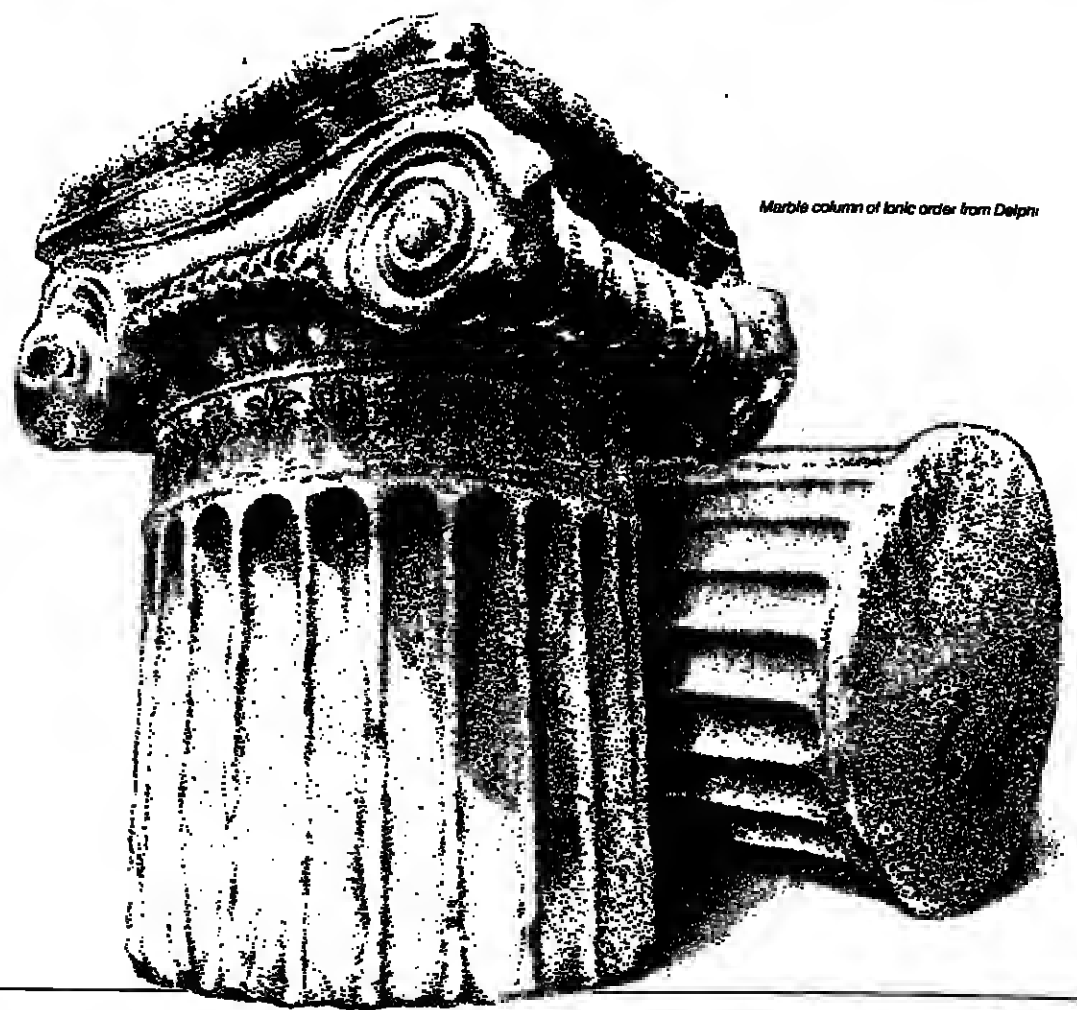
But modern Greece, too, now the 10th member-state of the European Economic Community, can boast some noteworthy performances in several sectors of activity.

Since antiquity till the present day our country has shown itself to be particularly rich in both marble and minerals. That is the prime reason why you should visit the

9th MARMIN Fair, to be held at Thessaloniki from 14 to 21 March 1982. It is an international exhibition of marble and minerals which we invite you to attend.

At the 9th MARMIN Fair at Thessaloniki you will find every kind of advanced technology relating to marble, minerals, building materials, and mechanical equipment, as well as a representative selection of these products from all over the world.

You will see for yourself that we Greeks are making the most of our centuries-old heritage.



Marble column of Ionic order from Delphi

9th International Fair for Marble-
Minerals-Equipment-Building- Materials

MARMIN '82

March 14 to 21

THESSALONIKI-GREECE

ORGANISING - INFORMATION:
HELLEXPO GREECE
THESSALONIKI INTERNATIONAL FAIR
Thessaloniki, 554 Egnatia, Tel. 051-729.221, 051-722.377
Telex 412251, Cables: FORNINT ATHENS, 1 MINEROPOLIS - FAIRGRIFF
Tel. 01-3230.958, 01-3238.051, Telex 022-9504

Official Center
OLYMPIC GAMES

هكذا من الاصل

Aba Al-Khail declares

State subsidy reduces cost of living

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 — The state has given SR6.5 billion in nine years as subsidy to reduce the cost of living which has gone down after the increase in salaries, according to Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail, minister of finance and national economy.

In an interview published in the evening edition of *Al-Jazirah* Tuesday, Aba Al-Khail said that, since the salary increase in last May and until last October, the cost of living has declined by seven percent, as also the housing rentals by 3.6 percent in the same period. He attributed several factors to this development, most significant of which being the state subsidies to reduce the cost of living especially in the case of foodstuffs and electricity consumption. These direct subsidies touched the SR6.5 billion mark in the fiscal year 1981-82, with the exception of other indirect subsidies, the minister said.

Aba Al-Khail further ascribed the decline in the cost of living to the state policy of opening up opportunities for unconditional imports, which led to a competition among the exporting countries in supplying their merchandise to the Kingdom at competitive prices. This situation helped the local importers to sell the imported items to their customers at competitive prices, he added.

Comparing this change in the cost of living in this period, with other countries, Aba

Al-Khail said "we find that it was much higher in other countries. In the U.S., it was more than nine percent; and in Britain, nearly 16 percent; in Spain, more than 18 percent. At the same time, it was less than two percent he added.

The minister referred to indirect state subsidies and said that fuel prices in the Kingdom have been kept much lower than those prevailing in other countries. In this connection, he also mentioned easy loans being given by the state-owned Real Estate Development Fund and the Industrial Fund, besides loans for electricity, he said.

Speaking about the real estate, the minister said that, according to the statements of the Department of Statistics, the rentals increased by 44 percent in 1976, but went down by 16 percent in the following year. Again, in 1978, the rents went still lower by 2.5 percent and continued downwards until 1979. However, there was a two percent rise in 1980, but it declined by 3.6 percent in 1981. This indicates that the general trend has been a continuous decline in rents, the minister said.

He, however, cautioned that he was speaking only about the house rentals and not about the rents of commercial establishments (shops), for he said he feared that the same

thing may not be applicable to such establishments. The minister said that he came to know lately that shopowners who spent a lot on furnishing will be pressured by the property owner, who knows fully well that the tenant will be obliged to agree to his demand, in view of the investments he made in furnishing the establishment.

Aba Al-Khail said that such shopowners can resist this pressure if they cooperate among themselves against the property owner in case he insists on any excessive amount. He was convinced that, if any of them complains to government authorities, they will be assisted to reach a reasonable solution between the tenant and the property owner.

Air operations panel ends meeting

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 (SPA) — The air operations committee of the Arab Air Transport Association concluded its two-day session at Saudia's air training center here Tuesday night.

The committee, chaired by Capt. Jazaa Ghanem, Saudia's assistant director general for air operations, decided to submit its recommendations to AATA chairman during the association's next meeting to be held here Feb. 6. The recommendations aim at boosting the committee's activities so it can continue to bring proximity in the Arab states' views on its functions.

The committee also recommended the collection of data on air operations in the form of a book to be circulated among the Arab airlines. The data will include the potentials of

air operations, training equipment, the method of organizing administration, granting of academic specialization certificates and the method of promoting pilots and technicians.

The committee approved the collection of data from the Arab aviation companies and maintaining them at the general association's headquarters in Beirut. The data is to be sent later to the managers of airlines' companies to synchronize their views and to support security plans among the Arab aviation companies.

The committee held the view that it was necessary to ask the civil aviation department to attend its meetings in the host country, with a view to getting acquainted with the methods of contact at the ground stations with the aircraft, and also to benefit from the civil aviation's proposals in this behalf.

Solar cooling planned

DHAHRAN, Jan. 27 (SPA) — The University of Petroleum and Minerals is making the necessary preparations for constructing a solar-powered cooling laboratory. The National Science and Technology Center owns the laboratory estimated to cost SR5.4 million.

The laboratory, to be completed within two years, will be supervised by UPM staff members. It incorporates a 7.5-ton air conditioning device which will be powered by a solar-energy-fed turbine engine.

Way Ahead!

New Model for 1982

DONG-A
Buses HA-20

In terms of design, performance and technique, Dong-A buses are way ahead of their time. The most refined and economical bus of today: Dong-A Bus HA-20. Designed to suit your needs with excellent features like exclusively designed chassis, smooth ventilators and separation of transmission from the engine for quick maintenance. Built for your total comfort, Dong-A buses come in a variety of models for your choice.

6-months or 10,000 kms. guarantee.
Price: SR. 108,000/-

Seating Capacity: 45 Passengers, Diesel Engine
Capacity 185 HP, Spare Parts Available.

It's a pleasure ride all the way... in a Dong-A Bus HA-20.

Agent in Saudi Arabia:

Arabian Industry & Contracting Co.

HASSAN A. AL QAHTANI & CO.

P.O. Box 195 Al Khobar, Al Aziziya Street.
Tel: 8644580. Telex: 670031 HAKARIM SJ. AICO.



OUR BUSINESS IS:

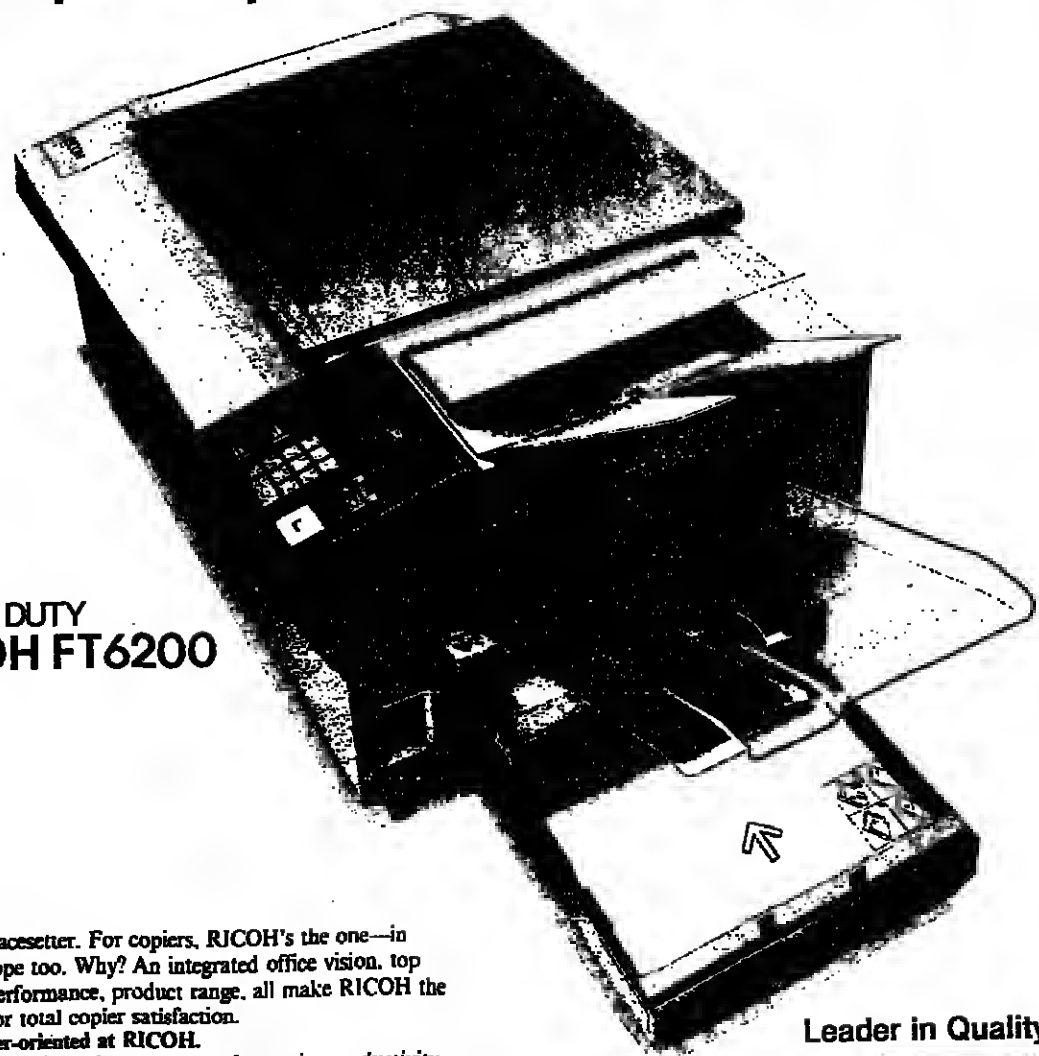
GLASS

INDECOM

P.O. Box: 2838, Jeddah
Tel: (02) 682-38-45/46
Tlx: 403146 IDCJED SJ.

SUPER-ONE from RICOH

The superior copier maker that outpaces all others.



HEAVY DUTY
RICOH FT6200

Every field has one pacesetter. For copiers, RICOH's the one—in Japan, the U.S., Europe too. Why? An integrated office vision, top technology, quality performance, product range, all make RICOH the one and only name for total copier satisfaction.

Technology is customer-oriented at RICOH. RICOH uses fibre optics and microcomputers for copier productivity, precise control, reliability and convenience. After-sales service is backed by self-diagnostics and a global parts network.

RICOH's exciting glimpse of tomorrow's office—the heavy-duty FT6200 with twin cassettes, the compact light-duty FT4700.

Visit us soon and mention our name. They know, RICOH. Super-One.

LIGHT DUTY
RICOH FT4700



Leader in Quality-Control

リコー
RICOH

RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
15-1 Midori-1-chome, Matsuyama, Tokyo 107, Japan
Phone: 03-475-3111 Telex: 562-9415

SOLE AGENT IN SAUDI ARABIA
Riyadh House Establishment
HEAD OFFICE: Riyadh - Tel. (01) 402 174/13

BRANCHES:
JEDDAH TEL. 844 2018
YANBU TEL. 322 3383
GASSIM TEL. 323 4854

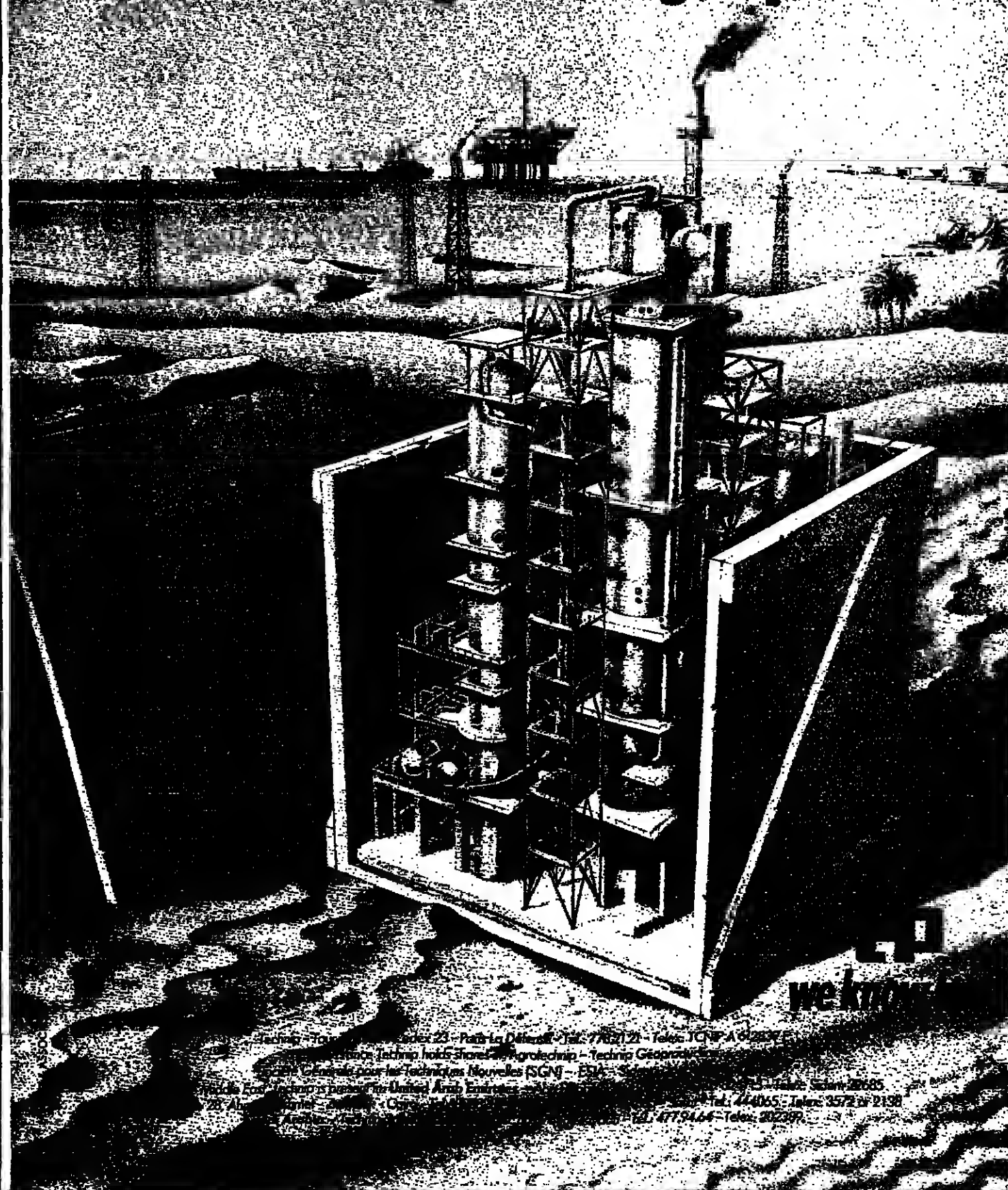
DAMMAM TEL. 843 1111
EL-KHOBAR TEL. 864 5879
MEDINA TEL. 636 6310

MECCA TEL. 556 3243
JUBAIL TEL. 361 0386
TABUK TEL. 423 0019

KHAMS MUSHAYTE TEL. 222 1272
EL-HESA TEL. 562 9291

Technip

worldwide engineering experience



Technip is a world leader in the design, construction and operation of industrial plants. Its experience is based on a long tradition of excellence in the field of process engineering. Technip's services cover the entire range of industrial projects, from the initial study to the final commissioning. The company's expertise is particularly well known in the fields of oil refining, petrochemicals, and the chemical industry. Technip's global network of offices and its extensive experience in all major industrial sectors make it a reliable partner for any industrial project.

Haig presents new proposals to bridge gap over autonomy

TEL AVIV, Jan. 27 (AP) — Secretary of State Alexander Haig Wednesday presented American ideas for advancing the long-stalled Palestinian autonomy negotiations. Israeli Interior Minister Yosef Burg said Wednesday.

Haig flew in from Geneva for meetings with Prime Minister Menachem Begin, Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Burg, Israel's chief autonomy negotiator. He travels to Egypt Thursday for talks with President Hosni Mubarak and Egypt's negotiators on the Palestinian issue.

"The Americans have presented some ideas for bridging the gaps," Burg told reporters after a session with Haig. Asked if the ideas seemed promising, Burg replied "Part yes, part no."

Another Israeli official, briefing reporters, left the impression that Haig had not made a full proposal to bridge the wide gaps between the Israeli and Egyptian positions, but rather had concentrated on the makeup and functions of the self-governing authority that is to be created for the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The Israeli official, who declined to be identified, also said Haig and Shamir had discussed the U.S.-led peacekeeping force that is to police the Sinai Peninsula after Israel withdraws in April and Egyptian rule is restored.

Washington is mediating a dispute between Israel and the four European countries — Britain, France, Italy and the Netherlands — over the terms on which they will join the force. The Europeans have issued statements linking their participation to progress on the Palestinian issue and suggesting that the Palestine Liberation Organization must be associated with peace negotiations in the Middle East. Israel insists that the Europeans should join only under the terms of the Israel-Egypt peace treaty, which requires a peacekeeping force in Sinai.

Haig told Shamir that a "process of clarification" was going on, the Israeli official said. Haig said on arrival at the airport that he would be discussing in Israel and Egypt "our assessment of the autonomy process as it now stands, and to do all we can to move this process forward, of course without deadlines."

On the eve of Haig's arrival, Shamir declared again that Israel would not allow the limited autonomy being offered the Palestinians to turn into statehood. He reaffirmed Israel's insistence on remaining linked to the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, the areas to become self-governing.

Haig was in Egypt and Israel just two weeks ago to determine whether agreement was possible on self-rule for the 1.5 million Palestinians of the West Bank and Gaza. His new trip here follows his meeting with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko in

Geneva. Israel, Egypt and the United States have been negotiating on the terms of Palestinian autonomy for 2 1/2 years without reaching agreement. Israel wants to prevent the agreement from leading to an independent Palestinian state, while Egypt wants to set up a Palestinian authority that could lead Palestinians under Israeli rule to self-determination.

Competent American sources gave no indication that Haig was prepared to make a detailed American proposal to break the deadlock.

After his talks here two weeks ago he said the United States, after examining the two countries' positions, would put forward "some ideas of our own" at some point in the negotiations.

The daily *Yedioth Ahronoth* reported that Haig was bringing compromise proposals on two of the key sticking points — the size of the elected council that will govern the autonomous areas, and the status of Jerusalem Arabs under autonomy.

On the council, *Yedioth* said, Israel wanted it limited to 17 members, Egypt wanted 70 and Haig would propose 35.

Israel regards Arab Jerusalem as its own sovereign territory, separate from the autonomous zone, while Egypt considers them West Bank residents.

Sudan's economic, military needs reviewed

Numeiri confers with Mubarak

ASWAN, Egypt, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri discussed Sudan's economic and military needs Wednesday, in advance of a scheduled visit to Washington by Mubarak.

The four-hour meeting was held at the winter resort of Aswan in Upper Egypt at Mubarak's request.

The sudden meeting follows President Numeiri's major shakeup in the ruling Sudan Socialist Union (SSU) and the sacking of his right hand man, first Vice-President Abdul Maged Khalil. Numeiri also purged a number

of senior army officers. Egypt and Sudan are bound by a political and economic integration pact stipulating periodic consultations on various issues.

Numeiri told reporters in Aswan Wednesday that the officers had been replaced because they had been unable to contribute to the national good. He said the situation in his country was "as stable as could be," and added: "The fact that I am here with you is definite evidence of Sudanese stability."

In Khartoum, the official Sudanese News Agency (SUNA) said the two presidents held a closed meeting shortly after Numeiri's arrival. It said Numeiri's brief visit to Egypt was

in the context of their agreement to hold discussions on issues of common interest.

SUNA also confirmed reports that President Numeiri sacked 22 senior army officers in the latest of a string of decisions taken in the wake of anti-government riots. The agency, in a report late Tuesday, did not give the names of the 22 officers who were retired.

Numeiri assumed the position of defense minister and commander-in-chief. No reasons were given for the changes, but they came after anti-government riots in Khartoum and many provincial cities earlier this month.

The riots were sparked by a Jan. 1 increase in sugar prices by 62 percent and other austerity measures aimed at correcting Sudan's projected \$611 million balance of payments deficit and big foreign debt and at gaining International Monetary Fund credit.

Numeiri vowed to continue the program, and the news agency reported Tuesday the prices of imported cigarettes had been increased by 35 percent, to two Sudanese pounds a pack, \$2.22. Domestic brands were increased from eight to 11 percent.

PLO only representative, Freij says

TEL AVIV, Jan. 27 (AFP) — The Palestinian mayor of Bethlehem, Elias Freij, who was quoted by Israeli newspapers Sunday as calling on the Palestine Liberation Organization to "recognize Israel," Wednesday said his statements were taken out of context and that "only the PLO" could take decisions on behalf of the Palestinian people.

"Like other Palestinians, I was, in, and shall remain bound by all the PLO's past and future decisions on the fate of our people."

"The PLO is the one and only legitimate representative of the Palestinians, in territories occupied by Israel and outside," he told Israeli reporters Wednesday.

Mirage sale to Pakistan 'doubtful'

PARIS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — French aeronautical circles are skeptical about the possibility of selling the Marcel Dassault Mirage-2000 fighter plane to Pakistan, but have good hopes of sales to both India and Egypt. Greece and Iraq have also expressed interest in this latest French plane.

An informed source said that a contract for the sale of the Mirage-2000 to Egypt was expected to be signed on Sunday in Cairo, and a contract for the purchase of the plane by India could be concluded in New Delhi in month's time.

Egypt, the first country to take a decision on the Mirage-2000, signed a preliminary agreement earlier this month with the Marcel Dassault company, relating to the purchase of 20 aircraft complete with armaments valued at nearly \$800 million to be paid for with the help of French financial aid. The agreement will be confirmed by a final contract to be signed on Sunday.

A second series of 20 aircraft is expected to be purchased later by Egypt but no French financial aid is scheduled in this case.

Negotiations between the Dassault company and the Indian government are in a very advanced stage. French Defense Ministry sources are hopeful that a contract for the purchase by India of 150 planes will be concluded next month. Under this agreement, France would initially supply 40 Mirage-2000s, already built and equipped. A further 60 planes would be assembled by the Indian aircraft industry and the balance would be built under license in Bangalore by Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd.

The latest country to express an interest in the Mirage-2000 has been Pakistan whose Head of State Gen. Muhammad Zia ul-Haq said during a visit to Paris this week that he was considering acquiring the aircraft. However observers recalled that the United States had already agreed to deliver about 40 of the latest F-16 fighters to Pakistan along with \$3,200 million worth of economic and financial aid.

Informed sources said that Pakistan's financial resources did not appear sufficient to enable that country to acquire two such modern and costly types of aircraft as the F-16 and Mirage-2000.

The sources said that it appeared difficult to imagine that France would agree to deliver the Mirage-2000 to Pakistan when India was negotiating with the French manufacturer for the purchase of some plane to strengthen its own defenses.

55 killed as Iran leftists attack official buildings

TEHRAN, Jan. 27 (AFP) — At least 55 persons were killed when left-wing Iranian opposition guerrillas attacked government buildings in Amol, 100 kms north of here near the Caspian Sea, over the past two days. Tehran newspapers reported Wednesday.

The guerrillas, based in nearby forests, simultaneously launched an attack Monday night on police stations, revolutionary guard headquarters and official buildings, including the governor's office, according to press reports. Snipers, operating from the rooftops of houses belonging to "feudal" elements, opened fire on official buildings, the Islamic Republic News Agency reported.

Among the dead were 33 "counter-revolutionaries", eight law enforcement officials and 14 bystanders, the *Islamic Republic* newspaper said. A large number of people were also injured on both sides, and eight insurgents were arrested, the paper said.

They were repulsed and governmental forces pursued them into the countryside, where some were reportedly surrounded in an orchard.

While similar attacks previously took place in Kurdish regions, notably in the towns of Mahabad and Bukan, this was the first such incident in the northern region, traditionally considered a hotbed of left-wing agitation.

While the guerrillas were said to have received reinforcements from nearby towns, they were apparently based in dense mountain forests surrounding Amol.

Amal, leftists clash in S. Lebanon

SIDON, Lebanon, Jan. 27 (R) — Factional fighting broke out in some South Lebanese villages Wednesday morning after a leftist party official was found murdered near his home in the village of Bissariye, security sources said. The area has been the scene of clashes for several days between militiamen of the Shiite organization Amal and a number of leftist groups.

Amal gunmen surrounded a local branch office of the Lebanese Communist Party in

one village Wednesday. Amal sources said. No casualties were reported.

Jouaya, another hamlet in the area, was said to be calm after Dutch, Fijian and Irish troops of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) moved in Tuesday to separate the combatants. The Dutch contingent deployed armored vehicles along the main road to the village, security forces said.

Seven persons had been reported wounded in the fighting up to Tuesday.

Sind blast linked to Al-Zulfikar men

KARACHI, Jan. 27 (AP) — Five persons were injured when a bomb went off at a railway station early Wednesday, police reported. The explosion occurred in Nawabshah town in Sind province, about 240 kms northwest of Karachi, police said.

The bomb, police said, was believed to have been placed by underground members of the outlawed Al-Zulfikar organization. The organization is led by Murtaza, the eldest son of former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, who was hanged on a murder-

conspiracy conviction. The group described as a terrorist organization by Pakistani authorities, has publicly vowed to overthrow the Pakistani government.

The Al-Zulfikar organization has claimed responsibility for a number of incidents including the hijacking of a Pakistani jetliner to Kabul and Damascus in March 1981, a lethal bomb blast during the February visit to Karachi of Pope John Paul II, and assassination of a high court judge who sentenced Bhutto to death.

Five Arabs get life terms in Israel

TEL AVIV, Jan. 27 (AP) — An Israeli military court has sentenced five Palestinians from the Gaza Strip to life in prison for killing seven persons, hurling grenades at Israeli vehicles and stockpiling arms.

A military spokesman said Tuesday the five were part of a 21-member Palestinian commando cell that sought revenge against Israelis after their leader, Rafik Silmi, was killed in December 1980. All were from the Jabaliya refugee camp in Gaza.

They were convicted of murdering an Israeli driver who wheeled his taxi into a gas station near the camp for emergency repairs and with shooting and wounding another Israeli who was driving a truck.

They were also found guilty of killing four

local Gazans including Muhammad Awarid, deputy council head of the refugee camp. Several of the victims were believed to have been killed because they collaborated with Israeli authorities, the military said.

Khakim Muhammad Al-Dharan, 22, received one life sentence for killing two Gazans and injuring more than 20 other people when he hurled a grenade into a crowd near a market in Gaza. His was the lightest sentence.

Mohar Muhammad Darwish Abdeluf, 20, received five life sentences for five killings, while Mitkal Mahmud Khalil Abdal, 21, Muhammad Mahmud Abdals Abed, 24, and Rasmi Muhammad Abraham Abed received two to four life sentences.

Turkey's most wanted extremist held

ANKARA, Jan. 27 (R) — Turkish security forces have detained one of the country's most wanted left-wing extremists who is accused to involvement in a series of killings and bombings in the last 10 years, security officials said Wednesday.

They said Garbis Altinoglu was captured with 31 other members of the Turkish Communist Party-Marxist Leninist (TKP-ML) movement in recent operations in Istanbul. They did not say exactly when the militants,

who included nine women, were detained.

Altinoglu was first picked up in 1972 in connection with the killing of another left-winger whose dismembered body was found in a trunk. He was freed as part of a general amnesty in 1974. The officials said he returned to underground activity and established a number of left-wing cells in the southeast of Turkey in the late 1970s, when factional violence claimed thousands of lives.

OAU sets meetings on Chad, Sahara

NAIROBI, Jan. 27 (AFP) — Organization of African Unity (OAU) meetings on Chad and Western Sahara will be held here early next month, the Kenya news agency reported, quoting Foreign Minister Robert Ouko.

Ouko, who was briefing African ambassadors accredited to Kenya Tuesday said the Chad meeting on Feb. 10 and 11 will be attended by all members of the OAU Standing Committee on Chad, and countries contributing troops and observers to the OAU peacekeeping force in the country.

Ouko, who is also the current chairman of the OAU Council of Ministers, informed the ambassadors and high commissioners that heads of state in the implementation committee on Western Sahara will take place on Feb. 8 and 9.

The summit will be preceded by an informal meeting of ministers on Feb. 6 and 7 to formulate ideas and present them to the implementation committee, which has the job of putting into effect last year's OAU decision on a referendum for the disputed territory.

شركة صناعة العزل العربية Arabian Insulating Industries has the pleasure in Announcing the production of ROOFING & FOUNDATION ASPHALTS

BITUMINOUS EMULSION, PRIMERS,
ALUMINIZED BITUMEN, COLD APPLIED,
ALL CONFORMING TO INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS
WILL BE PRODUCED WITHIN FEW WEEKS.

ROOFING FELTS & SELF ADHESIVE MEMBRANES
CONFORMING TO ASTM, BSS, DIN, ETC. SPECIFICATIONS
ALSO WILL BE PRODUCED WITHIN FEW WEEKS.

RIYADH TEL: 49B1596 - 49B1604 TELEX: 200716 (ARAB) P.O. BOX 2955

عوازل
AWAZEL

BINEX

The International Co.
for Building Materials Ltd.

بيكس

offers you
The Best in Building Materials from All Over the World

Armstrong Armaflex Pipe Insulation	UniBond Sealant, Adhesives & Additives
Royal Doulton Sanitaryware	C&T METALS LIMITED Lath, Angle Bead & Plasterstops
British Gypsum Gypsum Board, Channel & Stud	RICHTER SYSTEM Suspended Ceilings & Partitions
BLAKEBROUGH Valves & Screens	S-ion PVC Pipe
Brickhouse Broads International Limited Manhole Covers & Frames	BRICKHOUSE-BROADS INTERNATIONAL LTD Water Heaters
PERI Formwork	James Gibbons Ironmongery
Pilosio Access & Support Scaffolding	진원산업주식회사 Polythene Sheeting
KAU SOAP COMPANY, LTD. Mighty 150 Superplasticizer	SPRITEBRAND Access & Support Scaffolding
Mapworth Vitrified Clay Pipe & Fittings	TYTAN Ductile Iron Pipe & Fittings
Adhesives & Additives	YORKSHIRE METAL Copper Pipe, Fittings & Valves
Decorative Finishes	Schlegel Waterstops & Construction Jointing Materials

BINEX offers you the best buy. Why bother elsewhere.... buy **BINEX**

Eastern Province:
P.O. Box 2184, Al Khobar
Tel: (03) 8840461/8840685
8848361/8848302/8848774
Telex: 670354 SABUT SJ
670427 SAYARI SJ.

Jubail:
P.O. Box 151
Tel: (03) 3612622
(03) 3613026

Central Province:
P.O. Box 18886, Riyadh
Tel: (01) 4786188/4788323
Telex: 203106 BINEX RD SJ.

Western Province:
P.O. Box 5778, Jeddah
Tel: (02) 6518524/6519764
Telex: 402263 BINEX SJ.

ABIT

هكذا من الاحول

Wherever your workmen are needed a JLG Lift will put them there fast.

Wherever the work location is, a JLG Lift can reach it! A JLG Lift does away with costly scaffolding, and puts workmen where they are needed quickly, safely and efficiently. JLG Lifts are self-propelled, fully mobile and require only one operator. So, a JLG Lift can operate with optimum effectiveness in a wide range of locations. A JLG Lift saves time, trouble – and money!



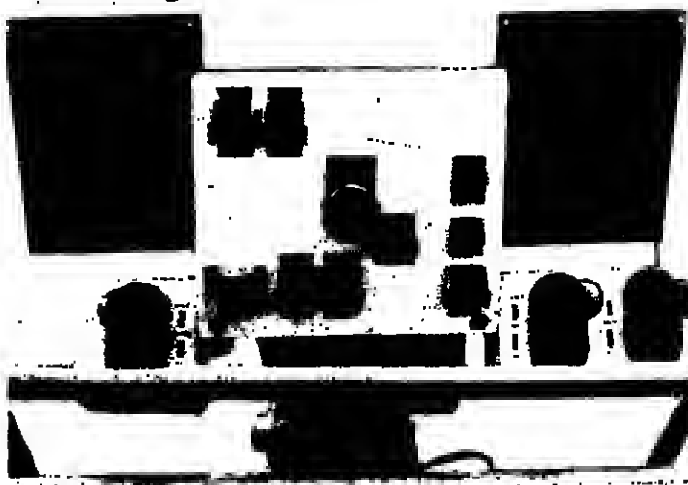
One-man operation

J L G Lift controls, located in the basket, require only one operator for complete mobility of movement: drive (forward and back), lift (up or down), telescope (in or out), and 360° swing.



Electric controls

The controls are electro-hydraulic for smooth operation, and include safety foot switch and automatically set brakes. Duplicate controls which can handle all boom movements, are located at ground level.



Wide range of models

There are seven J L G Lifts to choose from, with a working height ranging from 8.00 metres to 35.40 metres. Choose between standard diesel power unit, and optional electric, petrol or LPG power units.

Model	110F	80F	60F	50F	40F	30F	20F
Platform Height	33.5m	24.4m	19.3m	15.2m	12.2m	9.1m	6.1m
Capacity	230kgs	230kgs	230kgs	230kgs	230kgs	230kgs	230kgs
Width	2.44m	2.44m	from 2.44m to 3.05m	2.44m	2.44m	2.44m	1.52m
Propulsion	DGP	DGP	DGP	DGP	DEGP	DEGP	DEGP
Note	Stabiliser	Extending Aulies	Extending Aulies				

D-Diesel E-Electric G-Propane Gas P-Petrol

Highly stable chassis

All welded steel construction chassis on large pneumatic tyres ensures maximum stability in static and moving conditions.

Mobile boom

The telescopic boom extends to locations both above and below ground level.

Wide range of locations and uses

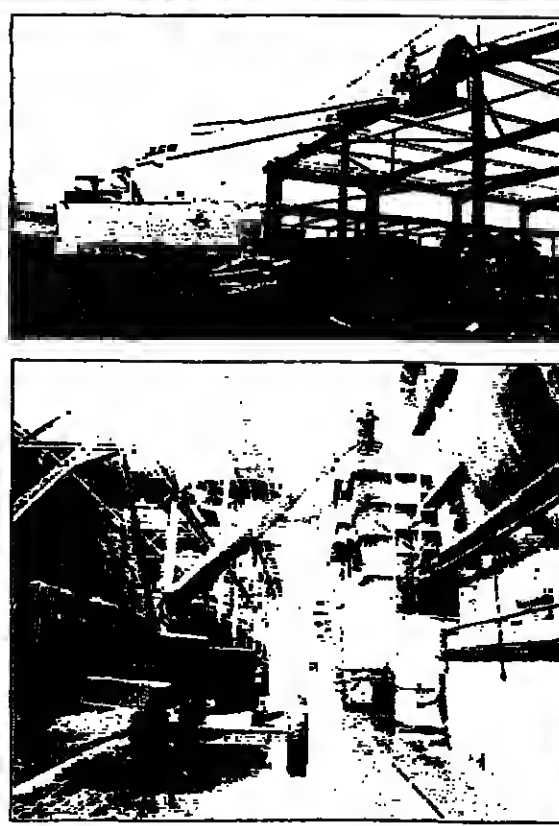
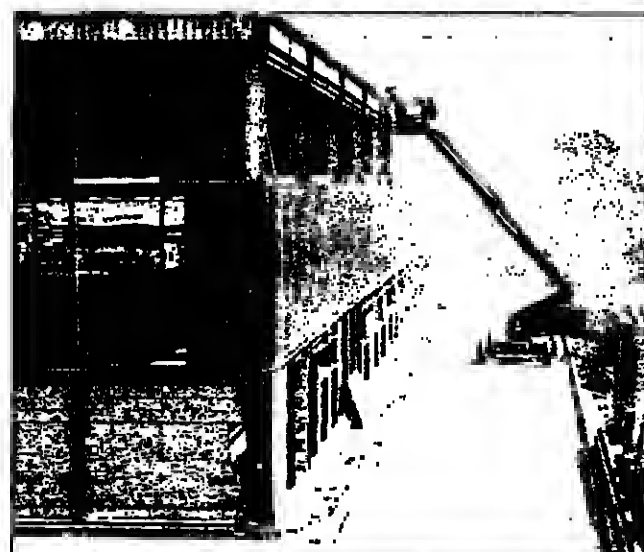
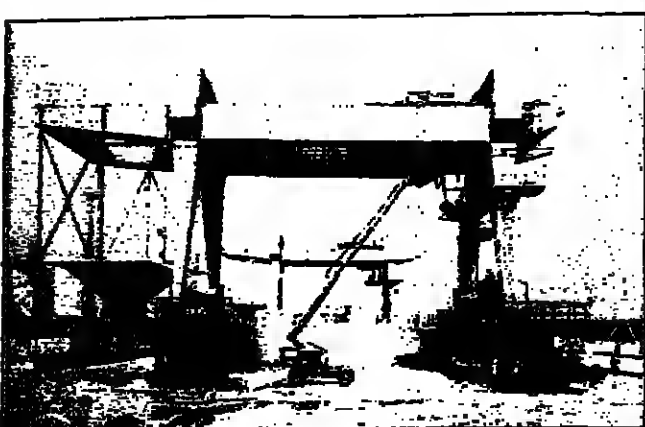
A JLG Lift can operate wherever it is needed – outside, on construction sites and docks; inside, in factories and workshops. A JLG Lift is ideal for overhead painting, pipe-fitting, lighting, insulating, routine maintenance of buildings and plant – in fact the applications are limitless!

Avoid work stoppage

A JLG Lift disposes of the need for expensive and cumbersome scaffolding that could stop work at ground level – that means time and money saved!

Big capacity basket

The self-levelling basket holds two men and their tools with an unrestricted capacity of 500lbs (230Kgs) at any radius or position.



Call us for a demonstration on your site.

Zahid Tractor



JEDDAH: P.O. Box 1588, Kilo 5, Makkah Road,
Jeddah Tel: 6876366 Tlx: 401042 ZTRJ SJ
RIYADH: P.O. Box 814, Kilo 17, North Khurais Road,
Riyadh Tel: 4647263/4647257/4647246
Tlx: 201129 ZATRAC SJ
MEDINA: P.O. Box 2861, Medina
Tel: 8225483

DAMMAM: P.O. Box 579,
Al Khaldia Area, Dammam
Tel: 8572593/8572595/8576559
Tlx: 601080 ZATRAC SJ
JUBAIL: P.O. Box 184, Jubail
Tel: 3417349 Tlx: 632011 JABEEN SJ
ABHA-KHAMEES: P.O. Box 598,
Abha Ring Road (Opp. Abha Dam), Abha
Tel: 2240667 Tlx: 901045 ZATRAC SJ
GASSIM: P.O. Box 987, Medina Road
(near Airport), Gassim
TABUK: P.O. Box 461, Tabuk
Tel: 4221426 Tlx: 821085 ZHDTBK SJ



arab news

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED BY SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

Publishers
HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
MUHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ
Editor in Chief
MUHAMMAD M. AL-SHIBANI
General Manager
SAUD ALI HAFIZ

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556
TEL: 6594239 6534743 6537223 CABLE: MARADNEWS
TELEX: 401570 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4th FLOOR,
APT. 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30460-TELEX: 201660
CABLE: ARABNEWS TELEX: 201660 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABULLAH FOUAD CENTER ABOUL AZIZ STREET
10TH FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 8642991 8645678

GULF OFFICE: BAHRAIN TOWER BUILDING, AL-KHALIFA STREET - MANAMA,
BAHRAIN P.O. BOX 20534 TELEX: 9496 ARNEWS BN PHONE: 232228

EGYPT OFFICE: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT ALMOHANDASEEN,
ADKAI, CAIRO TEL: 818392 - 815121

LEBANON: BEIRUT OFFICE, MIDDLE EAST MARKETING & MEDIA S.A.
CONCORDE BLDG, VERDUN STREET, BEIRUT, TEL: 349498

SUDAN OFFICE: KHARTOUM AL TAKHAR BUILDING ATBARA STREET,
TEL: 71707-71752 P.O. BOX: KHARTOUM 2044

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 256611

LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4A 3D, J.
TEL: 253-4413-456 TELEX: 889272 ARAB NEWS

SWITZERLAND OFFICE: 9 PLACE DU MOLAD, GENEVA, SWITZERLAND,
TEL: 211711 TELEX: 288005 SARE P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3

U.S. OFFICE: HOUSTON: 7100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1000 HOUSTON,
TEXAS 77027 TEL: 7131 961-0295 TELEX: 790229 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 1301 PENN AVE., N.W. SUITE 1030
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: 1202 638-7183 TELEX: 440568 SAUDI LI

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: SR700 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

INTERNATIONAL: \$200 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

Produced and Printed at Al-Medina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah
For Riyadh and Eastern Region Printed at Al Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

JEDDAH: Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box: 5455,
Tel: 6444444 (20 lines) Telex: 401205 TIHAMA SJ, Cable: TIHAMA, Jeddah.

RIYADH: Satrien Road, Real Estate Co., Bldg. P.O. Box 4881,
Tel: 4771020 110 lines, Telex: 200610 SJ, Cable: TIHAMA, Riyadh.

EL-DASRA: Barrodd, Medina Road, Mashaqq Bldg., Apartment No. 829,
Tel: 06323220.

MECCA: Umm Al-Jood, Mecca-Jeddah Road, P.O. Box: 1974,
Tel: 5425023, 5427087, 5427072, Cable: TIHAMA, Mecca.

TAIF: Al-Falafel Road, Airport Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 7268990.

DAHMAN: Al-Dahman Road, Ibn Khaldoun District, Baghdad Bldg., 7th floor,
P.O. Box 2666, Tel: 5332555, 8320434, 8330382, 8330384,
Cable: TIHAMA, Dammam.

OUTDOOR ADV. BRANCH: Jeddah, Hassan Bin Thabit St., Al-Bughdadiyyah,
Tel: 642668, 6429952, 6436328.

ABHA: Al-Naseem District, Taif Road, P.O. Box: 522,
Tel: 2249711, 2249810, 2249806, Cable: TIHAMA, Abha.

LONDON: International Press Centre, 76 Shoe Lane, EC4A 3DF,
Tel: 012535151, 31535626, 012535126, 012532140, Telex: 20522 TIHAMA G,
Cable: TIHAMA, London.

U.N. LIMITED ROLE

The Arab representatives at the United Nations are to go to the General Assembly to raise the case of Syria's Golan Heights recently annexed by the Israelis. A two-thirds majority is needed to pass the resolution which was first watered down and then rejected through a U.S. veto in the Security Council. Unlike the Security Council, however, a General Assembly resolution can have no mandatory nature.

The debate at the Security Council showed the Soviet Union acting as though it were a neutral power in the political struggle over the Golan. It also showed the distance still separating the Arab stand from Western Europe, as France and Britain abstained on even the weaker version of the Arab resolution. The implications of this have to be studied carefully if future embarrassments are to be avoided.

The Arab side recognizes clearly by now the limitations as well as the possibilities of working within the framework of the United Nations. On the question of Golan in particular, they realize that the U.N. is unable to give them what they want, which was mandatory sanctions against Israel designed to force it to rescind its decision.

To say this does not mean that the whole exercise of taking the matter to the U.N. is useless. The international community has to be made aware of its responsibility toward the Golan, an area covered by a U.N. supervised ceasefire agreement, and one in which the U.N. has stationed its peacekeeping forces.

Saudi Arabian press review

The outcome of the GCC defense ministers conference and the task of strengthening economic ties at the GCC finance and economy ministers meeting figured for editorial comment in Wednesday's newspapers.

Al-Riyadh hailed the outcome of the GCC defense ministers' conference for solidifying security cooperation among the Gulf states and seeking suitable means for coordination and formulation of a collective security strategy to counter threats facing the Gulf.

The formation of an Arab Gulf joint force will provide a constructive basis for the growth of military cooperation in the whole Arab world," it said. The paper urged the Gulf states to lessen their dependence on foreign powers and initiate measures for achieving self-sufficiency in all fields.

Describing the Gulf force as an Islamic and Arab force, **Al-Madinah** noted that the Kingdom's and other GCC states' commitment to preserve the security and stability of the Gulf region "is beyond any doubts."

It welcomed Prince Sultan's statement in which he reaffirmed the Gulf states' determination to protect the interests of the Gulf region, free from any Eastern or Western powers and his declaration that the Gulf force was not directed against any body.

Hailing the positive outcome of the GCC defense ministers' conference, **Al-Bilad** said, "It reflected the authenticity of the Gulf ministers' will and ability to shoulder their major responsibility in preserving and defending the Gulf security and stability."

It added that the full understanding that prevailed during the

meeting had shown the clear far sightedness of the defense ministers and the awareness of their historical responsibility and duty.

On the same subject, **Al-Yom** said the resolutions adopted by the defense ministers represented the hopes and aspirations of the Gulf people and "will lead to great benefits for the states of the region as they shared a common history and religion."

The paper noted that the strengthening of the Gulf will be a constructive step toward enhancing the Islamic-Arab action for restoring the usurped rights.

Okaz said, "Although the defense ministers have not revealed the resolutions due to its secret military nature, the results of these resolutions will be clear to every body in the near future. The meeting has translated into practice the GCC leaders' clear conception for preserving the security and stability of the Gulf states."

"The Gulf people welcome the defense ministers' rejection from the very beginning of any foreign military presence in the region and the call for keeping the Gulf free from any superpower rivalry," it added.

Al-Jazirah welcomed the current meeting of the GCC finance and national economy ministers to explore suitable means for achieving Arab Gulf economic unity, which may lead to the formation of an effective Arab economic force in the world.

"The goal of realizing a strong economic basis for the Gulf states has been made possible not only because of the Gulf states oil reserves but also because of the available capital, which is essential for development," it said. (SPA)



Arab News interview

Mrs. Gandhi supports Saudi peace plan; rules out war in Mideast

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Dr. Fatima Shakir, the editor-in-chief of the London-based *Sayidat* magazine, the weekly family magazine published by the Saudi Research and Marketing Company, recently interviewed Indian Prime Minister Mrs. Indira Gandhi for *Arab News*. Mrs. Gandhi spoke of her support for the Palestinian cause as well as her hopes for a just settlement in the Middle East.

In the interview, Mrs. Gandhi also outlined her government's attitudes toward various international issues, such as the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the Nonalignment Movement and the Gulf Cooperation Council. Following is the text of the interview:]

By Dr. Fatima Shakir

Question: Israel's decision to annex the Syrian Golan Heights has ignited a new fuse in an already dangerously primed part of the world, raising the possibility of a new war there. What is your view of the situation?

Mrs. Gandhi: Personally, I don't think a new war is imminent, despite the recent aggressive line taken by Israel — a line which has been condemned by India as neither acceptable nor encouraging. One cannot be certain, of course, given the state of the world today, but I don't think a war will take place.

Q. Do you think that a peaceful solution for the crisis of the Middle East is possible?

A. Of course I do. But this depends on the wishes of the participants themselves. Those can find a peaceful solution if they want to. The problem is that I, personally, don't know if they really want to.

Q. Do you have any suspicions in this regard?

A. Yes, I do. Let me explain that despite our acceptance of the United Nations' decision to establish the state of Israel, our leader, the Mahatma Gandhi, emphasized at the time that the manner in which Israel was created was bound to cause trouble for the people of the area, that numerous problems will arise. We have warned against this from the beginning. That is why our stand toward the Palestinians was always one of full and continuous support for their rights. I am happy to say that Mr. Yasser Arafat is considered by us a good friend.

Q. What is the reason then for the cooperation between India and Israel?

A. I can deny categorically that such cooperation exists. There was none in the past, and I see no possibility for any in the future. But here I have to explain that during the period after the emergency, when I was out of government, the Janata premier of the time Morarji Desai invited and met an Israeli official — Moshe Dayan.

Q. Did you have any particular view of Saudi Arabia's plan for peace in the Middle East?

A. From the beginning, we supported the Saudi plan without reservations. But we also said that the decision to implement it belongs to the Arabs themselves.

The problem of Afghanistan

Q. It appears in the present international climate that the situation in Afghanistan has been relegated to the background. Your view regarding the military Soviet intervention there has not always been very clear...

A. Not at all. We have directly opposed any foreign intervention in the affair of any state, whether that interference was from the Soviet Union or the United States. Yet we did not join in the U.N. resolution condemning the Soviet Union, because there were no comparable Western resolutions when there were cases of interference from their side. The whole world knows of (Western) interference in Africa, Asia and Latin America, and it is our view that the same standards should be used in such cases, that they also have to be condemned.

Q. That is perhaps the essence of my question. You opposed but did not condemn the Soviet intervention, because the West also stands accused of similar behavior. Does this not seem like justifying a mistake by one side simply because the other side has committed similar mistakes?

A. The real problem in this matter — of intervention by the superpowers in the affairs of smaller nations — is that the international community uses double standards regarding it. We have been telling this to the international community for years. As to our stand on the Soviet intervention, we have made

it public and conveyed it directly to the Russians. But, at the same time, we did not consider their action in Afghanistan as constituting an invasion, as they entered the country in compliance with the request of the (Afghan) government of the time. Our stand seeks to alert others that intervention by some of great powers has caused wars to erupt, elected governments to resign, without condemnation from public opinion. This is the double standard we reject, double standards when it comes to implementing the U.N. Convention...

The Gulf visit

Q. Your visit to the Gulf last May caused a great deal of satisfaction and optimism regarding the future relations between India and the countries of the Gulf. You also expressed your satisfaction regarding the formation of the Gulf Cooperation Council. To what extent will India support and cooperate with the GCC's pursuit of its aims?

A. Our view is that the Gulf Council aims at encouraging and extending economic and cultural cooperation of the member countries, and we sup-

port the wish of any community of countries which establishes councils of this type for the service of the common good. We do not, however, support such moves when the aim is to oppose other countries. We therefore recognize the right of the countries of the Gulf to form their council in furtherance of their common interests, and have no right to stand in their way or interfere. But it is for the Gulf countries not to allow the wrong impression to be formed that the council was hostile to other countries.

Q. Has the GCC given you that impression?

A. No, not at all. But no one can tell what the future might bring. Also, you can't really tell what others are thinking.

Nonalignment

Q. You were always a strong supporter of the policy of nonalignment. Are you still of the same mind, and do you think this policy has served India's aims?

A. Yes I am. Experience has proved that the policy of nonalignment has enabled us to devote all our power and energy to developing our country. We have liberated ourselves from the views of other

countries. Our decisions are always taken from the point of view of our national aims, as well as from that of international peace. For we believe that international peace is of major importance for our aims and our development.

Q. In your view, can the countries of the Third World really liberate themselves from the pressures exerted by the great powers?

A. No. But, at the same time, the great powers cannot be free from the pressures exerted by the countries of the Third World. The Third World represents a huge hiving power which the industrial great powers cannot do without. Proof of this are the economic troubles in, for instance, the United States and Britain. These problems began to appear because of pressure from the countries of the Third World. We, for example, started from nothing. We started without even the basic necessities, such as food, let alone industry and finance. But we have struggled upwards, and I think many of the Asian countries have done the same. India has received aid from both West and East, yet it has used it in order to reach economic self-sufficiency. This ought to be the aim of the countries of the Third World.

U.S. seeking Japanese defense technology

By Donald Kirk

TOKYO —

U.S. military officials are imploring their erstwhile Japanese foe for the last word in the kind of technology needed to fight the wars of the 21st century.

American officers argue privately that the U.S. has been providing the Japanese with the know-how to equip their relatively small military machine for the past 30 years and say it's now time the Japanese returned the favor. The U.S. wants Japan, among other things, to provide the U.S. with the know-how in areas ranging from microcomputers for aiming and firing missiles to laser beams capable of knocking enemy satellites out of orbit.

The issue of obtaining Japanese technology for military purposes emerged again recently in negotiations between U.S. and Japanese officials on what is known as the "Japan-U.S. Security Consultative Committee" — a top-level body that last convened here more than three years ago.

Not surprisingly, Japanese leaders betrayed a certain reluctance to provide the nation that conquered Japan in 1945 with technology that Japanese manufacturers might prefer to keep for their own commercial purposes. "They're afraid U.S. companies might pick up the technology and use it in competition with Japan," said a U.S. source.

During the talks, however, Foreign Minister Yoshio Sakuruchi reportedly emphasized Japan's long-standing policy that bans the exports of arms of any kind, under any pretext. At the same time,

Japanese officials also have indicated Japan might make the U.S. an exception to this policy in view of the U.S.-Japan security treaty.

Wary of arousing a major controversy, U.S. officials denied having made any specific requests. Rather, said Maj. Gen. Mark Moore, chief of staff of U.S. forces in Japan, "We feel it's important to clearly define the process and parameters and from there discuss the specific."

Gen. Moore added, after the talks, that "it's going to take some little time" before the U.S. and Japan are ready to get down to details. Japan's prime minister, Zenko Suzuki, has promised a decision in the next few weeks on whether to give the U.S. access to Japanese technology for military purposes as a matter of principle.

"I suspect we'll still be less than one-third or 10 percent of the way there," said a U.S. diplomatic source, observing somewhat testily that whatever Japan gave the U.S. "still won't balance off the things we've given them."

American officials seemed upset by reports in Japanese newspapers — leaked by Japanese officials — about specific types of technology requested by the U.S. "We have not asked for X and Y and Z," said a diplomatic source. "We are talking about research and development and cooperation in everything from the exchange of data to licensed production" under which a U.S. company could manufacture products originally designed in Japan.

"You might have a situation where McDonnell Douglas and Mitsubishi developed a guidance system," said a diplomat, selecting the names of two of

the largest manufacturers, "but we're not talking about next year's weapons systems."

One solution, proposed at a meeting of the Systems and Technology Forum, consisting of officials from both countries, was that panels of U.S. and Japanese experts could discuss specific needs when they arose. "If the two countries need an anti-tank missile," said a U.S. source, "then the experts could get together on an arrangement."

The final solution he added, might be on "a company-to-company basis," the experts deciding who should manufacture what, where and how.

While mulling over the technology issue, U.S. and Japanese officials also agreed on a joint study on how to cope with emergency in the Far East outside Japan — another topic expected to arouse controversy here in view of Japan's constitutional constraint against waging war beyond its borders. Whatever happened, said Gen. Moore, "the principle of cooperation will be the driving principle." (ONS)

TODAY IN HISTORY

Today is Thursday, Jan. 28th, the 28th day of 1982. There are 337 days left in the year.

Highlights in history on this date:

1567 — Huguenots' persecution in France is suspended by Edict of Orleans.

1689 — Britain's Parliament declares James II has abdicated; Germany's Baron Melas devastates the palatinate.

1871 — Paris surrenders to Germany in Franco-Prussian war.

1885 — British relief force reaches Khartoum, and Sudan is evacuated.

1909 The United States control in Cuba is ended.

1920 — Turkish National Pact of Ankara is signed at Constantinople.

1932 — Japanese troops occupy city of Shanghai in China.

1961 — Ruanda provisional government proclaims republic.

1962 — The U.S. unmanned spacecraft, *Ranger III*, fails to hit moon and passes it at distance of 35,405 kms.

1964 — Riots break out in Salisbury, southern Rhodesia.

1976 — The U.S. Senate approves 200-mile fishing limit off American coasts.

1980 — Islamic foreign ministers meeting in Pakistan pass resolution condemning Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan.

Thought for today:

The luck of having talent isn't enough; you must also have a talent for luck — Hector Berlioz, French composer (1803-1869).

سكينة الاحول

New markets eyed

Big business dollars flood into Hollywood

By Ronald Clarke

LOS ANGELES, (R) — Hollywood, once considered the fading glamor girl of the entertainment industry, is being deluged with millions of big business dollars.

The reason may rest more in television, which gave the cinema box office its biggest battering, than in the cinema, according to film industry analysts.

Studio officials are banking on the rapidly-growing pay television industry, which charges people to watch films on their home television sets, becoming a giant moneymaker.

They also regard video cassettes as a growing seller. "We still don't know whether the market lies in selling or renting cassettes, but one thing is certain—in five years' time there will be a big demand for them," an executive of 20th Century-Fox Studio said.

Some industry analysts estimate these two markets will bring in a billion dollars a year by 1985. Film trade unions are insisting their new labor contracts have a clause guaranteeing their members a share of this revenue.

There has been a series of takeovers and reshuffles.

—The board of directors of Columbia Pictures has approved a takeover offer of \$750 million.

—An oil millionaire, Marvin Davis, who had not had a day's film experience, paid \$800 million last June for 20th Century-Fox.

—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer bought another major studio, United Artists, last July for \$380 million.

—Avo Embassy Pictures, one of the smaller studios, was sold to television producer Norman Lear and financier Jerry Perenchio this month for \$25 million.

Most people in these studios have welcomed the takeovers as a new source of money for their organizations.

It is early days, but so far there have been no public complaints of big business tactics curtailing artistic freedom.

Columbia, one of the most profitable studios, has a library of 3,000 films and 10,000 television programs and these could be a big profit-maker in pay television and cassettes.

Columbia, whose blockbuster hit, *Close Encounters of the Third Kind* enabled the studio to record a record annual profit of \$69 million in September, 1978, has had a number of recent box office successes. They include *Kramer Vs. Kramer*, starring Dustin Hoffman, *Star Wars* and *Stripes*.

Although a film producer can make a for-

tune if he chooses the right subject at the right time for a film, he can just as easily lose a fortune.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer whose stock in trade used to be big musicals, bought United Artists after United was saddled with one of Hollywood's biggest financial flops, the \$40 million *Heaven's Gate*.

Once touted as the *Gone With The Wind* of Westerns, the film, starring Kris Kristofferson, was salvaged by the film critics, re-edited and brought back for a second showing. It appeared only briefly before disappearing into the studio vaults.

But United Artists, mainly a financial backer and distributor of films, had the rights to many of the James Bond films and such classics as *Casablanca*, starring Humphrey Bogart — all good sellers for pay television and cassettes.

Marvin Davis, who has an obsession for privacy which has earned him the nickname "The Howard Hughes," has revealed an extra reason for buying 20th Century-Fox — its 63 acres (25 hectares) of expensive studio space in the center of Los Angeles.

He said in a newspaper interview he intends to move the film and television stages to a new center in about two years.

The \$4.5 million a-year chief executive, Dennis Stanfills departed three weeks after Davis bought the studio. Davis also named two old friends, former President Gerald Ford and former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, to the board.

But a 35-year-old former actress, Sherry Lansing, is still film chief and studio officials said the production schedule has not been changed.

A 20th Century-Fox executive, Michael Nolan, said he has been involved in a film which was made in Australia where there were tax incentives. The studio was interested in laying off risk, he said.

A film analyst said an attraction of the film industry, unlike in the case of a car maker, was that a studio could decide within a wide range how much it would spend on a film.

Some of the biggest moneymakers of last year, including *Superman II* and *Raiders of the Lost Ark*, relied mainly on effects. Paramount Studios which distributed *Raiders*, said the film had already taken in more than \$170 million at box offices.

Variety, which reports on the entertainment industry, said the number of tickets sold at U.S. cinema box offices each year has remained in the billion dollar range for the past 20 years — after the initial impact of television.

India's rivers discharging uranium

NEW DELHI, (PTI) — Major rivers in India are discharging "several tons" of uranium every year into the sea, according to a study by the Physical Research Laboratory (PRL) in Ahmedabad (Gujarat).

Two major rivers of Gujarat State, the Narmada and the Tapi, starting deep in the Deccan Plateau in central India and flowing into the Gulf of Cambay on the country's west coast, discharge annually about 20 and four tons of uranium respectively, the study has recorded.

The PRL measured the concentration of major elements sodium, potassium, calcium and magnesium and important radioactive elements like uranium in river estuaries and

in the coastal and ocean sediments.

The study found that uranium is present at a concentration of about one gram per thousand tons of fresh water. The net input of uranium by the river into the estuary goes straight into the ocean, according to the study.

This uranium mixes into the ocean water and some of it deposits in the open ocean regions of the adjacent Arabian Sea and becomes part of the deep sea mud.

According to the scientists, this kind of uranium deposition is unusual to the normal ocean environment. There is nothing special in the Narmada and Tapi rivers as far as uranium deposition is concerned. All Indian rivers of that size drain about that much uranium into the sea annually.

Famous, crime-buffs attend trial

Jury agrees 'impaired judgement' claim should lessen convict's murder penalty

By Doyle McManus

NEW YORK (LAT) — Jack Henry Abbott, the convict-turned-writer who won parole with the help of novelist Norman Mailer, was found guilty of a reduced charge of manslaughter recently by a jury that decided his 25 years in prison had made him unable to cope with life in freedom.

Abbott, 38, was charged with second-degree murder for the stabbing of Richard Adan, 22, an actor and part-time restaurant manager with whom he had quarreled over the use of a bathroom.

The self-taught author admitted that he killed Adan with a single knife thrust to the heart. But his lawyer argued that the 25 years he has already spent in penal institutions — all but nine months of his life since the age of 12 — had made him "paranoid" and impaired his judgment.

A jury of seven men and five women agreed. After two days of deliberations, the jurors delivered a verdict of first-degree manslaughter on the grounds that Abbott was suffering an "extreme emotional disturbance" when he killed Adan.

The trial ended on a note as strange as the story that set it in motion.

"I tried my best," juror Michael Lucas told Abbott, who remained silent. "Happy birthday" a woman juror shouted. It was Abbott's 38th birthday.

Despite the reduced charge, Abbott may yet spend the rest of his years behind bars. Because of his previous convictions, Abbott faces a minimum sentence of six to 12 years and a maximum sentence of 25 years to life, prosecutor James Fogel said. A murder verdict would have carried a minimum sentence of 15 years to life. Justice Irving Lang said he will pronounce a sentence on Feb. 24.

"I'm shocked," said Henry Howard, Adan's father-in-law. "How many people do you have to kill before society says you do not have the right to walk on the streets again?"

The jury accepted defense lawyer Ivan Fisher's argument that Abbott reacted to Adan's words and gestures in their argument as if he were still in a prison yard. "Jack Henry Abbott acted on a belief that was reasonable to him — that he had to strike

Richard Adan or be killed," the lawyer told the jury.

Prosecutor Fogel disagreed, arguing that Abbott had consistently lied about his actions, and attempted to portray the case as an ordinary crime — a straightforward, "cold, calculated murder."

"He shouldn't get the benefit of some (unusual) defense because he's a celebrity," the prosecutor said.

But there was little of the ordinary about Jack Henry Abbott from the start.

He has said he never knew his parents. Placed in foster homes, he was put in reform school at age 12. At 18 he landed in an adult penitentiary for passing stolen checks. He killed a fellow prisoner in a knife fight; he escaped, robbed a bank and was recaptured; he attacked prison guards and spent weeks in solitary confinement.

He also learned how to write, angrily and often powerfully. He began corresponding with Mailer, who was himself working on a book about prisons and prisoners. "I have been twisted by justice," he wrote. "The way other men can be twisted by love."

But he also wrote of violence. He once explained graphically to Mailer how to kill a man with a knife, with a well-aimed blow direct to the heart: "You can feel his life trembling through the knife in your hand. It almost overwhelms you, the gentleness of the feeling at the center of a coarse act of murder."

Said Mailer: "I felt all the awe one knows before a phenomenon." The novelist arranged for the letters to be published as a book, wrote Abbott's parole board urging his release, and promised to give the convict a job as a research assistant.

When Jack Abbott arrived in New York June 5 — his first day of freedom in 19 years — he was an instant cult hero, the darling of the city's literary salons. But he quickly found life "on the outside" full of unexpected tensions and confrontations.

When he tried to open a bank account, the bank said he had no proper identification. When he visited a museum and saw his first oil painting, a guard curtly ordered him to put out his cigarette — and set off all of Abbott's prison hostility. According to one account,

Abbott threw the lit cigarette in the guard's face.

In time, he tired of the literary-circuit parties. In a collision of two over-large egos, he quarreled unhappily with Mailer. And he worried, as he had never had to worry in prison, about what to do next with his six-week-old writing career.

Most of all, Abbott resented his nightly confinement in a halfway house in Manhattan's seedy Bowery district; too many prison-style rules, he said, and the rough neighborhood made him nervous. "He was afraid to walk around the Bowery at night, physically afraid," said Jean Malaquais, a French writer who became Abbott's closest friend.

In the early hours of July 18, after visiting several night clubs, Abbott and two women friends stopped for breakfast at an all-night restaurant near the halfway house. Richard Adan was the night manager, and Abbott almost immediately took a disliking to him; he said he thought Adan was trying to humiliate him in front of his friends.

The two men argued, apparently because Adan told Abbott he could not use an employee bathroom. They stepped outside. Witnessess said Adan appeared to be advising Abbott to go to a nearby vacant lot. But Abbott testified that he believed that Adan was challenging him to a fight — "one of the most tragic misunderstandings I can imagine."

Abbott said he stabbed Adan in the chest with a short, broad knife he had bought for cutting fruit. Adan staggered back, fell to the ground gasping for breath, and died.

Abbott fled, made his way to Mexico, and tried to arrange boat passage to Cuba, where he believed he would be welcomed as a self-proclaimed communist.

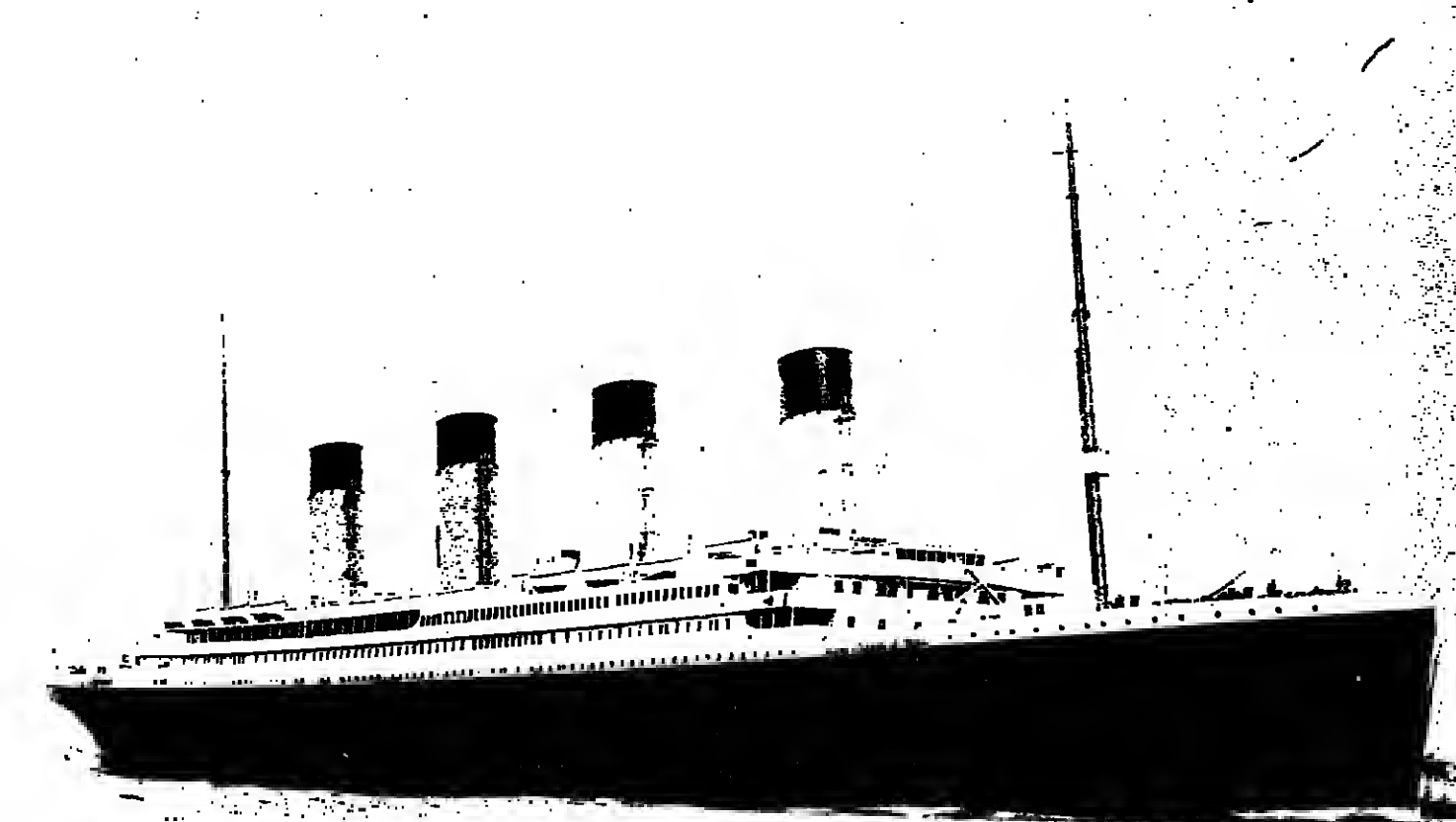
But he found no fishermen willing to ferry him across the Gulf. He crossed back into the United States and found work in a oilfield.

The two-week trial attracted scores of crime buffs, would-be writers and curiosity-seekers. Actor Christopher Walken and actress Susan Sarandon attended a day of testimony as Abbott's guests, prompting speculation that Walken may play the convict in a film based on the book.

The Titanic claims its last victim

Final curtain call for British showman Lew Grade

By Brian Cathcart



THE TITANIC: The multi-million-dollar film epic *Raise The Titanic* ended up sinking show business tycoon Lew Grade, who after the film's losses was forced to relinquish control of his entertainment empire he created.

Political relaxation blamed

Chinese suggest cultural activities can overcome superstitious beliefs

By Richard Pascoe

PEKING, (R) — Medieval exorcisms with victims beaten to death, fortune tellers driving people to suicide, witches and wizards chanting spells, and occult ceremonies to marry the dead. Old Chinese ghost stories perhaps?

No, these are official press reports of life in the People's Republic, where atheism has been official state policy for 30 years.

Superstition, mercilessly suppressed when Mao Tse Tung tried to lead China into the 20th Century overnight, has begun to re-emerge in the political relaxation which has followed his death in 1976.

Though not a big problem in the cities, it is widespread enough in the countryside to have prompted the government to launch a national propaganda campaign against it in the run-up to Chinese New Year on Jan. 25.

Official newspapers have printed reports from all over the country of superstitious practices which have brought tragedy to unwitting believers.

According to a letter in the *China Youth News*, several families on a commune in Jiangsu Province held occult wedding ceremonies for sons and daughters who had died unmarried.

In each case a matchmaker was chosen to find a suitable partner, and the girl's body was disinterred and reburied next to that of her new "husband" so they could lead a happier life in the after-world.

To enable the phantom household to enjoy a reasonable standard of living, carefully crafted paper models of a big house, a bicycle,

a sewing machine, a television, an electric fan and a radio were ceremoniously burnt at the marriage rites.

The writer said three dead couples had been "married" like this to his knowledge. He called for strict prohibition of such activities, saying they had a bad influence on young people.

He also complained that government officials and Communist Party members, who are supposed to be atheists, had joined in such ceremonies. Similar practices have even been heard of in the outskirts of Shanghai.

The marriages are a revival of a ritual from traditional Chinese folk religion, which is an amalgam of Buddhism, Taoism, Confucian ancestor worship and primitive animism.

The government scorns such folk beliefs as feudal superstition and refuses to regard them in the same category as the major world faiths.

But other more sinister reports tell of cruel murders stemming from similar practices.

In the Manchurian province of Liaoning, a witch was jailed for seven years and her assistant for five years after they tortured to death a 19-year-old girl they said was possessed by demons.

The reports said that during the exorcism they tied her up and beat her. She died after being suffocated with incense.

In neighboring Heilongjiang Province, a 22-year-old woman suffering from schizophrenia was saved from a similar fate by members of a local women's association who burst in while she was being flogged.

In the eastern province of Shandong, a man died in the hospital after he was tied up and forced to drink vile substances for three hours to cure his nephew of dysentery.

There has been an even greater revival in fortune telling, another outdated occult trade which has a recorded history of several thousand years in China.

The *Dazhong Daily* reported that one fortune teller, posing as the "Taishan Grand-mother," a popular mountain goddess, predicted such bad luck for a wedding that par-

ents forbade it, driving one young person mad and his or her partner to suicide.

Another soothsayer reportedly told a young man in Hunan province that he would soon get rich, with the result that he tried his luck at gambling and lost everything he had — including his fiancée who jilted him.

The *Youth News* said Feng-Shui men, traditional diviners of the wind and water spirits who tell architects which way their buildings should face and householders the most auspicious way to lay out furniture, were also making a come-back.

Ooe Feng-Shui man in Hunan was blamed for the deaths of two men and injuries to another seven after he divined an early "auspicious day" for the completion of a house.

The deadline was so tight that the men laid heavy beams on brick walls while the cement was still wet. The building collapsed on top of them.

A report from the southeastern province of Fujian said that one commune had gone wild rebuilding temples which had been converted to warehouses, factories and schools during Maoist years. The secular occupants were all evicted, the report added.

Each of the commune's 40 villages now had a temple, due to the efforts of 16 Taoist priests and nuns, who had also persuaded overseas Chinese benefactors to switch donations from an electrification project to rebuilding a shrine, it said.

The *Fujian Daily* said in a commentary a distinction had to be drawn between freedom of religion as guaranteed in the constitution and superstitious trickery.

It said that while people could believe in ghosts if they wished, it was not permitted to use superstition to threaten people or extort money from them.

The party newspaper *People's Daily* made the same point, and blamed the revival of both superstition and illegal gambling on the extremist cultural revolution from 1966-76. The party has called for plenty of "civilized and healthy" cultural activities over the lunar new year holiday instead.

LONDON (R) — The liner *Titanic*, which went down in the Atlantic 70 years ago, has just claimed its last and possibly most famous victim — show business tycoon Lew Grade.

Lord Grade, Britain's cigar-chewing movie mogul, was forced recently to relinquish control of the entertainment empire he created.

His multi-million-dollar film epic *Raise The Titanic* ironically ended up sinking him. Conceived as a blockbuster, it was ignored by the public.

The rare but costly error in reading popular taste sparked a chain of events which threw control of the grade empire into the hands of Australian businessman Robert Holmes A'Court and brought the curtain down on Britain's greatest showman.

Characteristically, the 75-year-old Grade shrugged off the film's failure with a joke, commenting ruefully: "It would have been cheaper to lower the Atlantic."

Born Louis Winogradski in Odessa in 1906, Grade was brought up in London's tough East End and first tasted show business success as a Charleston dance champion.

He went behind the scenes to become an agent and, with his brother Leslie, built Britain's biggest agency.

Then, on a hunch that commercial television would pay big dividends, he bought into a fledgling station and made his fortune.

In his 20-year television career he had a matchless instinct for a hit, capturing worldwide audiences with *The Saint*, *Moses The Lawgiver*, *The Muppet Show*, and the soap opera *Crossroads*.

But when at 70 he reached the age limit for a television boss here, he took up a new challenge — rebuilding the British film industry and taking on Hollywood at its own game.

With a huge appetite for wheeling and dealing and a budget to match, he threw himself into task and the fat Havana cigars — his weekly bill is 150 sterling (\$285) — and one-line wisecracks became features of the movie scene.

A lavish grade banquet for film industry executives became established as a high point of the annual Cannes Festival after he calmly announced there in 1976 that he planned to spend 50 million sterling (\$95 million) a year on films.

But the lowbrow style which had produced television hits did not bring him success in cinema. Grade's output was dominated by mediocre material which showed poor financial returns.

The \$33-million fiasco of *Raise The Titanic* shook the confidence of his board and his shareholders.

Grade broke with his long-time financial adviser Jack Gill but a boardroom battle ensued when some leading shareholders blocked the record 750,000 sterling (\$1.4 million) "golden handshake" he wanted to offer Gill.

As that battle simmered, soft-spoken Holmes A'Court, a minority shareholder, made a bid to unseat Lord Grade, offering 36 million sterling (\$68 million) for his Associated Communications Corporation (ACC).

Holmes A'Court, a textile and transport millionaire skilled in takeover techniques, was looking beyond ACC's film and television interests at its extensive property and insurance activities and its cinemas, theaters and music publishing firms.

After a 17-hour board meeting the directors accepted the bid and Grade stepped down as chairman, taking up an offer of a role in the company under the new management.

But just as the loose ends in the Holmes A'Court deal were being tied, the British property firm Heron Corporation topped the offer with a bid of 42.5 million sterling (\$81 million).

Now Holmes A'Court has a majority of the shares, the choice is his. Financial experts say he may be tempted by the prospect of a quick profit from resale to Heron.

However Gill, still waiting for his severance money, has temporarily thrown a wrench in the works by going to court to hold up the takeover until ACC pays him.



ARCTIC WEATHER: As the cold weather lingers on in many parts of the world, this polar bear at the London Zoo appears to be one of the few creatures enjoying it. Even he doesn't look so sure about the drop in temperature.

Papandreou stabilizes authority

Greece shelves Socialist plans

ATHENS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — One hundred days after its spectacular election victory, the Socialist government of Premier Andreas Papandreou has consolidated its authority but has had to shelve most of its election promises.

A clear political tactician, Papandreou has

U.S. praises Thai swoop on drug gang

BANGKOK, Jan. 27 (AP) — The United States Wednesday praised the Thai government's attack against the stronghold of a key opium warlord as a "courageous, forceful action" and an "important blow against heroin production and trafficking."

A U.S. government statement released by the U.S. Embassy here said the United States also joined with the Thais in "regret and concern over the casualties sustained by Thai forces in the operations."

Thai ground forces, supported at air strikes, last Thursday attacked a stronghold of Khun Sa, alias Chang Choe Fu, in northern Thailand. Khun Sa is regarded as the Kingpin in a multi-million dollar trade in heroin, which is refined from opium grown in an area of Thailand. Burma and Laos knows as the "golden triangle."

Australia's ambassador to Thailand Gordon Jockel, in a toast on the occasion of Australia Day Tuesday, said "in taking this action Thailand is suffering grievous losses and casualties for the sake of the future of the international community." The border patrol police to date has suffered 17 dead and 45 wounded. Two other policemen were killed Tuesday in what was believed to be retaliation by Khun Sa's Shan United Army, a rebel source engaged in trafficking.

Heroin from the opium triangle flows to Western Europe, Australia, the United States and Asian points. Foreign narcotics officials had been urging the Thais to take tough action. The difficulties of a military operation in the triangle and corruption in past Thai administrations had allowed Khun Sa and others easy access to Thai soil. Khun Sa's stronghold of Baan Hin Taek, located near the Burmese border, is a kind of fiefdom ruled over by the rebel leader.

Thai Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanonda personally ordered the operation. Thai have cited both narcotics and a violation of Thai sovereignty as reasons for attacking Khun Sa, who claims he is fighting for independence for the Shan ethnic minority group from the central Burmese government.

confounded those of his opponents who predicted the speedy collapse of the first Socialist government since the creation of the Greek state in 1832. Since the triumph of the Panhellenic Socialist movement Pasok at the polls on Oct. 18, Papandreou has not followed up on Socialist nationalization plans, or in the foreign policy field, on the threat to pull Greece out of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the European Economic Community (EEC).

This extremely cautious approach has apparently reassured conservatives and allowed the country's institutions to function normally. The Socialist government has to reckon with a conservative president, Constantine Karamanlis, who enjoys great personal prestige with the voters.

The only reforms undertaken so far have been legislation granting the vote to 18-year-olds, the abolition of censorship and a less rigorous attitude toward Communists. Faced with the problems of 25-30 percent inflation and rising unemployment, Papandreou has been wooing the initially-hostile employers with some success. The representatives of the employers now seem inclined to cooperate with the government, especially since Socialist plans to nationalize the cement industry, fertilizers and shipyards have been put on the back burner.

The government is still working on its reform of the civil service designed to cut down on bureaucracy. And it has not yet produced its bill instituting civil marriage which has encountered strong opposition from the Greek orthodox church.

Another project to have been apparently shelved is the reduction of military service from the present 24 months. The government has in fact reassured the conservative leaders of the armed forces, who are favorable to NATO, by announcing an increase in military

Koivisto stresses Finland neutrality

HELSINKI, Jan. 27 (AFP) — New Finnish President Mauno Koivisto stressed the neutrality of his country and its special relationship with the Soviet Union in his inaugural speech here Wednesday.

He said that it was "of primary importance" to pursue the good relations which his predecessor Urho Kekkonen had developed between Helsinki and Moscow under the 1948 treaty of friendship, cooperation and mutual assistance.

Koivisto added that he would strive to "preserve and reinforce the prestige and confidence Helsinki enjoys internationally thanks to its policy of peace." He wound up his speech with a tribute to Kekkonen.

Well-informed sources in Helsinki said that the new president would pursue the tradition of making his first official visit abroad

expenditure and the creation of an export-oriented armaments industry.

The most striking developments in the past three months have been in foreign policy, notably with the adoption of a strongly pro-Arab stance. The Greeks rolled out the red carpet for the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), Yasser Arafat, when he visited Athens last month and accorded the PLO diplomatic status. Libya, too, has been described as "a friendly country."

Papandreou has followed a compromise policy toward NATO and the EEC. While toning down the extremely antagonistic line taken during the election campaign, the Greek government has nevertheless become a difficult partner in these organizations although there is now no question of any break-off in relations. The threat of a referendum — to which President Karamanlis is opposed — on Greek membership in the EEC has faded. Papandreou is now merely seeking a modification of certain clauses in the Treaty of Rome said to favor the northern Common Market countries at the expense of their Mediterranean partners.

While Greece has not been an easy partner in NATO since the Socialists came to power, it is a far cry from the election campaign demands for a Greek withdrawal from the organization or the closing of all American bases. The official policy is now to negotiate with the United States for the departure of the Americans but negotiations with Washington have not yet started.

Observers believe that Papandreou does not really want to close the bases but would try to use the negotiations with Washington to obtain more positive support from the United States, particularly in relation to Turkey.

not to Moscow, but to Stockholm, the capital of neutral Sweden. Meanwhile, centrist acting Premier Eino Uusitalo Wednesday submitted the resignation of his cabinet to Koivisto.

Talks for a new government are expected to begin next week, and sources here said the new president would like the outgoing left-of-center government he led as premier to continue under a centrist politician in order to balance the domestic political situation. Koivisto is a Social Democrat.

The same sources added, however, that the centrist may not be willing to lead the new government. With a difficult economic situation and tough budget talks expected soon, they would rather stay out and try to reinforce their position for the forthcoming general elections in March 1983, they said.

U.K. invents tiny device for diabetics

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — British medical scientists displayed Tuesday a piece of miniature engineering for the long-term treatment of diabetes, which they claim can reduce and sometimes reverse the development of side-effect diseases causing blindness and damage to the nerves, kidneys and blood vessels.

The invention, shown to reporters at the state-run National Institute for Medical Research at Mill Hill, London, is a miniaturized infuser, run by digital electronics and weighing 6.3 ounces (180 grams).

Instead of the usual once or twice daily injection, the infuser supplies a drop of insulin every four minutes and has controls that shut it down and sound an alarm if a dose looks like being too little or too large. The patient has only one control to think about — a button to push for an extra insulin shot at mealtimes.

"If anything goes wrong, the infuser will record the details for later inspection by a clinician," said 53-year-old Denis Rothwell, head of the engineering department, who led the development team.

The battery-powered infuser, worn on a waist belt and delivering insulin under the skin through a fine tube hidden under the clothes is about the size and weight of a small bar of soap. Its brain is a computer-built silicon chip, four millimeters square, containing some 5,000 transistors and 270 logic cells. Members of the team said that once the chip is built, the infuser should cost about 15 pounds (\$28) and they expect it to reach the market late this year.

The new infuser works at least a week without refilling. It is smaller and more precise than Mill Hill's original, 10-year-old model, in worldwide use, which needs daily refills and has no refined controls. The new model took two and a half years to develop and grew out of pioneering work on continuous infusion at Guy's Hospital, London, and from tests at diabetes clinics in the United States and Europe.

"The tests showed improvements in diabetes-related diseases if insulin is given continuously — after a few months in some cases of eye damage," Rothwell said. Although insulin shots enable most patients to lead normal lives, high glucose levels eventually damage body tissues, notably in the eyes, kidneys and nerves.

Rothwell said: "It is very difficult to achieve normal blood glucose concentrations in diabetics, using ordinary insulin injections with a needle and syringe. The new infuser closely mimics the way the pancreas works in making natural insulin in the body." The Mill Hill team described the improved control of body glucose levels given by the new infuser as "dramatic."

Farm first, says Ann's hubby

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — Capt. Mark Phillips, husband of Princess Anne, was quoted Wednesday as saying that sometimes his royal spouse must take a back seat to the running of their Gloucestershire farm.

The British horseback riding magazine *The Field* quoted Phillips, a former cavalry officer and member of the British riding team at the 1972 Olympics, as saying in an interview that he finds it difficult to keep up with the public appearances his wife must make.

"There are never enough hours in the day," he said. "On the whole, I tend to do

things with Princess Anne during the day. In the evenings, I try and go where and when I can. But earlier, the horses and the farm have to come first."

Phillips, 33, trains a dozen horses at the estate in rural Gloucestershire west of London where he and Anne, 31, Queen Elizabeth II's only daughter, have lived since their marriage in 1973. Phillips also manages the estate's farmland.

Last year, Phillips accepted a three-year sponsorship for the horses from Land Rover, the British automaker, worth \$111,000.

IMPORTANT FOR FARMERS
IBEN DAKHEEL EST.
in UNIZAH

ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF THE MOST MODERN
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS PRODUCED WORLDWIDE.

IRRICO Brand, FRENCH Made
widely used in Europe & U.S.A



SPECIFICATIONS:

1. EASY TO USE
2. ENGINEERS ARE AVAILABLE FOR INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE
3. EASY TO INSTALL
4. SPARE PARTS ARE AVAILABLE

For more details please contact

IBEN AL DAKHEEL EST.

Al Gaseem / Unizah Boradah Road

P.O. Box: 127 Tel: 364-0855 / 364-2524

Cable: IBEN DAKHEEL Telex: 803121-AZIZ SJ

North West Europe?
Take the easy way with KLM

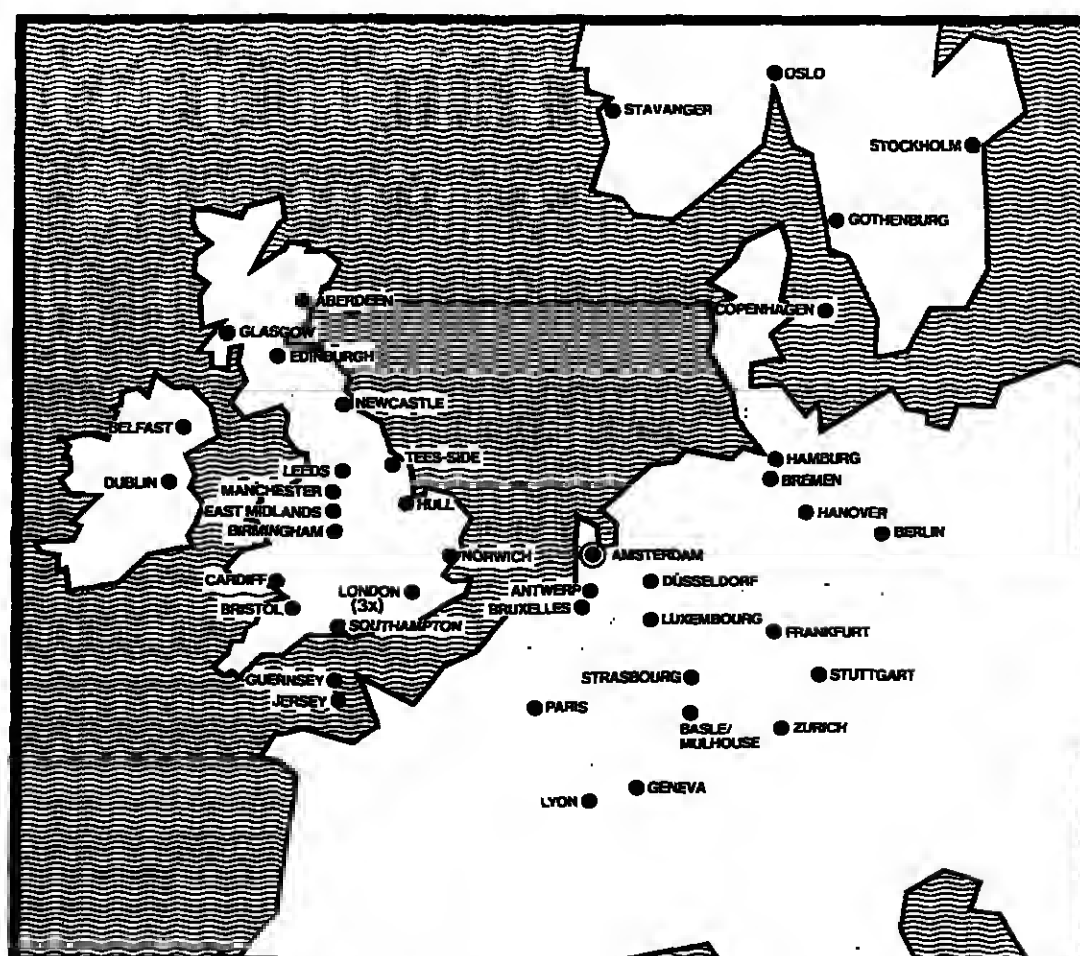
A wide choice of destinations open up the whole of North West Europe

With KLM the whole of NW Europe is so much easier to reach. In co-operation with our partners we fly to all capital cities and many major business centres in the UK, Ireland, Scandinavia, Germany, France, Belgium and Luxembourg from our home-base Amsterdam, famous for its efficient and friendly airport — Schiphol. Schiphol boasts the largest and cheapest tax-free centre in Europe, with no less than 51 shops, boutiques and supermarkets.

A free de-luxe break in Amsterdam

Why not Stay-on-the-Way in Amsterdam? It's one of Europe's most entertaining cities, with sophisticated stores, fine museums and magnificent architecture. Nightlife? Unique in Europe. Enjoy a free break in this surprising city. A de-luxe hotel room for one day or night — including a meal — won't cost you a penny. And transfers to and from the city terminal are taken care of as well.

Offered by the Holland Promotion Foundation to all KLM Royal Class and Business Class passengers, arriving in or departing from Amsterdam on a direct intercontinental flight.



Cities in North West Europe which are served by KLM and its partners.



The reliable airline of Holland

KLM Business Class — one of the most popular in the world

Why not make travelling for business more of a pleasure, with KLM's new Business Class. On all our DC-10's we guarantee you comfortable two-abreast seating. The middle seat becomes a table — ideal when you've a lot of paperwork. You'll enjoy a really quiet and relaxing separate cabin. And we'll be making Business more of a pleasure on the ground, too. Almost everywhere you'll be provided with separate check-in facilities.

The easy, efficient airport

Amsterdam Airport has everything to the advantage of the passenger. Automatic luggage transfer. Moving walkways. Transfer desks on convenient locations. A snooze-room, showers. And all under one roof.

To Amsterdam from	Flight	Departure	Time
Dhahran	KL 522	Tuesday	11.20
Dhahran	KL 550	Thursday	01.25
Dhahran	KL 550	Sunday	01.25
Jeddah	KL 548	Wednesday	09.50
Jeddah	KL 520	Thursday	01.50
Bahrain	KL 552	Monday	10.05

Passengers from Riyadh have a choice of flights connecting with KLM departures from Dhahran and Jeddah.

* Daytime flight from Dhahran on Tuesdays.

* Bahrain now included in the KLM network with a daytime flight.

Al Khobar, Kanoo Centre, King Abdul Aziz Boulevard, Tel. 8645953, 864718. Dhahran, Dhahran International Airport, P.O. Box 123, Tel. 8951234. Jeddah, Jeddah Shopping Centre, Medina Road, P.O. Box 1081, Tel. 6670888, 6673744. General Sales Agent: Haji Abdullah Alireza & Co. Ltd. Riyadh, c/o Riyadh Tours and Travel Services, El Ahssa Road (Pepsi Road), P.O. Box 753, Tel. 4789578, 4789496, ext. 213 ufi 222, General Sales Agent, Riyadh Tours and Travel Services.

حديقة من الاجل

As strike hits commuters

U.K. media reveals rackets by railmen

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — Newspaper allegations of widespread racketeering among Britain's 180,000 railroad workers were repeated Wednesday as weary commuters faced the country's seventh 24-hour national rail strike in 15 days.

As huge traffic railbacks built up on roads into London and other cities, *The Sun* printed allegations by the wife of a train driver that drivers, porters, inspectors, parcels staff and booking office clerks systematically work pay, overtime and duty rostering rackets on a massive scale.

The allegations by Londoner Mrs. Nancy Breen came on top of charges by Crown Court Judge Eric McLellan of "systematic malpractice" among British Rail staff after the jailing of a timekeeper for cheating the state-owned network of nearly \$5,580 in phony overtime claims.

Leaders of the drivers' union, the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen (ASLEF) say the allegations are "utter rubbish." The row about alleged racketeering started last week when *The Sun* infuriated rail workers by printing allegations by two trainee drivers that drivers and conductors are paid "thousands of pounds a week ... in wages and overtime... for time spent on lying in bed."

The London *Times* joined the row Saturday, alleging that British Rail managers were "well aware" that widespread moonlighting (British slang for having a second job) by

footplatemen (drivers) goes on. The few hours worked within a guaranteed eight-hour day enables them to run taxi and window cleaning businesses.

British Railways (BR) said the trainees who made the original allegations — Geoff Leighson, 23, and Max Wallace, 22 — have been put under police guard in case of attack by angry colleagues. Wallace himself has been charged with dishonestly obtaining a day's pay from BR and falsifying a work record to get false payments for another man.

The two men said they were speaking from "sheer disgust" at the "fiddling, cheating and lying." They told the tabloid, which has Britain's biggest newspaper circulation with 4.1 million copies sold a day, of: —Drivers spending time at discotheques when they should have been working; —Phantom work rosters enabling staff to go "moonlighting" on British Rail time; —Drivers signing on for work, then immediately returning home to bed while other men covered for them; —Rewritten duty rosters enabling drivers to work only a few hours a week yet claim overtime; —Drivers allowing teenagers to drive trains unsupervised while senior men slept off.

British Rail has started an investigation of their allegations. ASLEF officials said the two men had no evidence to back up their allegations. Ray Buckton, general secretary of ASLEF, said: "We don't agree with any of the statements made by these two men."

From science papers

French purge English words

PARIS, Jan. 27 (AP) — Alarmed about the invasion of English words into technical vocabularies, the French government is attempting to purge Anglicisms from the research papers of French scientists.

In its war against the invasion of English, the government has admitted defeat in ridding the general French public of such old standbys as "le weekend," "le parking" and more recently "le jogging." But it is acting firmly against the scientific use of such American computer terms as "le hardware" and "le software." "Is French still a scientific language," the respected French daily *Le Monde* asked in a headline recently, following it up with an article entitled "Public in English or Perish."

The government's purge comes in response to recent surveys indicating that as many as 75 percent of French scientists have submitted research papers in English at conferences held in France. To combat the problem, French Research and Technology Minister Jean Chevènement has sent a letter to leading French scientific organizations requesting that their members "systematically" publish in French at conferences held in French-speaking lands.

The request annoyed many French scientists, who contend that if they publish papers exclusively in their native tongue, they will be limiting their audience.

Although French is the second language after English in international diplomacy, it is ranked only 11th in terms of the number of people who speak it around the world. English, Spanish, Arabic, Portuguese, languages of China, Russian, Hindi, Japanese, German and Malaysian all outrank it.

The government's request to publish in French also has bewildered many of the nation's scientists, who point out there are often no French equivalents for technical

words coined by Americans. Not to be put off, the government has set about to bring such French words into existence. In January, the French Industry Ministry published a list of French computer words created with the assistance of the 40 "immortals" of the prestigious Académie Française, a council of noted writers who act as a watchdog over the purity of the French language.

"Le logiciel" has become the new term for software and "le matériel" for hardware, while "la banque de données" is the French term for data bank. Some of the changes are mere cosmetic transfers of the English concept into French spelling. A multi-processor has become "un multiprocesseur" while the English term "on line" has been translated as "en ligne."

The government's concern about the use of French is so strong that it sent Chevènement to Montreal last November to attend an international conference on the future use of French in scientific publications and communications. It was the first such meeting of its kind.

Peking claims 11 centenarians

PEKING, Jan. 27 (AP) — Peking now has 11 residents aged 100 or older, with the oldest 104 years old, the *Peking Evening News* reported Wednesday.

It said 104-year-old Zhang Menshi, a great-great-grandmother, is in good health and still can thread a needle. She lives with her 57-year-old grandson, who attributes her longevity to being broad-minded and generous, leading a regular life, enjoying tranquil surroundings and not overeating, the paper said. Two of the 100-year-olds are men.

Petition filed against aide of rock star

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27 (R) — Priscilla Presley, former wife of Elvis Presley, has alleged in a petition that the rock star's manager, Col. Tom Parker, negotiated a record contract in which he received more money than the late singer.

The petition alleged that Parker failed to reveal all the details of Presley's contracts and owed the singer's estate more than \$5 million. The record contract was negotiated in March 1973, the petition said without giving the amounts involved. "We are trying to discover these amounts from Col. Parker," said San Francisco lawyer Charles Breyer.

Mrs. Presley is one of three co-executors of the Presley estate and the sole heir is the singer's 14-year-old daughter, Lisa Marie Presley. The petition alleged that Parker was never licensed in California as a talent agent as required by state law.

Hollywood theatrical agents estimate that Presley earned more than \$200 million from 1955, when Parker became his manager, until he died 22 years later. Parker, who lives in Palm Springs, California, was not immediately available to comment on the petition.

BRIEFS

PARIS, (R) — A bomb exploded in a bank in central Paris Tuesday night, causing damage to the building but no casualties, police said. The Armenian group "Orly" had claimed responsibility for the attack, they added.

WASHINGTON, (AFP) — The Cuban government helped a Colombian smuggle drugs to the United States in exchange for his aid in passing arms to a Colombian leftist guerrilla movement, a State Department official said early Wednesday. The official, who asked not to be identified, said he had learned of the deal from the alleged drug smuggler, whom he identified as Jaime Guillot Lara, who is currently being held by Mexican authorities on contraband charges.

BOSTON, (AP) — Two passengers who were aboard a World Airways DC-10 jet when it plunged off a runway into Boston harbor over the weekend night are missing, officials said Tuesday. It had been believed that all 196 passengers and 12 crew members had escaped serious injury when the jetliner slid off the runway Saturday night.

BOGOTA, (AFP) — The head of the April 19 (M-19) guerrilla movement, Jaime Bateman Cayon, Tuesday announced his intention to run for the Colombian presidency in next May's elections. In a communique issued to the press, the Clandestine M19 said they were replying to a call by a government minister "to lay down your arms ... (and) weigh your electoral strength at the polls."

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, (AP) — A radio news program was ordered off the air Tuesday for broadcasting news harmful to the ruling junta, the government communications office said.

LONDON, (AP) — Sean Bourke, the Irishman who helped a Soviet spy escape from a London jail in 1966 and later wrote a book about the episode, has died at the age of 47.

DAR ES SALAAM, (AP) — Fifty-two persons have died of cholera in the Igonga district of west-central Tanzania since last month and the area is "under quarantine," Radio Tanzania reported Tuesday.

DAR ES SALAAM, (AP) — Angry mobs in the town of Mbeya stoned to death three persons and injured four others believed to be witches, the Tanzanian news agency reported Wednesday.

Helps arthritis victims

Maryland doctor makes experimental knee

BALTIMORE, Maryland, Jan. 27 (AP) — An arthritis victim has had both his knees replaced with experimental joint that a surgeon says should last a lifetime because they produce an unusual union between bone and plastic. The recipient is Floyd Hartley, once an athletic star and now a computer aide at the U.S. social security administration.

The experimental knees that he received recently were developed by Dr. David S. Hungerford, chief of the division of arthritides surgery at Good Samaritan Hospital. At least 15 other patients have also received

the new knees.

Hungerford said the device allows the bone to grow onto the prosthesis as it knits, providing much more stability. Because the bone connects to the knee device, the cement traditionally used to hold other artificial knees in place is usually not needed. Cement loosens as time passes, possibly leading to another operation to replace the artificial knee, Hungerford said.

The knee is coated with chrome cobalt beads, a porous surface that provides little spaces on which the bone cells can grow. The device has pegs that are fitted tightly

into holes drilled in the lower end of the thighbone and the upper end of the shinbone.

Hungerford reported on his first two years' experience with the new knee Monday in New Orleans at the annual meeting of the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons.

Hartley once had a contract with the Baltimore Orioles baseball team before when he thought was a pulled muscle turned out to be juvenile rheumatoid arthritis. The condition produced unbearable joint pain, stiffness, swelling and limited movement

30 JANUARY-6 FEBRUARY
AT HYATT REGENCY JEDDAH.

Meet the exotic land of spinning tops and colorful kite flying at the Hyatt Regency Jeddah.

For there, you'll find the Al Sawary Restaurant where we capture the essence of tropical Malaysia with a series of exquisitely prepared buffet dinner evenings. And to make your evening truly memorable, there will also be a Malaysian cultural show to entertain you.

Fresh Malaysian food and expert chefs are being flown into Jeddah for this impressive occasion by MAS, Malaysian Airline System. And don't forget to see the exhibition of Malaysian handicrafts.

So come and experience Malaysia Week at Hyatt. BE MOVED BY THE SPIRIT OF MALAYSIA.



SARAWAT

Saudi's First Superstore.
We'll give you a pay rise — You'll see.

EVERYTHING-

from
Fashions to Food
Perfumes to Porcelain
Children's Wear to
Crockery
Shoes to Stationery
Glassware to Garden tools

and a huge selection of electrical appliances, motor accessories, D.I.Y. hardware, mens and ladies wear, music cassettes and toiletry items.

Sarawat means

One Stop Shopping!

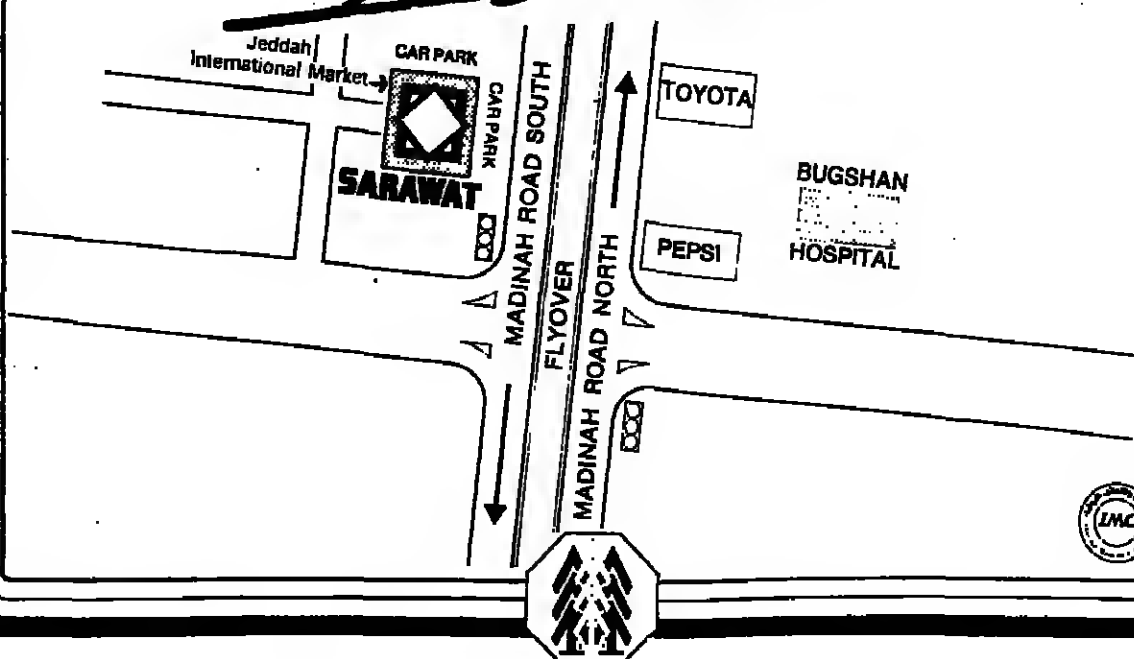
We've made shopping more convenient, more enjoyable, more exciting! The new Sarawat Superstore brings you more choice, more space and much, much more for your money.

The Sarawat Superstore is the biggest store in town where you'll get everything for you, your home and your family - all under one roof.

The biggest variety of groceries, the biggest range of frozen foods, the biggest choice of quality household and leisure goods you can find.

Sarawat - Where you'll find more space inside and out - space that takes the toll out of shopping and makes it a real pleasure.

easy to get there!



PARKING FOR OVER 1600 CARS

Drive to Sarawat and see just how easy shopping can be. Conveniently located in the brand new Jeddah International Market, opposite the Pepsi factory sign on Madinah Road. Sarawat — the friendly store that welcomes all the family.



Where Quality and the Customer come first.

Algeria, France gas talks fail

PARIS, Jan. 27 (R) — The state-owned company Gaz de France (GDF) ended four days of talks with the Algerian state concern Sonatrach without reaching final agreement on a pricing structure for imports of Algerian gas, a GDF spokeswoman said.

The talks, which were expected to bring agreement by Tuesday, will resume at the end of the week to clear up remaining details, she added. The Algerians, who are due to deliver nine billion cubic meters a year under a new contract, have held out since 1980 for a gas price linked to the going rate for oil.

President Francois Mitterrand broke a two-year deadlock on pricing when he intervened in the dispute during a visit to Algeria in November. A political agreement was reached and the commercial details were left to be finalized by the companies.

On Saturday, Gaz de France signed a major 25-year contract for eight billion cubic meters of Soviet gas a year, despite warnings from the United States that the move could lead to energy dependence on Moscow.

Sony to market wallet-sized TV

TOKYO, Jan. 27 (AP) — Adding yet another Walkman — type product to its range of electronic goods, Sony Corp. announced Wednesday that it will start marketing a wallet-sized black-and-white TV with a two-inch (5 cm) screen.

Named "Flat TV," the unit measures 37 millimeters (1.4 inches) thick, 88 millimeters (3.4 inches) wide, and 204 millimeters (8 inches) long, incorporating a 16 millimeter (0.6 inches)-thin cathode-ray tube. It weighs 520 grams (11.6 ounces).

A spokesman for Sony said the Flat TV will go on sale on the domestic market in February and will sell for \$4,800 yen (\$2,400). He said the mini-TV will be introduced to the U.S. market "within this year."

Earlier attempts by Hitachi, Toshiba and National Panasonic have not had success due to the difficulties of mass-producing small-sized cathode ray tubes.

The Flat TV comes with a lightweight "Walkman-type" headphones (monaural) and speakers, and allows the user to choose from four different power sources. Sony plans to produce 2,000 of this wallet-sized TV per month, the spokesman added.

Coal, boats top Polish exports looking up

POLAND, Jan. 27 (AFP) — Polish exports, including coal and cargo boat deliveries, are slowly returning to normal, informed British business circles said Tuesday.

The Norwegian shipfitter Tef Hoegh reported being told by Polish authorities that the first of two 26,300-ton cargo boats ordered by him from the Polish shipyards will be delivered next month. It will be the first boat delivered from Poland since martial law was declared there in December. A survey carried out by the *London Times* here shows that many Polish exports have returned to their pre-martial law levels.

The *Times* said that boat exports, the country's main foreign exchange earner, were picking up quickly although they were still below 1980 levels. The newspaper added, however, that it was not clear whether the growing exports reflected better productivity or whether Poland was dipping into state reserves to earn the badly-needed foreign exchange and create an impression of normality.

Meanwhile, Poland has won agreement to reschedule some of the principal and has built up arrears in interest due in the final quarter of last year. But the banks countered this by

insisting that the interest be paid off before rescheduling starts.

The Polish authorities have now declared they can pay off this interest. The rescheduling concerns the \$2,400 million in debt due to be reimbursed in the final nine months of 1981 to some 500 private banks by the Handlowy Foreign Trade Bank.

Polish officials were sure the bankers could hardly refuse to reschedule debt payments as they would prefer handing out a little more credit rather than lose the outstanding interest. The banks could amortize their Polish credit in the balance sheets to be drawn up shortly, it was thought.

But the creditors held firm and Jan. 11 the Dresdner Bank President Hans Frederichs formally notified their refusal when he visited Warsaw. Their tactic was to force Poland to settle the interest even if the Soviet Union had to help it.

A Dresdner official commented: "I don't know where they get the money. All we care about is that our interest is paid. The Soviet Union may have come to their aid, but my own feeling is that the Poles may equally have managed to find the money on their own, for example by halting imports of some basic items."

Coffee's return spells Turkish trade boom

ANKARA, Jan. 27 (R) — Turkey's military rulers began the year with an announcement heralding the official return of coffee, a staple Turkish drink until imports were banned more than four years ago because of lack of foreign exchange.

The announcement, a symbolic gesture, followed continuing improvements in the country's economic performance in 1981 with Turkish exporters selling more than 60 percent more in cash terms than in 1980. Imports of coffee, a part of Turkish life since the Ottoman Empire, were banned in the end of 1970s after dramatic increases in the price of imported oil brought balance of payments problems.

Real addicts of strong black Turkish coffee, could still obtain smuggled beans at black market prices but traditional coffee houses soon became tea houses and the small coffee cups, with their residue of black sludge, gave way to small glass tea beakers.

Then, Jan. 5, Turkey's Trade Minister Kemal Canturk announced that the authorities would ease import restrictions on some goods subject to shortages and black marketeering, including coffee.

For Turkey, 1982 began with more positive economic signs than for many years. 1981 was a difficult year on the home market with some 2,300 businesses folding, double the 1980 figure. But exporters, encouraged by tax and other inducements and ready markets in the Arab world, had a field day.

This year exports are expected to rise again to at least \$5.6 billion from \$4.5 billion

in 1981 and economic planners say they hope to furego by 1983 the rescue packages of about \$1 billion put together by other members of the OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development) in each of the last three years.

But the planners add that this year, with imports forecast at \$10 billion, and loan repayments adding approximately another \$2 billion, another OECD package is essential. One senior government source said Turkey would ask for about the same as last year, just under \$1 billion, but would be satisfied with \$700 to \$800 million. International Monetary Fund credits and further World Bank aid and bank loans would cover the deficit, the source added.

The people of Ankara, who have faced past harsh winters with inadequate fuel supplies, began 1982 with plentiful supplies of coal, the result of an economic upturn and a dose of discipline from the military authorities.

But ironically, the authorities ordered all stores to be shut down when sulphur dioxide from the soft brown coal mixed with the already polluted air to make the smog which regularly hangs over the city in winter unbearable. The military, by easing bottlenecks and stamping out political wrangling, have however, managed to increase energy supplies, ending regular daily power cuts.

Planners say electricity supplies are still far short of potential demand but delivery improvements are also helping industry overcome a chronic under-use of capacity. The

Exxon profits decline by 20 percent

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (AP) — Exxon Corp., the world's largest oil company, reported Tuesday that profits slid 20.5 percent to \$1.1 billion in the final three months of 1981, reflecting reduced worldwide demand for petroleum and chemical products.

Earnings for all of 1981 slipped 1.5 percent to \$5.6 billion, Exxon said. 1981 petroleum sales volume fell 14 percent in the United States and declined 5 percent abroad.

Two other large oil companies also said fourth-quarter earnings fell from the same period a year ago, in contrast to reports Monday of increased profits by several other major oil companies. Standard Oil Co. of California, the United States' fourth-largest oil company, said Tuesday that its earnings declined 7.2 percent in the fourth quarter and inched down 1 percent for the year. No. 6 Standard Oil Co. (Indiana) reported a 4.5 percent decline in fourth-quarter profits, but said 1981 earnings were slightly higher than the previous year.

Budget row may go to EEC court

BRUSSELS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — The European Economic Community (EEC) court of justice may be asked to settle a three-year quarrel about who has the last word on fixing the EEC budget, the council of ministers or the European Parliament.

The foreign ministers Tuesday called on the 10 governments to agree before the weekend that the council of ministers take its own with the parliament on the 1982 budget to the European court.

The budget totaling \$22 billion was fixed by the then-president of the European parliament, Mrs. Simone Veil of France, last December.

But the council of ministers says this figure is \$148 million above the ceiling that parliament must adhere to under the community treaty. If the EEC member states agree with the ministers, the dispute, the third of its kind

"The belt is no longer around the waist of the people but around their necks. If you tighten it any more they will be strangled," said Ismail Arar, a member of the consultative assembly appointed by the military who took power in September 1980. One economic analyst said that while there were hopeful signs of a long-term balancing of the national budget, the strict monetary policy of Ozal made balancing the home budget a daily battle.

Nowhere has the pinch been felt more than in Ankara, a capital city where life revolves around government and state departments, a major employer of the middle class. An under-secretary in a ministry, one of the most senior officials, takes home no more than 30,000 Turkish lira (\$220) per month. Even the best paid find that home rental often absorbs their entire salary, forcing them to rely increasingly on family connections and outside interests.

Government sources admit that low pay and a need for more money to make ends meet was often a cause of corruption in the past. More and more people cut down on holidays, restaurants and clothes, and simplify their diet. Motoring has become a luxury, with the average car costing about one million Turkish lira (more than \$7,000) and an oil tank of petrol just under 3,000 lira (\$22). The real poor — 70 percent of Ankara's 2.5 million people live in tumbledown slums round the suburbs — have been cushioned. Their demands and standards were lower so they have had to give up less while their family ties with the villages, from which they still get food supplies, are still strong.

Turkey's business community was badly hit last year by falling demand, astronomically high interest rates — sometimes as much as 15 percent per month — and power cuts. But business leaders still threw their weight behind Ozal's policies and his fight against inflation, described by Ali Kocman, president of the main businessmen's association Tusiad, as "still the most dangerous illness of the century."

Government sources admit that low pay and a need for more money to make ends meet was often a cause of corruption in the past. More and more people cut down on holidays, restaurants and clothes, and simplify their diet. Motoring has become a luxury, with the average car costing about one million Turkish lira (more than \$7,000) and an oil tank of petrol just under 3,000 lira (\$22). The real poor — 70 percent of Ankara's 2.5 million people live in tumbledown slums round the suburbs — have been cushioned. Their demands and standards were lower so they have had to give up less while their family ties with the villages, from which they still get food supplies, are still strong.

Turkey's business community was badly hit last year by falling demand, astronomically high interest rates — sometimes as much as 15 percent per month — and power cuts. But business leaders still threw their weight behind Ozal's policies and his fight against inflation, described by Ali Kocman, president of the main businessmen's association Tusiad, as "still the most dangerous illness of the century."

Seoul to supply tugs to Scotland

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AFP) — South Korean shipyard Due Dong of Pusan will supply two high-power tug/supply ships to the Scottish firm Seaforth Maritime, which services North Sea oil platforms.

The Pusan company gained the order in competition with five European yards. It is worth 12 million pounds (\$22 million). However, roughly 60 percent of this total is accounted for by equipment to be obtained in Europe.

The ships are called anchor handling tug/supply vessels, said Seaforth Maritime. They will supply platforms with cement, mud, oil and steel piping and also handle the huge platform anchors. The ships will be delivered next year.

Tonnage of U.K. ships plummets

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — The tonnage of ships flying the British flag has dropped by 7.7 million tons since 1975 to 25.4 million, the lowest level in modern history, Lloyd's Register of shipping said Tuesday.

Britain's shipping companies shed 1.7 million tons of capacity last year alone as the world recession continued, the register said. That meant 206 vessels were either scrapped or sold, bringing the size of the merchant fleet down to 2,975 with a deadweight tonnage of 25.4 million tons, according to Lloyd's Register statistical tables.

Britain now lies fifth in the world table of shipping fleets, behind Liberia, Greece, Japan and Panama, but just ahead of the Soviet Union. Flag-of-convenience nation Liberia has vessels with gross tonnages of 74.9 million on its register, but it lost 5.38 million tons during 1981.

To avert pollution havoc Europe tightens ship checks

PARIS, Jan. 27 (R) — West European countries have agreed to tighten safety inspections on ships in their ports with the aim of reducing the risk of pollution disasters at sea, French Minister of the Sea Louis Le Pensee said.

The 14 countries, representing more than 36 percent of world merchant shipping, decided at a one-day conference to carry out stringent checks on at least a quarter of all ships at anchor within three years from next July.

Le Pensee said this meant that about 70 percent of the world's merchant ships would be subject to strict controls, even if their country of origin had not signed international conventions on safety at sea.

This is because foreign ships and all those flying flags of convenience will be inspected as well as ships from the countries which signed Tuesday's agreement. The agreement does not need to be ratified by national governments, Le Pensee said. Substandard ships were a safety hazard, and although some countries were already meeting the new standard, others only checked between 15 and 20 percent of visiting merchant ships.

Budget row may go to EEC court

BRUSSELS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — The European Economic Community (EEC) court of justice may be asked to settle a three-year quarrel about who has the last word on fixing the EEC budget, the council of ministers or the European Parliament.

The foreign ministers Tuesday called on the 10 governments to agree before the weekend that the council of ministers take its own with the parliament on the 1982 budget to the European court.

The budget totaling \$22 billion was fixed by the then-president of the European parliament, Mrs. Simone Veil of France, last December.

But the council of ministers says this figure is \$148 million above the ceiling that parliament must adhere to under the community treaty. If the EEC member states agree with the ministers, the dispute, the third of its kind

Fire breaks out on Norwegian tanker

TOKYO, Jan. 27 (AFP) — A fire broke out on the 110,000-ton Norwegian tanker *Polynesia* off Kawasaki, south of Tokyo, Wednesday while it was unloading about 22,000 tons of crude oil.

The blaze was brought under control after about 40 minutes, and there was no fear of an explosion while the ship was being towed out from a sea berth to the Bay of Tokyo, according to officials of the Maritime Safety Agency.

Of the 30 Norwegian crewmen, one was reported to be left on board the ship, awaiting rescue, the officials said. About 10 fire fighting ships were dousing the *Polynesia* with water.

The fire started in the engine room 20 minutes after the tanker began unloading crude oil from the Gulf area, according to officials of General Shipping Co. of Tokyo which chartered the *Polynesia*.

The fire started in the engine room 20 minutes after the tanker began unloading crude oil from the Gulf area, according to officials of General Shipping Co. of Tokyo which chartered the *Polynesia*.

Representatives of the Federation of port

The new rules are designed to increase the chances of preventing a disaster such as the sinking of the tanker *Amoco Cadiz* in March 1978 when thousands of tons of crude oil polluted the French coast. Le Pensee said the countries had agreed to exchange information to prevent ships in good condition being checked too often and to dissuade below standard vessels from putting to sea.

He said no new techniques were required for checking safety on board merchant ships, but the existing methods should be applied more strictly and more often. Local port authorities would be able to detain any ship which did not meet international safety standard and each ship using West European ports would be inspected about once every nine months.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Conference sources said most of the 14 nations should have no difficulty in inspecting a quarter of the ships using their ports within the three-year time limit. The ministers, who last discussed maritime safety in December 1980, agreed to meet again in two years. Countries represented were France, Britain, West Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and Finland.

Representatives of the Federation of port

Wide, comfortable cabin. Powerful 4-wheel drive. An all-round performer for both town and leisure. A lightweight, compact 4-wheel drive that boasts superior maneuverability. Lightweight body plus high-efficiency engine with superior economy. Superior comfort. Blearcut styling... attractive in appearance both in city and country side. 4-stroke 4-cylinders in line O.H.C. 970cc engine. Full floating type front axle shaft for extra durability. Free wheel hubs (option) for low fuel consumption. High road clearance for off-road driving. High/low 2-speed transfer to match the driving conditions. Wide range of optional accessories available. Maximum output: 33.5KW (45.0hp) at 5,500 r/min... (sae net). Maximum torque: 73.5 Nm (7.5Kg-M, 54.2Uft) at 3,000 r/min... (sae net). Dimensions: overall length 3,420mm (134.6in) x overall width 1,395mm (54.9in) x overall height 1,700mm (66.9in). Suspension type (front & rear): leaf spring with double action damper. Brake system: two-leading (front) leading and trailing (rear). Fuel tank capacity: 40l (10.6/8.8 US/Imp gal).



The Progressive Automobile Manufacturer for The 80's.

SUZUKI SJ410V

سوزوكي

Over farm subsidy

U.S., EEC poised for showdown

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 (LAT) — The United States appears headed for a confrontation with its European allies over charges the European Economic Community is illegally subsidizing agricultural exports.

U.S. producers of poultry, sugar, wheat flour and pasta have formally charged the EEC with undercutting their competitive position in world markets by providing export subsidies for European products in violation of the subsidies code of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, which went into effect two years ago.

The office of the special trade representative has accepted all the complaints, which in effect makes them official government charges, and has begun the complex process of trying to resolve them through negotiations. If negotiations fail, the trade representative could recommend that President Reagan take retaliatory action against the Europeans.

The 1974 Trade Act sets a timetable for the negotiating process that could force the issue by this summer. The most advanced case, that of the flour millers, has already passed through the process of "consultation" and "conciliation" without results, and will be taken up by a hearing panel next month.

Though the specifics vary, the four cases all deal with allegations that the EEC nations, including France, West Germany, Italy and Britain, provide massive subsidies that enable their producers to undersell their U.S. competitors. The GATT subsidies code, to which the U.S. and the EEC subscribe, prohibits subsidies that give the recipient "more than an equitable share of world export trade."

The Europeans do not deny that they provide subsidies, but they do deny that they violate the agreement or that their producers

Algeria, Italy to hold gas talks

ROME, Jan. 27 (AP) — Algerian Foreign Minister Muhammad Seddik Ben Yahia arrived here Wednesday for a three-day visit aimed at ironing out differences over a \$3.5-billion Mediterranean gas pipeline.

Ben Yahia immediately sat down for his first meeting with Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo. Followed by a courtesy call on Premier Giovanni Spadolini.

The 25,000-kilometer (18,000-mile) pipeline linking Algeria and Sicily was completed last year, but Algeria has not begun pumping gas because of a dispute over prices.

Under a 1973 agreement, which Algeria suspended in 1973 demanding renegotiations, the north African country was supposed to provide Italy with maximum 12.3 billion cubic meters of gas every year.

Industry sources say Algeria wants \$5.60 for one million Btus, about 80 cents above the price of Soviet gas sold to France.

have an unfair advantage. "The European Community's export subsidy policy is not designed to undersell the market, it is designed to allow the Europeans to sell at world market prices, which are lower than their internal support prices," according to an EEC spokesman. The code prohibits only "predatory pricing," she said.

In the aggregate, the four complaints say that the European subsidies cost the American producers many billions of dollars in sales each year. The complaints were filed by:

— The National Poultry Council and several groups of poultry producers, including Delmarva Poultry Industry Inc. and the Virginia Poultry Federation. They charge that EEC subsidies of up to \$100 million a year enable European producers to export 17 percent of their output each year while more efficient U.S. producers export only 4 percent, and that unfair European competition has virtually excluded American producers from the booming Middle Eastern market for whole frozen chickens.

— Great Western Sugar Co. of Denver, a major refiner said that the EEC, which was a net importer of sugar in 1975, has become the world's leading exporter of refined sugar in just six years through massive subsidies of its sugar-beet producers. The United States is an importer of sugar and does not compete on

U.K. cabinet to debate budget

LONDON, Jan. 27 (R) — Ministers begin cabinet discussions on the 1982-1983 budget Thursday under mounting pressure to reflate the economy and create jobs to reduce Britain's record three million unemployment figure.

The pressure for expansion comes from opposition parties, trade unions, industries and most significantly, from within the ruling Conservative Party itself, including cabinet ranks. The economic effects of the March 9 budget are likely to determine whether the Conservative government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, which came to power in 1979, can hold on to office when it seeks re-election within the next two years.

Party sources say many Conservatives are worried that unless the government provides incentives to industry, creates jobs, and drops proposals to cut unemployment benefits, they will face defeat at the next general election, due by 1984. The latest statistics recording 3,070,621 persons registered as jobless this month only added to their concerns, they said. Against that background, Mrs. Thatcher has allowed a special budget discussion at Thursday's cabinet meeting.

Most of the government's Conservative critics want an expansionary boost of the order of two to three billion sterling (\$3.7 to \$5.5 billion) comprising tax relief and increased expenditure to stimulate the economy. But other Conservatives, some facing the possibility of a close race in the next

election, would like to see a five to six billion sterling (\$9.25 to \$11 billion) injection.

In recent speeches the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Geoffrey Howe, has held out no prospects of reflation, stressing rather the government's continuing commitment to fighting inflation now running at an annual rate of 12 percent. But treasury officials, in leaks to the press, have hinted that the chancellor is considering a modest reflation in the range of 1.5 to two billion sterling (\$2.7 to \$3.7 billion).

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

The EEC is apparently in no hurry to file formal responses to the complaints, and has not done so except in the flour case, according to officials of the trade representative's office. Mark Sandstrom, attorney for Great Western Sugar, said that "the Europeans are stalling. This is a system they have agreed to and we have agreed to, but their tactics raise questions about whether it will work."

Mitterrand upholds deal with Russia

PARIS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — President Francois Mitterrand said Wednesday that France's contract with the Soviet Union to buy gas reflected his country's intention of pursuing an independent policy.

He told the regular weekly cabinet meeting: "France has set out on a path from which nobody will make it swerve, building an independent policy that guarantees its security and governs its action for peace and freedom."

He added that "the independence and security of France is bound up with its ability to assume mastery of its economy, just as it relies on its own defense effort, and on the organizing of collective security in Europe."

According to Mitterrand, "France's efforts in favor of the Polish people have been by far the most substantial among the nations engaged in the combat for human rights in that country." On Monday Premier Pierre Mauroy said it would serve no purpose for the French population to be deprived of gas. Mauroy is due to speak on the gas contract in the national assembly Thursday.

SAS mechanics return to work

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 27 (AP) — Scandinavian Airlines (SAS) resumed international flights in and out of Copenhagen's Kastrup Airport Wednesday afternoon after 1,600 striking airplane mechanics, technicians and freight handlers returned to work.

The strike ended after talks in which spokesmen of the strikers gave a guarantee that everyone would work normally pending wage negotiations later this week.

A SAS spokesman said the first international flight was already departing from Copenhagen and that all inbound flights, temporarily reported to airports in neighboring Sweden, were now being directed to Copenhagen. But the airline did not expect to be back to its full normal schedule of about 200 departures and landings a day until Friday.

The conflict erupted Monday as strikers walked on the tarmac to block SAS departures. The blockade was later lifted, but the strike continued and the SAS management decided to send home without pay several hundred employees and call off all the airline's traffic in and out of Copenhagen. The dispute was over complaints by the employees that their latest wage increases were smaller than called for in existing contracts.

Greece to take over U.S. oil group

ATHENS, Jan. 27 (R) — Greece's Socialist government plans to nationalize refining and petrochemical companies owned by the Exxon oil firms Ministry of Industry and Energy Anastasios Peponis said Wednesday. The planned takeovers are the first to be announced since the Panhellenic Socialist Movement (PASOK) of Andreas Papandreu was swept to power in elections last October. Peponis said the nationalization of the Exxon firms should not be regarded as setting a precedent in relation to two other privately-owned refineries. He added that the Exxon group had responded positively to a request for negotiations on a state purchase.

The Exxon units are the Saloni refining company, which can process 3.5 million tons of crude annually, and the Esso Pappas Chemical Company. Both were set up under a 1962 agreement negotiated by Greek-American businessman Thomas Pappas with the conservative government of Constantine Karamanlis. William Bringer, senior Exxon representative in Greece, said Wednesday he believed that the government was seeking amicable negotiations for the normal acquisition of the group.

A company spokesman said it was not clear whether a third Exxon affiliate, the Esso Pappas Industrial Company, which owns and operates a petroleum marketing network and the utilities for the whole complex, would be included in the takeover. He said no value on the units to be nationalized could be set at this stage.

Mozambique have signed an agreement under which the Gulf state will provide a \$3.5-million loan for improving telecommunications in the African country. A Mozambican government spokesman said Wednesday that the accord, signed in Kuwait, called for the construction of an earth station for satellite links at Beira, Mozambique's second city, and for increasing the number of telephone channels between Beira and Umtali, eastern Zimbabwe.

KATHMANDU, (AFP) — Nepalese Finance and Commerce Minister Yadav Prasad Pant Wednesday opened a meeting of 20 Asian and Pacific countries on cooperation in controlling customs fraud and smuggling with a call for developing countries to give priority to anti-smuggling measures. Dr. Pant said that under the auspices of the United Nations Economic and Social Council for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP), "we have spent considerable time and made various efforts to eradicate these evils from our region" in the years since the anti-smuggling fight began in 1957.

MAPUTO, (AFP) — Kuwait and

Financial Roundup

Dollar rates lose ground

By J.H. Hammond

JEDDAH, Jan. 27 — The American dollar fell back on the European exchanges Wednesday, reflecting the weaker closing levels in New York Tuesday night. The prime mover was an easing of U.S. dollar interest rates, by as much as 1/2 to 3/4 percent in most tenors after it became clear that the Federal Reserve Board's present policy would be one of discouraging any further hikes in U.S. interest rates. This was revealed by Federal Reserve Board's chairman Volcker in his testimony to Congress Tuesday night, with the chairman saying that he did not envisage a rise in the "FEDS" discount rate from the present level of 12 percent. Furthermore, in a move designed to impress the money markets as to the sincerity of its efforts, the "Fed" injected liquidity into the system causing the Fed funds prime lending rate to go to 13 1/2 percent from 14 percent.

In Europe and New York, Eurodollar deposit rates eased, especially in the short tenors with the one-month Eurodollar deposit rate now trading at 14 1/4-14 1/2 percent and even lower, compared with 15 1/2-15 3/4 percent reached Tuesday. The three-month level is now quoted between 14 1/2-15 percent, while the one-year deposit comes at 15 1/2-15 3/4 percent, while the one-year deposit comes at 15 1/2-15 3/4 percent compared with over 16 percent Tuesday.

The European central banks took the opportunity Wednesday of doing some dollar selling in support of their national currencies, but intervention was modest since dealers were already cutting back on long dollar positions held. The German mark was aided by the 4.5 billion mark trade surplus for the month of December, and the German currency traded at 2,306.0 levels

Wednesday compared with 2,349.0 on Tuesday. The British pound gained more than 2 cents to trade at 1,876.0, while the French franc rose by a staggering 100 points to trade at 5,861.0 compared with 5,952.0 levels Tuesday. The yen picked up some lost ground and traded at 227.30 compared with 229.90 levels, while the Swiss franc was stable at 1,851.0.

In the local markets, interbank activity was reported as being moderate, with dealers congratulating themselves on having been cautious about the dollar's performance. Spot rial/dollar levels opened at 3.4195-05, but some commercial demand pushed rates up to 3.4205-10 by close of the session. In the money markets, rial deposit rates fell back by between 1 to 2 percent in most tenors, bringing about the first such significant falls for more than a week. One-month rial deposit rates opened at 12 1/2-13 1/4 percent, but later traded at 12-12 1/2 percent. The one-year level was stable at 13 1/2-14 percent but week-fixed fell back to 11-12 percent Wednesday compared with 13-14 percent Tuesday. Overnight funds also fell back to 10 1/2-11 percent levels from 13-14 percent Tuesday. Once again, trading was thin Wednesday, with dealer's cautiously awaiting any new developments on the dollar front. With rial liquidity still available and coming out the market, rial deposit rates should remain stable for the foreseeable future.

Closing gold prices (in U.S. dollars per troy ounce):
London 381.37
Paris 378.98
Frankfurt 383.99
Zurich 382.50
Hong Kong closed

Bonn's deficit drops sharply

WIESBADEN, West Germany, Jan. 27 (AFP) West Germany's current account balance of payments deficit dropped 40 percent last year to 17,500 million marks (\$7.6 billion), the federal statistics office announced here Wednesday.

The deficit was 30 percent better than expected, since just a few months ago it was generally predicted that Bonn would register the highest such deficit among all industrialized countries.

The current account comprises external trade, transfers and services, which includes big tourist spending and Bonn's financial contributions to such international bodies as the European Economic Community (EEC).

London stock market

LONDON, Jan. 27 (R) — Gold shares were firm but elsewhere the market was only narrowly higher, dealers said. At 1500 hours the Financial Times index was up 1.8 to 570.7.

Gold shares were as much as \$3 higher, as in Angol, after the bullion rose above \$380 but leading equities generally failed to hold opening rises. Bowater, Blue Circle, Tubes and Vickers added between 4p and 6p and in mining financials RTZ, traded.

Government bonds saw gains 1/8 R 1/4 points, but trading was dull as operators awaited reactions to President Reagan's State of the Union message.

Huntley and Palmer fell 4p to 110, Rowntree Mackintosh, which made a bid Huntley on Monday, fell 2p to 154. Associated dairies was unchanged after its latest results.

London commodities

Closing Prices
Wednesday
Gold (\$ per ounce) 380.50
Silver cash (pence per ounce) 428.50
3 months 433.00
Copper cash 856.50
3 months 882.75
Tin cash 8778.00
3 months 8045.00
Lead cash 355.25
3 months 366.50
Zinc cash 445.00
3 months 452.50
Aluminium cash 592.75
3 months 615.50
Nickel cash 3060.00
3 months 3105.00
Sugar March 180.25
May 181.65
Coffee March 1173.00
May 1190.00
Cocoa March 1208.00
May 1191.00
Note: Prices in pounds per metric ton.
The above prices are provided by Saudi Research & Investment Ltd., P.O. Box 6474, Tel: 6653908, Jeddah.

In 1980 West Germany's deficit had tripled to 29,800 million marks (\$13 billion), contributing largely to the subsequent depreciation of the mark against the dollar. The announcement contributed to the dollar's fall on the Bonn money market Wednesday.

The federal authorities added that Bonn's export improved seven percent in real terms last year. Imports dropped three percent — a result typical of a country in recession. At the same time the country's gross national product dropped 0.3 percent.

U.S. stock market

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (AP) — The stock market was little changed Wednesday morning, showing no strong reaction either way to President Reagan's State of the Union message.

The Dow Jones average of 30 industries was up 1.05 to 842.56 in the first hour. Losers took a 5 to 4 lead over gainers among New York exchange-listed issues.

Analysts said investors found few surprises in Reagan's speech Tuesday night. For example, the president's decision not to call for increases in federal excise taxes had been generally known beforehand.

Moncrief's timely basket helps Bucks slip past Lakers

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (AP) — Sidney Moncrief, even when guarded by the National Basketball Association's most talented magician, has a few tricks of his own.

With only seconds left in the game and Los Angeles and Milwaukee tied 94-94, the Bucks guard drove the lane past a surprised Earvin "Magic" Johnson and Kareem Abdul-Jabbar to drop in the winning basket at the buzzer for a 96-94 victory Tuesday night.

"Moncrief is a great player. He took it hard to the basket," said Lakers coach Pat Riley. "Moncrief got by 'Magic' very quickly." But Johnson believes he shouldn't take all the blame for the basket that lost the game for Los Angeles.

"I was always taught to make the guy go to the middle, that's where you get help," he said. "I could have played him tougher but the help wasn't there. Everybody has to help out. He made a nice move but nobody should be able to drive down the middle."

In other NBA games, Dallas edged Atlanta 90-88, Washington tripped Chicago 94-84, San Antonio defeated Philadelphia 103-95, Houston trimmed Indiana 104-94 and New Jersey outscored Utah 138-129 in overtime.

The Lakers missed four of six free throws in the final minutes to give Milwaukee the final chance to win after Los Angeles guard Norm Nixon tied the game with two free shots with seven seconds remaining.

Marques Johnson led all scorers with 32 points for the Bucks, while Moncrief added 20. Jamaal Wilkes led the Lakers with 18 points, and Abdul-Jabbar and Johnson had 16 each.

Bullets 94, Bulls 84: Washington won its seventh straight game as Greg Ballard scored 20 points and guard John Lucas turned in a gutsy performance after being injured in an auto accident earlier in the day. Lucas, who admitted last week that cocaine use had hampered his performance and caused him to

behave erratically, scored nine points and handed out eight assists while playing with five stitches in his eyelid and seven in his knee.

"I owed it to my teammates to be here," said Lucas, Chicago, which had averaged 119 points while winning its last three games, was led by Artis Gilmore with 26 points.

Spurs 103, 76ers 95: NBA scoring leader George Gervin netted 36 points and reserve guard Mike Bratz keyed a fourth-quarter rally that carried San Antonio over Philadelphia. The Spurs never led in the first half, but they came back to tie the score at 77. Bratz then hit seven of San Antonio's next nine points during a 13-4 spurt that put the Spurs ahead 90-81 with 5:40 to go.

Nets 138, Jazz 129: Buck Williams scored a career-high 29 points and Ray Williams added 27 as New Jersey jumped out of sole possession of the Atlantic Division cellar. Ray Williams scored six points in overtime and Buck added four as the Nets controlled the extra period after Albert King hit a three-point shot at the buzzer to tie the game at 117 at the end of regulation.

New Jersey is now tied with New York at 19-23 in the Atlantic Division, while Utah fell into a last-place tie with Dallas in the Midwest, both at 13-28.

Rockets 104, Pacers 94: Moses Malone scored 33 points and Houston took a quick 15-3 lead and held on to beat Indiana. The Rockets hit 72 percent of its shots in the first quarter while taking a 29-21 lead, and the Pacers never got closer than four points thereafter. Johnny Davis scored 23 points to lead Indiana.

Mavericks 90, Hawks 88: Jay Vincent scored 30 points and Wayne Cooper blocked three shots late in the game to preserve Dallas' fourth victory in a row, a team record. With Dallas leading Atlanta 87-86 with 1:15 remaining, Cooper blocked two Wayne Rollins hook shots and then blocked a John Drew jumper with 17 seconds to go. Drew led Hawks scorers with 27 points.



John McEnroe ... in one of his moods at Wimbledon.

3 Australians make British squash semis

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AFP) — Glen Brumby and Ricky Hill, two 21-year-old Australians with ambitions to follow their countryman Geoff Hunt's path to a world title, met in the semifinals of the British under-23 Open Squash Championship at Wembley here on Thursday night.

Brumby, now Nottingham-based, and Hill, who has just settled in London, have both worked out with Hunt and have clearly learned from their valuable experience.

Neither met with much opposition in Tuesday's quarterfinals although Hill dropped the first game to Jamshed Gul of Pakistan. The Australian soon recovered, however, to win 3-0, 9-5, 9-4, 9-1.

Brumby, in a match which saw some brilliant rallies, beat Trevor Wilkinson, of Zimbabwe, 9-7, 9-2, 9-1.

A third Australian, Greg Pollard, joined his compatriots in the semifinals — but not before he had been warned by the referee for persistent arguing. Pollard, recovered his composure at the start of the deciding game, to beat South Africa's No. 3 Reggie Holmes, 8-10, 9-4, 7-9, 9-2.

Pollard's semifinal opponent will be the second-seeded New Zealander, Stuart Davenport, who put out Britain's last representative, Ashley Taylor, from Yorkshire, 9-3, 6-9, 9-3, 9-7.

Bologna advances

BOLOGNA, Italy, Jan. 27 (R) — Sinudne Bologna (Italy) beat Cibona Zagreb (Yugoslavia) 88-81 (halftime 46-35) in a Men's European Cup Winners' Cup quarter-final, fifth series, basketball match Tuesday.

Meanwhile, Zadar of Yugoslavia beat Varese of Italy 119-104 (halftime 61-51) in a quarterfinal fifth series Group "B" basketball match at Zadar Tuesday.

Beribick hits trail of fame and fortune

TORONTO, Jan. 27 (AP) — Trevor Berbick's life has changed since he wrote what is expected to be the final chapter in the boxing career of Muhammad Ali.

"Look, I'm getting calls from every boxer in the United States now," says Berbick, who won a unanimous decision over the defending world heavyweight boxing champion last December in the Bahamas. "I'm a big name now and that means big money for anyone who fights me."

liminary discussions have been held between the two camps concerning a possible March bout. But despite his emergence on the world boxing scene, Berbick says he doesn't plan on turning his back on the Canadian and Commonwealth scene. "I'll defend my title next month in Nanaimo, British Columbia," he said. "Don't forget, I'm a Canadian and even have the same initials as the other great Canadian who was champion Tommy Burns."

While Berbick did not say who he would defend his title against, it's expected to be Gord Racette of Vancouver. The Canadian Professional Boxing Association has set Feb. 28 as the deadline for Berbick to defend his title. However, Berbick said that should he land a fight with Weaver for around that time, he thinks the CPBA would be willing to push back that deadline. Although he outlasted Ali, Berbick feels Ali could still stop several current heavyweight contenders. He said the main secret in defeating Ali was being able to slip away quickly when Ali attempted to tie him up to gain some rest.

At 28, Berbick doesn't consider himself too old to advance in the boxing world. "Look, I didn't even start until I was 22, so I'm just hitting my prime," he said. "A lot of guys are burned out at 28 and I'm just getting nicely started."

Mihara to defend title. Meanwhile, world junior middleweight champion Tadashi Mihara of Japan and American challenger Davey Moore signed contracts Wednesday for their 15-round match in Tokyo next Tuesday night. The signing at a Tokyo hotel was witnessed by Japan Boxing Commission officials, reporters and photographers.

Both boxers appeared relaxed and in top condition for the championship bout at the Tokyo Municipal Gymnasium. Mihara, 26, is staking his title for the first time since he beat Rocky Frattu of the United States in Rochester, New York, for the 154-pound (69.8 kilogram) crown vacated by Sugar Ray Leonard last Nov. 7. For the 22-year-old Moore from Bronx, New York, it will be his first shot at a world boxing title in eight professional fights.

Moore, winner of the welterweight golden glove for four successive years, is currently ranked WBA's No. 10 contender. "Although, I will not like to take the title from Japan, I will leave Tokyo with the crown," Loen Washington, Moore's manager, said after the signing ceremony. "We came here with the greatest opportunity to win the title. I want to thank the people who gave us this chance to fight for the championship." Asked about Moore's condition, Washington, a former light heavyweight and middleweight boxer, said: "Moore is in top condition and fit for the 15-round go. Otherwise I will not bring him here if he is not in best condition. I don't want my boxer or anyone to say I'm a bad manager."

"Moore has the stamina to go 15 rounds right now," Washington said when it was noted the fight will be the challenger's first 15-round bout. "I think it will be a great and close fight because both boxers are undefeated. Mihara is a great champion and Moore, a great challenger."

Mihara, a former all-Japan welterweight amateur champion, will enter the ring with a record of 15 victories, including 11 knockouts, while Moore, a member of the 1980 U.S. Olympic boxing team to Moscow, came to Japan with five successive knockouts. He has won eight pro fights against no defeats.

Wimbledon disappointed

McEnroe wriggles thru the loopholes

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (AP) — An arbitration panel on Tuesday dismissed a \$5,000 fine against tennis star John McEnroe stemming from his behavior at the 1981 Wimbledon Championships.

The three-man panel voted 2-1 to sustain the fine levied by the International Professional Tennis Council, but under the council's code of conduct, a unanimous vote was needed to prevent dismissal. We're disappointed that everybody didn't see it our way, but sort of glad it's over," said Mark Meyers, Assistant Administrator for Council.

McEnroe and the Wimbledon Tournament Committee clashed on several occasions during last summer's tournament, which McEnroe won. He was fined \$2,250 for verbally abusing officials in two matches, and later the committee recommended that the international council fine him \$10,000 for "aggravated behavior" in the tournament.

Following an investigation in September, the council affirmed the fine but lowered it to \$5,000. McEnroe appealed, and an arbitration hearing was held Nov. 21. Efforts were being made to reach McEnroe for comment

on Tuesday's ruling. He was in Philadelphia for the U.S. Pro Indoor Tournament.

But in British circles, there was disappointment. For example, Fred Hoyles, the Wimbledon referee, who was called to the American's matches many times during last year's championships to arbitrate in McEnroe's repeated arguments with umpires, said at his Lincolnshire home, "can justice really be seen to be done when the voting was 2-1 in the opposite direction?"

Hoyles, as a member of the Wimbledon Championship Committee, was also instrumental in imposing the original fines on the Wimbledon champion for what he at the time described as the player's "aggravated behavior". Hoyles added, "there has got to be some discipline arrived at in this game, somehow."

If, however, John McEnroe finds himself in a similar situation in future, it will be difficult for him to avoid punishment.

David Gray, secretary of the Men's International Professional Tennis Council, which governs the Grand Prix explained how the players' code of conduct rules have been

tightened considerably for the 1982 season. "For one thing," he said, "the need for a unanimous verdict in such an appeal as McEnroe has been presenting has been done away with. In future, a majority decision will be sufficient."

"We have been working hard in the past twelve months to produce a code of conduct that works. We never did think the existing rules were strong enough and the process to accept a majority verdict in appeals decisions was put in operation long before the McEnroe affair at Wimbledon."

David Gray, who is also secretary of the "International Tennis Federation," continued, "nevertheless, McEnroe's appeal had to be considered under the existing code of conduct when a unanimous verdict was necessary to uphold any punishment."

The decision was not unexpected for it had been rumored for some time that the American would escape punishment for his Wimbledon misbehavior.

Eric Auger, manager of Britain's Tennis Umpires summed up British feelings when he said, "We are very, very disappointed at the decision."

Connors, Tanner struggle

Unseeded Rennert knocks out Fibak

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27 (AP) — Peter Rennert upset seventh-seeded Wojtek Fibak, the 1981 runner-up from Poland, 6-4, 6-7, 6-4, in the first round of the \$300,000 U.S. Pro Indoor Tennis Championship Tuesday.

Rennert, left-handed, broke through Fibak's service in the third game of the deciding set to take a 2-1 lead. The rest of the games followed service. Rennert won the match by serving a love game. Fibak, who

in the ninth game to take a 5-4 lead; Winitzky won the final game on his second match point.

Andres Gomes, a 6-foot-5 (196 cm) left-hander from Ecuador, overpowered John Lloyd of Great Britain 6-4, 6-3. Lloyd, who got into the event through a weekend qualifying tournament, lost as his wife, Chris Ever-Lloyd, watched from a front-row seat.

Top-seeded John McEnroe was to play his first-round match Wednesday. The winner of

head the U.S. team when it begins its defense of the Davis Cup against India, from March 5 to 7 it was reported in New York.

Arthur Ashe, captain of the U.S. team, announced Tuesday that McEnroe will be joined by Peter Fleming, Eliot Teltscher and Brian Gottfried. India's squad, which has not been announced, is expected to consist of Vijay Amritraj and his brother, Anand; Ramesh Krishnan and Sashi Menon. The first-round meeting will be held at Carlsbad, California.

In Chicago, Betsy Nagelsen, volleying with authority, overpowered No. 7 seed Virginia Ruzici, 3-6, 6-1, 6-3 to highlight first-round action Tuesday at the \$150,000 Avon Championships.

In other first-round matches Tuesday, Candy Reynolds defeated Australia's Ann Minter 7-5, 6-3; Sandy Collins held off Leigh Anne Thompson 6-3, 2-6, 7-5; Wendy White outlasted England's Glynis Coles 7-5, 7-5; Andrea Leand overpowered South Korea's Duk Hee Lee, 6-0, 6-3 and Australia's Diane Fromholz defeated Bonnie Gadusek 7-6, 6-1.

Ruzici, the world's No. 12-ranked player, became the second seeded player to fall in as many days. On Monday, little-known Helena Sukova of Czechoslovakia turned back fifth-seeded Mimi Jausovec.

After Ruzici scored a 6-3 opening-set victory, Nagelsen began following her serve into the net with increasing regularity and improved results. She captured the second set easily, 6-1, and served out at 6-3 for the match, the final point coming when the umpire overruled a lineswoman on an out call on Ruzici's return of service.

Third-seeded Lea Antonopolis of the U.S. advanced Tuesday to the second round of the \$40,000 Avon Futures Women's Tennis Tournament by beating unseeded Jane Freyer at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Antonopolis defeated Freyer 6-4, 6-2 at the Monroeville Raquet Club. In other first-round action, Petra Delhees of Switzerland defeated Iva Bodarova of Czechoslovakia 6-3, 6-3; Barbie Bramblett of the U.S. defeated Sue Slaba of Australia 6-3, 6-2 and Laura Arraya of Peru defeated Carol Bailey of the U.S., 6-2, 6-2. Thirty-two women are competing in the main draw of the tournament, which continues throughout Sunday. Prequalifying rounds were held last week.



RALLIES IN VAIN: Wojtek Fibak, who rallied but in vain against Peter Rennert, the seventh seed forced the issue into the decider but was broken early and bowed out of the U.S. Championship Tuesday.

ranks No. 18 on the world computer list and won \$183,000 last year, rallied from 4-5 to take the second set with a 7-4 tiebreaker.

In another afternoon match, Van Winitzky rallied in the final set to beat Fritz Buehning 6-4, 3-6, 6-4. Winitzky, a former Wimbledon and U.S. Open junior champion, trailed 3-0 in the final set before coming back.

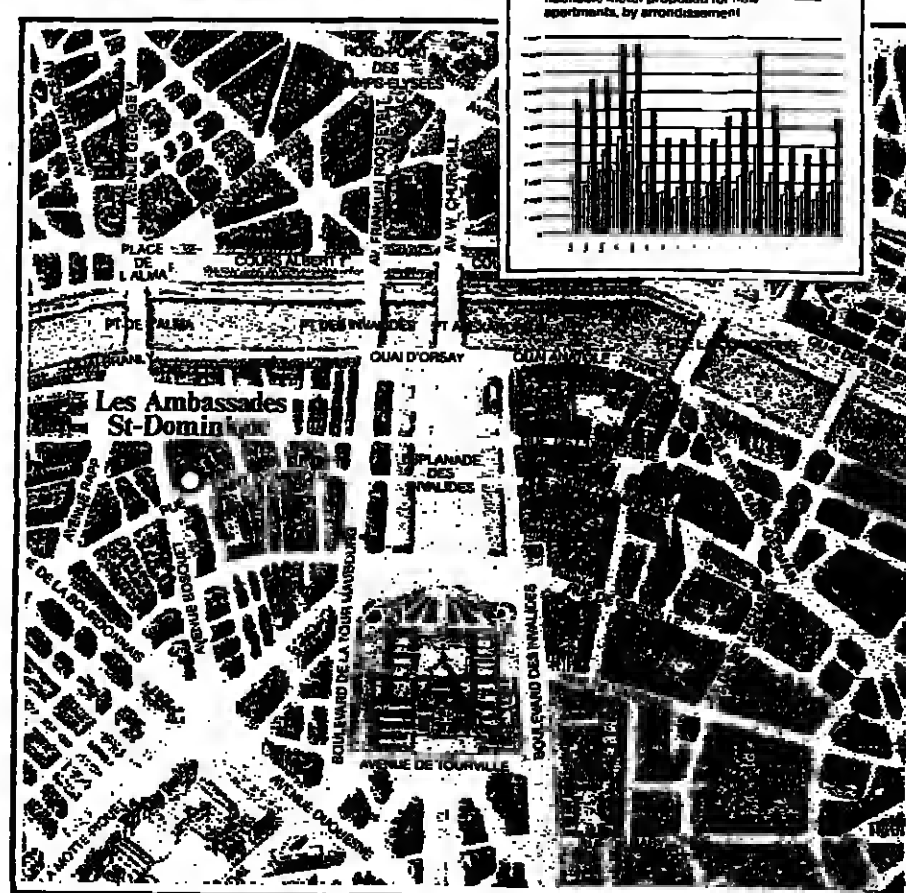
The 6-foot-5 (196 cm) Buehning, who won the New South Wales title in 1981, was within one point of a 4-1 lead in the third set as he led 40-love. But Winitzky came back to win the game and then broke Buehning's service

Sunday's final will receive \$60,000.

Defending champion Roscoe Tanner had his hands full last night before taking a 6-2, 4-6, 7-5, first round victory over Dick Stockton. Second-seeded Jimmy Connors eliminated Thierry Tulasne of France 7-5, 6-2. Vitas Gerulaitis, seeded third won his first-round match, beating Sammy Giammalva 6-3, 6-1, while John Sadri beat Tom Gullickson 4-6, 7-6, 6-2. In another all-American clash Terry Moor beat Tim Cullickson 2-6, 6-4, 6-3.

Meanwhile, John McEnroe, the defending Wimbledon and U.S. Open champion, will

Les Ambassades Saint-Dominique A rare investment in Paris



For an investor, whether he is French or a foreigner, real estate in Paris has always had a magic charm that is hard to resist. One reason being that average prices per square meter have gone up by 260% in the last ten years. Secondly, Paris is, and always has been, the leader in France and the world in terms of real estate rental value.

Les Ambassades St-Dominique is one such investment you cannot afford not to invest in.

- Each apartment consists of 2 to 6 rooms. Or a duplex unit.
- Price range 1-3.5 million French Francs.
- Loan facilities available up to a maximum of 50% of the total value. The balance payable within 20 years.



For more information please contact:
MR. J. YASMINE,
25, Rue La Boetie, 75008 - Paris.
Tel: 2665195. Tlx: 640108 SAPAR F.
OR
GABEL CORPORATION LTD.,
P.O. Box: 9 - Jeddah,
Saudi Arabia.



TOP OF THE WORLD: Trevor Berbick seems to be on top of the world as he raises his arms after gaining a unanimous decision over the former world champion Muhammad Ali (left) last month.

The Canadian and Commonwealth heavyweight champion from Halifax, here recently for one of his many lucrative promotional appearances the opening of a downtown restaurant said: "I'm doing very well in real estate. It's a buyers' market right now and I'm buying here in Canada and in the Caribbean. "Things are going great."

Beribick says his next payday will be a big one. "I intend to make at least 1 million dollars for my next fight, 2 million if possible," he said. He's hoping the next bout is against Mike Weaver, the World Boxing Association champion, with Las Vegas, Jamaica and Zimbabwe mentioned as possible sites. Pre-

While Berbick did not say who he would defend his title against, it's expected to be Gord Racette of Vancouver. The Canadian Professional Boxing Association has set Feb. 28 as the deadline for Berbick to defend his title. However, Berbick said that should he land a fight with Weaver for around that time, he thinks the CPBA would be willing to push back that deadline. Although he outlasted Ali, Berbick feels Ali could still stop several current heavyweight contenders. He said the main secret in defeating Ali was being able to slip away quickly when Ali attempted to tie him up to gain some rest.

At 28, Berbick doesn't consider himself

Birmingham takes point off Coventry

Ian Rush 'tricks' Liverpool to fifth berth

LONDON, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Welsh international striker Ian Rush slammed a second half hat-trick as Liverpool crushed Notts County 4-0 Tuesday night and maintained its return to form after a slow start to the season.

The Welshman's goals, plus one from midfielder Ronnie Whelan, gave Liverpool its third successive league victory and moved it to fifth place in the First Division standings. To add to County's woes, fullback Ray O'Brien missed a penalty before Liverpool had scored.

In a six-goal thriller at St. Andrews, Birmingham twice came from behind to draw 3-3 with Coventry and moved out of the bot-

tom three places in the standings. Steve Hunt, Mark Hateley and Garry Thompson scored for Coventry, with Birmingham's goals coming from Kevin Broadhurst and two from Tony Evans.

Arsenal and Brighton played out a dull goalless draw in the only other First Division game but Second Division Watford, fresh from knocking West Ham out of the English Cup on Saturday, maintained that form in the league with a 6-1 thrashing of Derby, who fired manager Colin Addison only 24 hours before the match.

Goals also flowed on the omnitrack pitch at Queens Park Rangers, where the home side demolished Blackpool 5-1 in an English Cup fourth round replay. Four of Rangers' goals came from 20-year-old Clive Allen, with Simon Stainrod grabbing a penalty. Wayne Entwistle notched Blackpool's only reply.

The victory earned Rangers a fifth round home tie against Grimsby Town. Wrexham and Chelsea drew 1-1 in another replay and must play a third time for the right to meet Liverpool in the fifth round.

Meanwhile, Brazil, doing little to confirm their rating as World Cup favorites, beat East Germany 3-1 after being held 1-1 at half time in an International Soccer match in Natal, Brazil Tuesday. The Brazilians spent most of the game battering ineffectively against a solid German defense. Goalkeeper Bodo Rudwaleit was outstanding but his team's start in the tropical heat and allowed Brazil to slip in two goals to make the scoreline respectable.



SAILING HIGH: Ian Bolton caught in a spectacular action as he vies for the ball with West Ham's Paul Goddard (No. 8) during the fourth round of the F.A. Cup match Saturday. Watford won 2-0 to record the day's biggest upset.

Richards adjudged man of series

Windies prove mettle in one-day tie

SYDNEY, Jan. 27 (AP) — West Indies showed there was no substitute for class when they taught Australia a limited over cricket lesson in winning the fourth Benson and Hedges World Series Cricket Cup match at the Sydney Cricket Ground here Wednesday night.

West Indies scored 234 for six after a slow start in the early part of the day and held Australia to 216 for nine in its innings to win the finals series three to one. The win gave Windies first prizemoney of \$32,000 and all rounder Viv Richards was named the player of the finals which included \$2,000 in prize.

West Indies manager, Steve Comacho, said after the game: "Winning the Adelaide Test (starting on Saturday) is our next and greatest priority to square that series."

"But it was gratifying to win the limited over series a game which have proved our-

ives over the years." Comacho praised the Australians for its top class bowling and keen field placements, which contained the early batsmen.

A disappointed Australian skipper, Greg Chappell said: "I'm proud of the Australian effort — it didn't do us any harm going down to the West Indies. Their batting is so strong and runs well down the order. They keep their early wickets in hand and have the knack of applying the pace when it is needed. The total of 220 we might have got but 234 was a little hard."

But both sides are plagued with injuries still for the third and final Test in Adelaide starting Saturday. Australian pace bowler Terry Alderman has stress fractures of a bone in his right foot and is out of the squad. His place will be taken by fellow West Australian Mick Malmoe who was on standby.

The West Indians still have their wicket-keepers David Murray and Jeffrey Dujon under a cloud as well as paceman Malcolm Marshall nursing muscular strain in the back. And fast bowler Sylvester Clarke has joined the casualty list with a right ankle ice-packed to reduce swelling.

Clarke bowled his 10 overs straight with Clive Lloyd getting the best from him including the prize wicket of Greg Chappell while he was warm and able to run. The West Indies got away in a slow start when they won the toss and elected to bat in front of a small crowd of about 10,000. Sydney cricket patrons appeared to have other ideas of

Australia's win Tuesday night and only 19,984 watched Wednesday's clash.

Dennis Lillee secured an early breakthrough but knocks by Gordon Greenidge (64) and Viv Richards (70) gave the West Indian innings a solid foundation. At the halfway mark, the West Indians were only 57 runs on the board for the loss of Haynes, lbw to Lillee for eight, with Greenidge on 19 and Richards 24.

But a mid wicket conference between the two saw the score accelerate from 66 to 100 in three overs. Skipper Clive Lloyd, although not appearing to be over aggressive, worked away to put on 41 in 46 minutes including six boundaries from only 30 deliveries.

The Australian bowlers saw the fruit of its early containment disappear and Jeff Thomson's 10 overs cost 60 runs — matched by Mick Malmoe, who yielded 50 from his 10. By contrast, the Australian early batting order kept the run rate comparatively ahead of the West Indians. But only a fine 69 from opener Graeme Wood in 143 minutes highlighted an otherwise disappointing reply to the challenge.

The game gradually slipped away from victory when Chappell managed only 10 continuing his recent wretched batting form. Kim Hughes gave a simple chance to Clive Lloyd from Richards when 27 and Allan Border went for 23. The Australians faced the 50th over needing 28 runs for a win, a task absurdly beyond tail-enders Jeff Thomson (19 not out) and Mick Malmoe (5 not out)

Results

English F.A. Cup (4th round)

Huddersfield	1	Oxford	1
Q.P. Rangers	5	Blackpool	1
Wrexham	1	Chelsea	1

Division One

Arsenal	0	Brighton	0
Birmingham	3	Coventry	3
Notts County	0	Liverpool	4

Division Two

Cambridge	0	Crystal Palace	0
Watford	6	Derby	1

Division Four

Crewe	0	Wigan	1
Peterborough	0	Hull City	0
Sheffield United	0	Darlington	0
Port Vale	0	Tranmere	0
Stockport	0	Hartlepool	2

Scottish Cup (2nd round)

Berwick	1	Clyde	3
Elgin	0	Montrose	0

Division One

Inverness	3	Fraserburg	2
Cowdenbeath	3	Civil Service	2
Stirling	1	Queen of South	0

Ayr

1	Queen of South	0
---	----------------	---



Viv Richards ... easy does it

Score-board

West Indies

G. Greenidge b Malmoe	64
D. Haynes lbw Lillee	8
V. Richards run out	70
F. Barnes b Thomson	17
C. Lloyd not out	41
J. Bujon b Panton	13
A. Roberts b Thomson	5
S. Clarke not out	2
Extras	14
Total (for 6 wks)	234

Fall of wickets: 1-13, 2-151, 3-155, 4-198, 5-224, 6-229

Bowling: Lillee 10-4-30-1; Thomson 10-0-60-2; Panton 10-1-46-1; Malmoe 10-1-50-1; Chappell 10-2-34-0

Australia

G. Wood c Lloyd b Holding	69
---------------------------	----

Gavaskar, Patil steer India to facile victory

CUTTACK, India, Jan. 27 (AP) — India won the three-international series against England Wednesday, beating the visitors in the final limited overs one-day match.

In response to England's score of 230 for six in 46 overs, the Indian batsmen slammed 231 for five with four overs to spare. The unbeaten sixth-wicket partnership between Yashpal Sharma and Ashok Malhotra collected 47 runs.

England won the first international at Ahmedabad on Nov. 25 but lost the second Dec. 20 in Jaipur. Earlier, Indian captain Sunil Gavaskar won the toss but put England to bat.

Graham Gooch and Geoff Cook opened the English innings. Gooch returned to the pavilion after making only three runs when he was caught by Arun Lal off medium pacer Madanlal. Next batsman Chris Tavare spooned a catch to Madanlal off spinner Ravi Shastri after scoring 11 runs. Medium pacer Sandeep Patil dismissed Cook when the batsman had hit 30 patient runs.

Left-hand batsman David Gower, all-rounder Ian Botham and skipper Keith Fletcher delighted the spectators with elegant shots on both sides of the wicket. Gower was caught and bowled by Patil for 42, while Botham missed the line of a ball from Suru Nayak and was clean bowled for 52.

Botham's hurricane knock came off only 45 balls.

Fletcher severely punished the Indian bowlers, hitting four sixes and four in his 68-run inning. Mike Gatting and Bob Taylor remained not out with eight and two runs respectively at the completion of the 46th over.

India lost two early wickets when it opened its innings after lunch. Arun Lal was caught by Gooch off Botham for nine, while Dilip Vengsarkar was caught for 13.

The early setbacks, however, did not daunt Indian skipper Sunil Gavaskar and Sandip Patil, dropped from the Indian Test squad after miserable performances in the first four Tests, displayed an array of strokes to match the Indian captain Gavaskar in aggression. Both the batsmen stroked freely to put India on a solid foundation. And by the time they made their exit, India was well on its way to victory.

Gavaskar finished as the topscorer with a belligerent 71 in a display of well-timed strokes all round the wicket, while Patil finished with 64 in a display of powerful hitting. Both fell to left-arm spinner Derek Underwood, who also claimed hard-hitting Kapil Dev with the second ball he faced, for an analysis of three wickets for 48 runs in his ten overs.



Sunil Gavaskar... a skipper's knock. Sandip Patil... fighting 64

Score-board

England

G. Gooch c Arun Lal b Madanlal	3
C. Cook c Nayak b Patil	30
C. Tavare c Madanlal b Shastri	11
D. Gower c nand b Patil	42
I. Botham b Nayak	52
K. Fletcher b Madanlal	68
M. Gatting not out	8
Bob Taylor not out	2
Extras	13
Total (for 6 wks)	230

Fall of wickets: 1-13, 2-33, 3-86, 4-101, 5-182, 6-228

Bowling: Dev. 8-3-23-0; Madanlal 8-0-56-2; Nayak 10-1-51-1; Shastri 10-1-34-1; Patil 10-0-53-2

India

Arun Lal c Gooch b Botham	9
S.M. Gavaskar c St. Taylor b Underwood	71
D. Vengsarkar c Willis b Gooch	13
Sandeep Patil b Underwood	64
Kapil Dev c Gooch b Underwood	0
Yashpal Sharma not out	34
Ashok Malhotra not out	28
Extras	12
Total (for 5 wks)	231

Fall of wickets: 1-15, 2-59, 3-135, 4-174, 5-184

Bowling: Willis 6-1-29-0; Botham 10-0-48-1; Lever 10-0-55-0; Gooch 8-0-39-1; Underwood 10-0-48-3

As others train, Austrians yet to name coach for Spain

VIENNA, Jan. 27 (AP) — With only months to go before the World Cup Soccer Championships, Austria is the only one of the 24 competing national teams that still has no head coach.

Complaints from German Soccer Federation chief Hermann Neuberger appear likely to prevent the Austrians from naming Hamburg trainer Ernst Happel as its team chief. If Happel were to coach the Austrian team, he would face a West German squad that appears likely to include players he now coaches as the Hamburg trainer, including Manfred Kaltz and Horst Hrubesch.

The German move has released a storm of controversy and prompted widespread speculation here about new candidates for team coach. Before the Madrid draw, the Austrian and German soccer federations had agreed to Austria's plan of naming Happel its team chief if both countries did not land in the same opening group.

The two drew the second group, and now West Germany is reminding Vienna of the plan. "We arranged it, and now we must stick to our agreement," says Walter Zippis, vice-president of the Austrian Soccer Federation.

The Happel affair also places Karl Sekaninia, the Federation's chief, in an embarrassing position. Having fixed long-time national team chief Karl Storz in November, after he had captured a World Cup berth for Austria, Sekaninia is now forced to search for a coach at a time when other team chiefs are running rigorous winter training programs and travel schedules.

After Happel finally turned down the Austrian offer, Sekaninia was expected to propose the Austrian Soccer Federation's president Helmut Senekowitsch as national team coach, the Austrian press agency reported.

Senekowitsch, after departure as team coach four years ago, was trainer in Mexico, Spain and Greece. But *Die Kronenzeitung*, a city tabloid, predicted a "soccer war" will break out over a new nomination, and newspapers around this small country have all proposed their own candidates in recent days.

The federation, meanwhile, is giving no hints. "I will convince Sekaninia to give up the Happel plan and pull another candidate out of the hat," says Zippis without elaboration. The West German-Austrian affair is

similar to another incident in the long and outstanding career that has made Happel, an Austrian, one of Europe's best-known coaches.

In 1978, while Happel was training the Belgium FC Bruegge Club, he coached the Dutch national team, which played against Belgium. The Belgium team included some FC Bruegge players. Although Happel says he received no complaints from his Belgium players at the time, the International Soccer Federation drew up new regulations prohibiting trainers from working for two competing federations at the same time.

Happel told Austrian newspapers that his Hamburg club — which he joined last fall — had promised to remain neutral in the affair, but added that he would not take over the Austrian team even if Sekaninia continued to press him.

"I'm under contract here (in Hamburg)," he was quoted as saying by *Die Kronenzeitung*. "I must take that into consideration. But I will naturally help Austria in any way I can," he added. "Even if I have no travel to Spain (for the World Cup) as a tourist."

Meanwhile, another World Cup, contender Chile will play exhibition matches in Spain and possibly France in April.

"We have two exhibitions set in Spain, one in Oviedo April 28 to inaugurate the stadium and the 31st in Gijon," said Abel Alonso, president of Chile's Central Soccer Association. He said that during his recent trip to Madrid for the draw of the World Cup he made contact with French officials as well. "It's possible we could have matches going and coming with France," Alonso said.

Chile is to meet West Germany, Austria and Algeria in first round Group Two play of the World Cup in June. Alonso said there might be one other exhibition game in Spain during the April tour as well. "The idea is to make a quick trip of eight days," he said.

Chile is to begin a series of exhibition games with Peru, another World Cup contender, beginning March 28. The location has not been announced. "The rest of the schedule will be defined in the next few days. I'm sure it will be positive for Chile," said Daniel Castro, the team manager.

France makes eight changes in rugby side

PARIS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — The French selectors took everyone by surprise Wednesday by naming eight changes in the side to play Wales in the five nations Rugby Championship at Cardiff on February 6.

They were expected to stick closely to the side which went down in the two Test matches against the All-Blacks in November, but instead they have gone for new blood.

The forwards, with the exception of Pierre Lacans coming in for the injured Jean-luc Joinel in the back row, were much as expected, but behind the scrum, the selectors took all by surprise. At full-back, Serge Gabernet of Toulouse, who played so magnificently in the Grand Slam side of last year is dropped, and his place goes to Marc Salléfrange of Dax, who played stand-off for France against Australia last summer.

Among the backs, the talented Serge Blanco is the only player to retain his position, although he had been suggested as a possible replacement for Gabernet at full back.

The other backs from the All-Blacks game — centers Oland Bertranne (retired) and Patrick Mesny, winger Michel Fabre and half-backs, Guy Laporte and Pierre Berbizier have all been axed. Into their places comes the basis of the south-west regional side which swept to the provinces cup. There are three Bayonne players, Patrick Perrier and Christian Belascain a center, and the return of Laurent Pardo on the wing, with Jean-Patrick Lescarbouta of Dax at stand-off and Gerald Martinez of Toulouse at scrum-half.

Perrier, Lescarbouta and Martinez are all new camps, while Belascain returns two years after winning the last off his ten caps. Selector Yves Noe said they had opted for a collective game based on players who prove their attacking merits each Sunday in league games.

Coach Jacques Fouroux left no doubts. "After four 'Test' defeats we had to come up with something new and I think we have left no doubt about our intentions," he said. Jean-Pierre Rives was once again named as captain, thus ending a long period out of the international scene with an injured shoulder.

Missouri voted week's best team

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Missouri coach Norm Stewart gave this one some long and deep thought, and then decided it would be good for his Tigers to be rated No. 1 in the nation.

"On one hand I could take it or leave it, and not worry about it," said Stewart, whose team got a break when North Carolina suffered its first loss last week, and Monday they were voted the top spot by UPI's board of coaches. "But on the other hand, why shouldn't we have it? Our players work as hard as any, and we're 16-0, so why not?"

No reason. The undefeated Tigers received 23 first-place votes and 572 points from the 40 coaches who participated in this week's ratings to beat out North Carolina by 29 points. Missouri won games against Big Eight foes Kansas and Oklahoma last week to raise its record to 16-0.

"They're an outstanding team," said Oklahoma coach Billy Tubbs, whose Sooners lost 84-64 to Missouri on Saturday. "I'd be really stupid not to say they're No. 1. If they're not No. 1, I'd hate to see what the No. 1 team would do to us."

The Tigers are the first big eight team since UPI national champion Kansas State in 1958-59 to assume a No. 1 rating in basketball. They are also seeking to become the first team in 50 years to win three straight Big Eight titles.

Missouri's lofty position in the ratings will be tested this weekend, when the Tigers journey to Manhattan, to play Kansas State, which moved up three places to No. 13 in the ratings. The Tigers have played exceptionally well on the road.

French sloop tops overall standings

MAR DEL PLATA, Argentina, Jan. 27 (AP) — The French sloop *Charles Heidieck III* is the overall leader on handicap for the first three legs of the four-stage Whitbread Round-The-World Yachting regatta, organizers announced Tuesday.

Commanded by Alain Gabbay, the 20.30-meter (61-feet) aluminum yacht registered a corrected time of 2,110 hours, 25 minutes and 21 seconds for the 20,100 miles (32,160 kilometers) already covered on the 27,000-mile (42,200-kilometer) race that began last Aug. 29 in Portsmouth, England.

Second in overall standings on handicap was *Kriter IX* of France with 2,131:48.43, followed by *Flyer* of the Netherlands, 2,154:17.00; *Disque D'Or* of Switzerland, 2,170:12.07; *Xargo III* of South Africa, 2,203:05.14; *Outward Bound* of New Zealand, 2,211:20.59; *Morbihan* of France, 2,214:22.41 and *Berge Viking* of Norway, 2,224:04.07.

A total of 15 yachts out of a fleet of 22 have completed the 6,100-mile (9,760-kilometer) third-leg from Auckland, New Zealand, to Mar Del Plata over the last week. The first-leg covered Portsmouth-Cape Town, South Africa, and the second-leg Cape Town-Auckland. Latest to arrive were *Skopbank* of Finland, which sailed into this Atlantic port at 2332 GMT Monday, and *Rolly G* of Italy, which arrived at 1630 GMT Monday.

Still at sea were *Tratte* of Rome, representing the European Common Market, *Licor 43* of Spain, *Croky* of Belgium, *Walrose* of Berlin and *Hogomoma* of Italy. *Gauloise III* of France dropped out early in the third-leg when forced to put into Papeete for repairs. A British entry, *Bubblegum*, damaged a rudder and entered Port in Punta Arenas, Chile, for repair work.

MENNEN care FROM TOP



SOF' STROKE The modern brushless shaving foam



LATHER SHAVE The full rich lather gives a smooth comfortable shave.



PUSH BUTTON DEODORANT for all day Protection and Freshness.



SPEED STICK The effective safe control of perspiration odour in 4 fragrances.

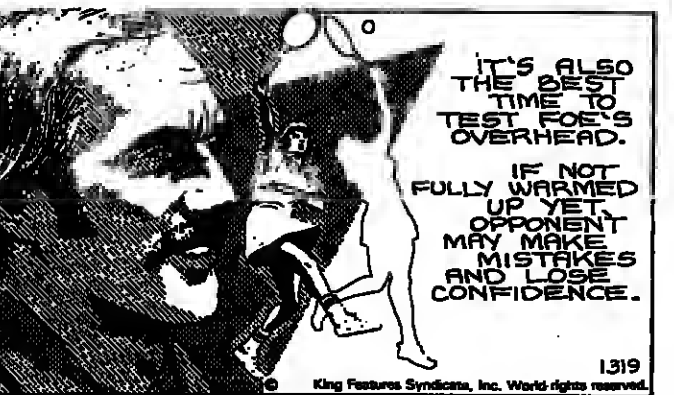


QUINSANA Foot powder for relief of burning and itchy feet.

TOE

Jeddah 6422981
Riyadh 4024653
AlKhobar 8642115

SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS



"LUCKY I'M NOT AN ESKIMO... I WOULDN'T KNOW HOW TO PUCKER UP MY NOSE TO KISS YOU."

TV Programs

SAUDI ARABIA	6:15 Caprice Crook's Travels	4:30 Cartoons
00:00 Qura'n	6:30 Hopes in the House	4:50 Zeitch (Arabic Cartoon)
00:00 Religious Program	7:00 News	5:20 Songs
00:00 Cartoons	7:30 Science International	5:30 History Lessons-Book
00:00 Children's Magazine	7:45 Helen Wornan of Today	6:00 Children and Life
00:00 Al-Naba Sultani	8:45 Sapphire and Steel	6:00 Science and Machinery
00:00 Arabic Series	9:35 Tomorrow's Programs	7:00 Songs
00:00 Animal World	10:00 Feature Film	7:30 Quranic Youth
00:00 Selected Program	11:00 News	7:30 Daily Arabic Series
00:00 Sports and World	DUBAI Channel 10	8:30 Ozami Song
00:15 Sports Program	4:00 Holy Quran	8:30 News
00:00 Children's Garden	4:15 Religious Talk	8:30 News
00:00 Religion Program	4:30 Cartoons	9:00 Historical Series —
00:00 Different Strokes	5:00 Children's Series	The Palace Peat, The
00:00 45 English News	5:30 Local Children's Program	Night Grande Film
00:00 English Song	6:00 TV Magazine	9:30 A Delagation of
00:00 Ikhlasa Lakum, Arabic	7:30 Local News	Witnesses
00:00 Arabic News	8:00 Feather & Feather	9:30 News
00:00 Program Preview	9:00 Arabic Drama	9:45 Variety
00:00 Arabic Daily Series	10:00 World News	10:00 English News
00:00 Selected Songs	10:30 Program Preview Songs	10:20 Songs
00:00 The Thursday Night Show,	11:00 Arabic English Feature	10:30 Tomorrow's Programs
	DUBAI Channel 33	10:32 Best Sellers
	5:00 Holy Quran	12:00 News
	5:15 The Houndeats	RAS AL-KHAIMAH
	5:30 Super man	5:45 Quran
	6:00 The Bready Bunch	6:00 Arthur of the Britons
	6:30 The Moppet Show	6:25 Bonanza
	6:50 Young Maverick	7:15 Caldas
	7:40 Local News	7:45 Get Smart
	7:45 Barney Miller	8:10 Feature
	8:00 Feather & Feather	8:30 Rollin on the River
	8:55 Island Horizons	10:00 Indian Feature Film
	9:00 Saturday	KUWAIT Channel
	10:00 World News	7:00 Quran
	10:30 Monte Carlo Music Shows	7:05 Watt Disney
	10:55 Indian Feature Film	7:15 News
	OMAN	8:15 CHIPS
	4:02 Quran	9:00 Tammy Wyette
	4:10 Religions Talk	9:40 Many Wives of Patrick
	4:42 Program Preview	10:45 The
	4:50 Larry the Lamb	


1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

matters or children could hinder work efforts now. Try to fulfill commitments. Don't become careless.


CANCER
(June 21 to July 22) ♋ ♊
You're tested now by either a romantic or family matter. Don't let others cause you to act against your principles. Be forthright.

LEO
(July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌ ♋
Despite a better understanding with a dear one, difficulties still could


Distractions may interfere with work you mean to do around home base. You have the right to be suspicious of another's motives.

CAPRICORN
(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) 

Despite much talk, little may be accomplished. It's a poor time for business discussions and even friends may have exaggerated notions.

AQUARIUS
(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) 

Strung off another's sly innuendoes. It's not the right time to seek advice about financial matters. Meanwhile, curtail expenses.

PISCES
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) 

A friend's jealousy may surprise you. You may feel your hands are tied at some point today. Be low key and you'll have more fortune.


0930	Nature of Notebook	1100	Town
0940	The Farming World	1109	Town
1000	The World News	1109	Town
1009	Twenty-Four Hours:		News
	Week Summary		
1020	Mind for Strains	1215	Utown
1045	Network U.K.	1220	in the
1100	Reflections	1230	Business
1115	Golden Treasury		(ex. stn. on the
	(ex. 15th. International Soccer Spectacular)		wealth
1130	John Peel	0100	Conf
1200	World News	0109	Town
1209	Bricks From Review	0125	Reel
1215	The World Today	0140	Reflections
1230	Financial News	0145	Scorp
1240	Look Ahead	0200	Town
1245	Rock Radio	0215	Mer
0115	Lord of the Flies		Program
0130	My Music	0230	Mer
0200	World News		

JEDDAH		Up Median Road.	
Al-Azizi's Phn.	Al-Shabab's St.	Ghaili, Son Ghaili	King Abdul Aziz St.
Al-Ahl (National) Phn.	Al-Sharafa Phn.		Airport Street
TAD			
Al-Ameen Phn.	Near Health Offices		
Shabab's Phn.	Shabab's near Alah		Behind King Faisal
Al-Manassir Phn.			
MAARIF Phn.			
Al-Badi Phn.	Al-Awrah St.		
Qasbi's Phn.	Up Qasbi's St.		
Saltana Phn.	Saltana St.		
			near the Prison


[illegible]

IN THE STUDY OF DO
DISCOVERED MORE

© 1982 King Features Syndicate, Inc. Winston



**A SWISS WATCH
COSTING OVER \$300
THAT IS ONLY 1.99
MILLIMETERS THICK**



**THE ALLIGATOR
TURTLE**

CATCHES
TONGUE

10

رائد الرشيد والولادة
Rashed Al-Rashed & Sons
Building Material

Steel
 Cement
 Timber

Al khobar Tel. 8642150
 Riyadh Tel: 4485887
 Dammam Tel. 8323539
 Alahsa Tel. 035865776
 Al-Jubail

DISTRIBUTORS REQUIRED

The tasty non-alcoholic
 barley drink
LAZIZA
 You will drink it
 Again and again.



Phone: 6532515
 P.O. Box: 1178, Jeddah

UNIVERSAL OF SAUDI ARABIA
 INTERIOR FINISHING
 SUB-CONTRACTOR
 EXPATRIATE SUPERVISORS

We Supply and install
 • Gypsum Board Metal Studing
 • Suspended Ceiling
 • Ceramic Tiles
 • Terrazzo-Quarry Tiles
 • Plastering-Texturing
 • Painting-Wall Coverings
 • Carpet-Resilient Flooring
 We Offer a Complete Interior Package

TEL: 478-4368 OR 476-2260
 Division of
SAUDI DEVELOPMENT GROUP
 P.O. Box 8044, Riyadh
 TLX: 203676 SDG SJ.

FOR SALE

20 FT. AND HOFT CONTAINERS IN GOOD CONDITION, DELIVERED
 TO YOUR SITE IN THE KINGDOM.

CONTACT TONY WILKINSON
 TELEPHONE RIYADH 464-5201 or 464-5202.

Stenographer**WANTED URGENTLY**

Very good prospects for a competent Stenographer. Fluent
 Arabic and English a must.

Saudi nationals or persons with transferable Iqama should contact
 immediately:

CREDIT & COMMERCE INSURANCE CO. (SAUDI) LTD.,
 1002, Queens Building, King Abdul Aziz, Street, Jeddah
 Telephones: 6433288 & 6432000 Ext. 307.

Required**WAREHOUSE/PARTS MANAGER**

MUST BE FLUENT IN ENGLISH.
 SEND RESUME TO MR. BOB CUMMO,
 P.O. BOX: 194, DHAHRAN AIRPORT, DHAHRAN,
 OR CONTACT MR. BOB CUMMO - TEL: (03) 895-2612.

REQUIRED**FINANCE /COST ACCOUNTANT**

THE POSITION OF A FINANCE/COST ACCOUNTANT IS
 VACANT IN OUR ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.
 APPLICANTS MUST HAVE AT LEAST 5-10 YEARS
 EXPERIENCE WITH A REPUTABLE COMPANY IN A SIMILAR
 POSITION. TRANSFERABLE IQAMA IS ESSENTIAL.
 P. O. BOX: 2194 - TEL: 8645351 - AL-KHOBAR.

FOR RENT

LARGE COMPOUND SITUATED IN RIYADH
 (WADI-HANIFA)

Consists of:

1. Accommodation for 500 TCN workers, including kitchen,
 Restaurant, Swimming Pool, Recreation building.
2. 14 large mobile homes for expatriate families, comfortable
 individual accommodation for 45 expatriates on single
 status, Heated Swimming Pool, Tennis, Restaurant, Club
 House.
3. Large area for maintenance of plant equipment, sufficient
 storage for requirements of a large site.

TOTAL AREA : +/- 40.000 m2.

Attractive conditions. Agents are welcome, but no exclusive
 shall be given.

Please call : MR. SERGE LION (English)
 MR. GASSAM SAMA (Arabic)

PHONE : 478-3780 RIYADH.

BRITISH EXPATRIATE NEWSLETTER

E.D.N. Overseas Services, one of the U.K.'s leading firm of Expat-
 riates Advisers on Investment and Financial Planning for return to
 the U.K. produce quarterly 'The Expatriate Newsletter'.

The Newsletter, which is FREE OF CHARGE to expatriates con-
 tains in this quarter's issue articles on:

1. Investment/Saving prospects for 1982
2. Commodities
3. Expatriate Medical Expenses Scheme
4. Expatriate Pensions
5. Diamonds
6. Typical Expatriate Questions and Answers
7. Why 'pay off' your mortgage?
8. Star-performing investment funds
9. Our services to the Expatriate community

Plus many other features.

If you would like to receive a FREE copy of our Newsletter each
 quarter or talk to one of our Advisers please write to:

E.D.N. Overseas Services
 Struan House
 3 Thorn Road
 Bearsden
 Glasgow
 Scotland
 Tel: 041-943-0200

Our next planned visit to Saudi Arabia is from 30th January -
 14th February 1982

BEMCO
 AIRCONDITIONING - ELECTRICAL - MECHANICAL
SERVICES & YEARLY MAINTENANCE
 INDUSTRIAL - COMMERCIAL - RESIDENTIAL.
 CALL CENTRAL WORKSHOP - JEDDAH: 682-9432/682-9466.
 RIYADH: 4640671 & 4658596. TAIF: 738-1976.

NOTICE

شركة عبد اللطيف جميل المحدودة
ABDUL LATIF JAMEEL COMPANY LTD

announces that the services of Mr. Sami Amin Ghazal,
 a Lebanese national, employed as General Manager of United
 Instalment Sales Co. Ltd., one of its affiliate companies,
 have been terminated effective January 13, 1982, corresponding
 to Rabi Awal 18, 1402. Mr. Ghazal accordingly has no authority to
 deal or transact business with anybody in the name of the
 Company and the public is hereby notified to submit their claims,
 if any, against the said Sami Amin Ghazal within one (1) week
 from the date of this publication.

The company will not be responsible or liable for any claims
 whatsoever filed after that date.

Switzerland

COLLEGE du LEMAN

Versoir (Geneva)

Summer Program: July and August 1982

Accredited by:
 "The European Council of International Schools"
 (E.C.I.S.), and
 "Middle States Association of Colleges
 and Secondary Schools"

Mr. Francis A. Clivaz, Director General, will be visiting Saudi
 Arabia and staying at the following locations:

29 Jan.-2 Feb. Nova Park, Jeddah
 02-05 Feb. Intercontinental, Riad
 05-10 Feb. Intercontinental, Dhahran

He would be pleased to meet prospective parents and students
 wishing to know more about the educational opportunities offered
 by Collège du Léman.

Enquiries: 1290 Versoir, 74, route de Sanveray, Telephone: 552555 - Telex: 28145



International School
 for boys and girls
 Boarding - Day school
 Primary and Secondary levels

French section:
 Swiss Maturité
 French Baccalauréat

Anglo-American section:
 College Entrance
 Examination Board (C.E.E.B.)
 G.C.E. "O" and "A" Levels

PERSONNEL REQUIRED FOR DAM CONSTRUCTION

SITE MANAGER, CIVIL ENGINEERS—Experience in concrete
 works, MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, FOREMAN,
 OPERATORS—for equipments & concrete plants, MECHANICAL,
 FOREMAN, MECHANICS, DRIVERS

APPLICANTS MUST HAVE:

1. Transferable Iqama.
2. Fluent English of Engineers.
3. Having Saudi Driving Licence, knowledge of Arabic & English
 will be preferred for all applicants.

Please contact: KURT BASAKINCI or ILHAN GOGUS
 until February 13, 1982 Applications in
 written form preferred.
 ERMES Insaat ve Ticaret A.S. Liason
 Office c/o Shihb Al-Jazira Cont. Est.
 P.O. Box: 17299 Tel: 476-5317 Riyadh, K.S.A.

ERMES

KANOO

Dear Consignees,

YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO have the pleasure to ann-
 ounce the eta's of the following vessels to the indicated
 ports on the prescribed dates:

NAME OF VESSELS	SHIPPING LINES	ETA	ARRIVAL PORT
STRATHESK	P & O	29-1-82	Dammam
MOSCENICE	JUG	28-1-82	Dammam
NEDLLOYD ROSARIO	Nedlloyd	31-1-82	Dammam
ARACAJU	Japan Asian Line	29-1-82	Dammam
EVERMORE BLOOM	Showa	2-2-1982	Dammam
HOLSTEN TRADER	Ellerco Houston	29-1-82	Jubail
EVERMORE BLOOM	Showa	30-1-82	Jubail
PELLA	Ellerco Houston	2-2-82	Jubail

You are requested to collect the delivery orders by submit-
 ting your Original Bill of Lading to avoid any delays.



Agents:

Yusuf Bin Ahmed Kanoo

DAMMAM

P.O. Box 37

Tel: 8323011

Telex: 601811 KANOO SJ

JUBAIL

P.O. Box 122

Tel: 8329822

Telex: 631051

RIYADH

P.O. Box 753

Tel: 4709486

Telex: 201038 KANOO SJ

LIP

Contact:
 Fahad Al Saad Est.
 Khalid Ibn Al Walid St.,
 near Atlas Hotel
 Jeddah
 Tel: 669 3784.

A revolutionary tile adhesive
 from Denmark.

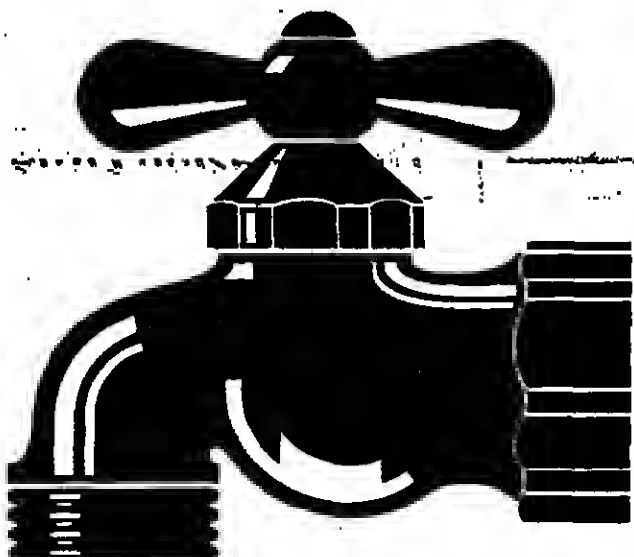
LIP Danish Tile Adhesive is a
 necessary item for marble tiles.
 Quick and easy in application
 strong and long lasting.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Saudia Catering announces the departure
 of MR. SUPOT TANAVONGVIBOON
 Thai Passport No. A-49666 and
 MR. KUNCHIT WANITSERMKUL Thai
 Passport No. A-91573. Whoever has any
 claim shall inform within one week
 of this announcement for any claims. No
 claims will be accepted later than that.

saudia
catering

Contact Address: P.O. Box 9178, Jeddah
 Telephones: 684-2391
 684-2381.



Use water carefully

space donated by
arabnews

Al-Khobar Family Shopping Center
Where your family REALLY saves
 Tel: (03) 864-8384, Telex: 671214, Box 281 Dhahran Airport, Saudi Arabia.

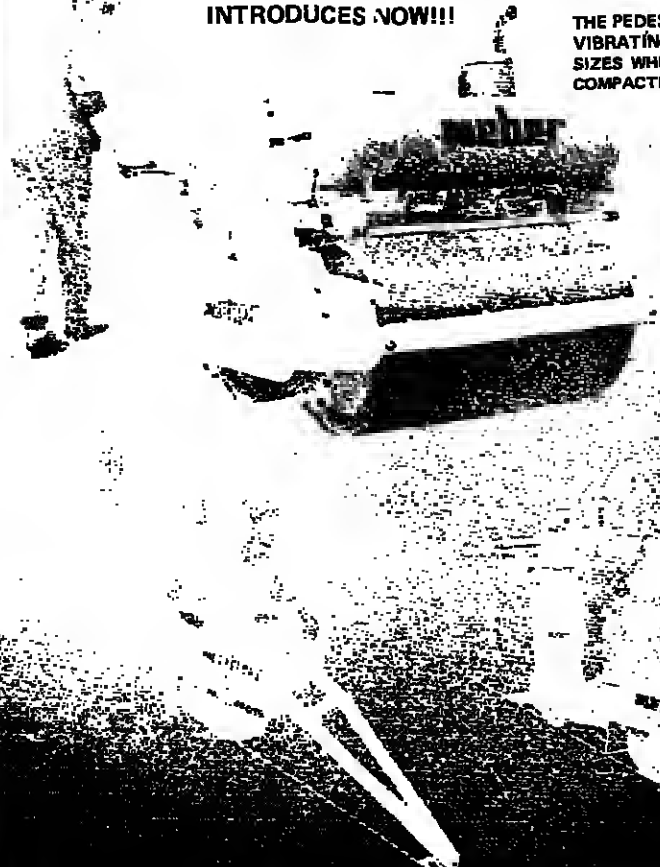
Weber

THE PRIDE OF GERMAN INDUSTRY IN THE
 VIBRATION FIELD HAS INTRODUCED A WIDE RANGE
 OF WEBER MACHINERY BEFORE.

INTRODUCES NOW!!!

THE PEDESTRIAN CONTROLLED
 VIBRATING ROLLER IN TWO
 SIZES WHICH GIVES 40CM DEEP
 COMPACTION

ASPHALT &
 CONCRETE CUTTER
 IN THREE SIZES
 HYDRAULIC, SEMI-
 MANUAL WHICH
 FULFILLS ALL
 REQUIRED NEEDS



ALL SPARE PARTS ARE AVAILABLE AT THE EXCLUSIVE AGENT FOR
 THE WESTERN PROVINCE SHOWROOM

adc

AL DAKHEEL CORP & Co.

JEDDAH - RIYADH - DHAHRAN - DAMMAM - JUBAIL

ABU DIYAB RENT A CAR



JEDDAH-TEL. 6716787-6717477-6718646
RIYADH-TEL. 4762575-4762316-4768092

حرب يابون

أول صحيفة سعودية يومية تصدر باللغة الإنجليزية

Shalwa Bazaar Sale

Bring coupons for
Big Savings, Big Discounts
LIVING ROOM, DINING ROOM, & BEDROOM FURNITURE

SHALWA - RIYADH
P.O. BOX 3780
TEL. 454-4608 / 454-4612
NORTH OLAYA ROAD
RIYADH, SAUDI ARABIA



SHALWA - ALKHOBAR
BANDAR ST. CORNER 9TH ST.
AL KHOBAR

CLIP DISCOUNT COUPONS FROM LEADING NEWSPAPERS

PAGE 16

International

Ready for arms talks

'Hands off Poland', Gromyko tells Haig

GENEVA, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko Wednesday said he warned the United States to stop "interference" in Polish internal affairs during his day-long meeting Tuesday with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig.

Gromyko, in an airport statement before leaving for East Germany, said Haig had "touched upon" the question of Poland but that the Soviet Union would not discuss Polish internal affairs with anyone "and that includes the United States of America."

Haig told a press conference Tuesday that his talks with the veteran Soviet foreign minister were held under "a long and dark shadow" cast by the Polish crisis. Although Gromyko said prior to the meeting and again Wednesday that the Soviet Union would not discuss Poland, Haig said there had been a "two-sided discussion" of the issue.

Gromyko later arrived in Berlin where he will have talks with the East German chief of state Erich Honecker. Observers believe the discussions will center on Poland, U.S. sanctions, and the continuation of East-West dialogue following Tuesday's Haig-Gromyko meeting. Honecker and Gromyko are also expected to discuss relations between East and West Germany.

Gromyko also told reporters at Geneva

airport that the Soviet Union was ready for negotiations to limit strategic nuclear weapons although the United States, he said, was "found to be unprepared." Linking the negotiations to an easing of the Polish crisis, Haig said Tuesday Washington would be ready to open the talks "when conditions permit."

The Soviet foreign minister said the talks Tuesday dealt with a broad range of questions, including the Middle East, a topic that was not mentioned by Haig. Gromyko said the talks included discussion of current negotiations on limiting medium-range missiles in Europe but disclosed that the United States and the Soviet Union remained in disagreement on "principle."

This apparently was a reference to the fact that the two sides are at odds on what kinds of weapons to include in the negotiations. Gromyko appeared friendly as he met reporters at the airport. When, after he had read a prepared statement, he was asked if the world was in a new cold war, he replied, "not all is lost yet."

In a strongly worded statement on Poland, Gromyko said: "It was resolutely declared by the Soviet side that the United States must end all interference in the domestic affairs of Poland, which it had been carrying out in various forms for a lengthy period of time."

'Bear' spies on latest U.S. carrier

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27 (AFP) — Two Soviet reconnaissance planes penetrated far into U.S. air defense zones Tuesday and got a close look at the latest American nuclear aircraft carrier, the Pentagon announced.

U.S. military sources said such flights, which are not rare, were usually made on trips between Cuba and the Soviet Union. But this appeared to be the first one designed specially to spy on American naval units. Flying at an altitude of 510 meters, the TU-95 "Bear" bombers, as the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) calls them, came less than two kms from the 93,000-ton aircraft carrier *Vinson* which was being put through its paces 67 kms off the Virginia coast.

They were intercepted by U.S. Navy and Air Force aviation which put them under surveillance until they returned to Cuba, where they had started from in the morning, the Pentagon said. Defense Department sources said the Soviet mission aimed to study the latest U.S. aircraft carrier at close range. *Vinson*, the fourth-largest nuclear aircraft carrier, left the Newport naval shipyards in Virginia Sunday for four days of sea trials before being commissioned late next month or early in March.

Man sentenced to two years with mother

CHICAGO, Jan. 27 (AP) — A 51-year-old man has been sentenced to spend two years with his mother, and he can leave home only to take her to church or to go to the store. If his mother is unable to accompany him, he can go shopping for her only if one of his brothers is with him. His two brothers are Chicago policemen.

Perry Cochran, unmarried and unemployed, was placed under "home confinement" and in the custody of his 73-year-old mother Monday by Judge Dwight McKay of circuit court. She lives in Robbins, a suburb south of Chicago.

The judge threatened to imprison Cochran, who was convicted of stealing two portable radios last May, if he fails to abide by the sentence.

The judge said Cochran's criminal record dates to 1947. "I can't understand why this man has not been to the penitentiary before," he said. "Al Capone didn't have as many entries on his record as this fellow."

One of Cochran's crimes was violent, although he has spent up to 60 days in the country jail, the judge said.

When McKay said he was sentencing the defendant to two years, Mrs. Jessner Cochran started to protest. Then she heard her son was sentenced to two years of home confinement. She asked if he could go to the store and church. "He can go to church if you take him right there and directly back," the judge told her. "But nobody in Robbins is to be bothered by him. He can shovel the sidewalk, but he can't leave the parkway. And if you're not going to cooperate, I'm going to send him to the penitentiary. If you want him to go shopping for you, one of his brothers must be along."

From page one

not think that the meeting Monday will affect the pricing situation within OPEC or OIAPEC. He indicated there are no differences of opinion over prices or production between the GCC and the rest of OPEC or OIAPEC.

GCC General Secretary Abdullah Bisharah said that the oil ministers conference will seek to coordinate efforts with regard to production, petrochemical industries, marketing and seeking energy alternatives.

In flood disaster

Over 600 dead in Peru; 5,000 reported missing

LIMA, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Over 600 persons died and some 5,000 are missing in a tide of mud that swept through the eastern Andes towns of Uchiz and San Pedro de Chonta, burying 17 neighboring villages, authoritative reports said Wednesday.

Latest reports said that torrential rains had caused a lake at 3,500 meters on the eastern slopes of the Andes some 600 kms northeast of here to overflow. The tide of mud and rainwater churned into the Chontayacu River, one of the most remote headwaters of the Amazon, transforming it into a raging torrent which swept through the entire Tocache Valley.

The remoteness of the stricken region was hampering information here in Lima. Interior Minister Jose Galgardi had said there had been seven deaths and 900 homeless a few hours earlier. Torrential rains have caused dangerous flooding in other Andean regions in Peru.

A mudslide in the high Andes city of Cuzco dammed up the Huatanay River, which runs through the city, forming a back-up reservoir

which threatened to flood many neighborhoods. Civil defense workers evacuated 50,000 persons from their homes over the weekend, but on Monday engineers reported they were releasing the dammed-up water in a controlled way to prevent downstream flooding.

The official news agency Andina reported Tuesday night that the flood waters tore through the city of Uchiza, continued down the Chontayacu Valley to where the river joins the Huallaga River, a major tributary of the Amazon, the agency reported. Uchiza, with a population of more than 2,500, is in the high jungle 650 kms northeast of Lima.

As a consequence of this disaster, hundreds of inhabitants of these (17) settlements, which have an estimated total population of 5,000 persons, as well as another 600 who live below Uchiza have been given up as missing," the news agency said. Andina, which was the first news organization to report directly from the zone, said its damage and casualty figures were based on a survey along the lower part of the valley.

Indian train collision kills 70

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Seventy persons were killed and several others injured Wednesday when a Delhi-bound passenger express crashed head-on into a goods train in thick fog on the outskirts of the northern city of Agra. Twenty of the injured were serious.

The Press Trust of India (PTI) reported from Agra that rescue workers had recovered 57 bodies. It said the drivers of both trains were among those killed. In the first 11 months of last year, 535 persons were killed in India in rail accidents, according to government figures. The worst was last June when a train plunged into a river in the north-

ern Bihar state killing at least 270 persons.

According to reports, the freight train pulled out of a switching yard in thick fog onto the main line into the path of the oncoming express at a time when power failure had knocked out the regular signal system and kerosene lamp signals were being used, a government railway official was quoted as saying. Ten of the 14 coaches of the express, nearing the end of its journey of two nights and one day from Hyderabad, southern India left the tracks, three of them overturning, the report said.

Those injured were taken to hospitals at Agra. Railway Minister P.C. Sethi and other top officials rushed to the scene of the crash.

Polish minister protests martial law restrictions

WARSAW, Jan. 27 (Agencies) — Polish Justice Minister Sylwester Zawadzki has tried unsuccessfully to resign in protest against attempts by the martial law authorities to impose orders on courts, well-informed sources said Wednesday.

The sources said the minister had complained about specific instructions calling for the courts trying offenders under summary justice procedures to give the sentences demanded by state prosecutors. The minister submitted his resignation to Gen. Henryk Koszrzewski, the military commissar at the justice ministry who has been in effective control there since the imposition of martial law, but it was not accepted, the sources said.

The Warsaw courts have been particularly

Marches banned in Coventry

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — Home Secretary William Whitelaw Wednesday banned all political marches in the industrial city of Coventry in the English Midlands this weekend amid fears they would spark violent clashes between IRA supporters and opponents.

The move, announced by the home office, followed warnings by Sir Philip Knights, chief constable of the West Midlands Police, that he believed a march planned by Sinn Fein, political wing of the Irish Republican Army, and extreme right-wing British organizations would trigger trouble. Sinn Fein said its march was planned to mark the 10th anniversary of "Bloody Sunday" in Londonderry, strife-torn Northern Ireland's second city, when British paratroopers opened fire Jan. 30, 1972, on a march by Roman Catholic civil rights campaigners, killing 13 persons.

Whitelaw said that normally he would have allowed Sinn Fein to march, but he feared planned counter demonstrations by the ultra-rightist National Front and the New National Front would cause trouble. Marches were last banned in Coventry last summer during widespread racial violence. A Sinn Fein march commemorating Bloody Sunday in nearby Birmingham last year touched off

clashes with British rightwingers.

The outlawed IRA is fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland and unite the province with the neighboring Irish Republic to end 60 years of partition.

Operation done before baby birth

BRUSSELS, Jan. 27 (AFP) — A baby boy born last weekend underwent a successful kidney operation two weeks before his birth, doctors at the Bavaria Hospital in Liege, 100 kms west of here, reported Wednesday.

A deformation was first noticed in the foetus' kidney area in the sixth month of the mother's pregnancy during an ultrasonic ecograph examination by her gynecologist.

A team of doctors at the Liege Hospital, led by Dr. Jean-Pierre Schaabs decided on the operation which, they said, was a world first. Using ultrasonic material, they slid a drain into the cyst through the mother's abdominal wall, the embryo sac and the baby's skin, which allowed the urine to flow freely into the amniotic fluid and thus dry the growth.

Ripper, Reagan are 'most hated'

LONDON, Jan. 27 (AP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan edged out the Yorkshire Ripper mass murderer as the world's second most hated or feared person in the annual poll of visitors to Madame Tussaud's wax museum in London.

The U.S. president finished behind Nazi leader Adolf Hitler, the museum said Wednesday. Peter Sutcliffe, who murdered 13 women in Northern England, was third, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher was fourth and Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev was fifth.

Madame Tussaud's handed out questionnaires to 300 visitors during the third week of December. The visitors were asked to

Ontario radiation hits 12

ONTARIO, Jan. 27 (AP) — Mild radioactive contamination has been detected off 12 workers at the R.E. Ginna Nuclear Plant since a rupture caused a radiation leak, officials confirmed Wednesday.

The plant was brought to a "cold shutdown" Tuesday, and a utility spokesman said officials hope to get their first look at any damage inside the steam generator Saturday. None of the contaminated workers required hospitalization, Rochester Gas and Electric Co. spokesman Richard Peck said. He said contamination was found Tuesday on the clothing of seven workers.

name their favorite heroes or villains regardless of whether they were among the waxwork figures in the museum.

For the second straight year, Mrs. Thatcher finished first as the most popular politician despite her high rating in the villain-category.



GLOBAL WEATHER

	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
C	F	C	F	C	F
Amsterdam	1	24	5	41	cloudy
Athens	1	43	12	54	clear
Bahrain	17	63	22	72	cloudy
Bangkok	20	68	30	86	clear
Beirut	12	53	19	66	cloudy
Berlin	3	37	5	41	cloudy
Brussels	-3	27	4	39	rain
Buenos Aires	22	72	35	95	clear
Cairo	11	52	17	63	clear
Caracas	15	59	27	81	cloudy
Chicago	-25	-13	-11	13	cloudy
Copenhagen	1	34	3	37	rain
Dublin	1	30	8	46	clear
Frankfurt	-2	36	3	37	rain
Geneva	-3	27	3	37	cloudy
Helsinki	-13	9	-7	19	clear
Hong Kong	16	61	19	66	clear
Jakarta	23	73	30	86	cloudy
Kuala Lumpur	22	72	33	91	clear
London	4	39	05	41	cloudy
Los Angeles	9	49	18	65	cloudy
Madrid	3	37	15	59	clear
Manila	20	68	29	84	clear
Mexico City	7	45	20	68	clear
Miami	16	61	22	72	clear
Montreal	-27	-17	-15	5	clear
Moscow	-4	25	-2	28	cloudy
New Delhi	8	46	17	63	cloudy
New York	-9	17	-3	27	cloudy
Nicosia	5	41	18	64	rain
Oso	-11	12	-1	30	clear
Paris	2	36	7	45	rain
Rome	0	32	12	54	clear
San Francisco	10	50	12	54	rain
Seoul	-3	27	5	41	clear
Singapore	23	73	31	88	clear
Stockholm	-3	27	0	32	snow
Sydney	21	70	23	73	cloudy
Taipei	11	52	15	59	cloudy
Tokyo	4	39	9	48	clear
Toronto	-17	-1	-8	18	clear
Vancouver	6	43	8	46	rain
Vienna	-7	19	-1	30	snow

Good News for overseas Pakistanis!

Effective March 1982

Duty Free Shops in Pakistan are expanding their facilities to offer overseas Pakistanis a complete range of international brand of appliances: Televisions, Deep Freezers, Refrigerators, Music Centres, Stereos, Cassette Recorders, Air Conditioners, Washing Machines, etc., all under one roof.

At your convenience
At better prices

Come home to a better bargain.



DFS

DUTY FREE SHOPS LTD.

24, Amir Khusro Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
Tel. 430224 Telex DFSL 2832 PIAC PK (Attn. HY)

هكذا من الاجل